

Package ‘ggmlR’

May 8, 2026

Type Package

Title 'GGML' Tensor Operations for Machine Learning

Version 0.7.6

Description Provides 'R' bindings to the 'GGML' tensor library for machine learning, optimized for 'Vulkan' GPU acceleration with a transparent CPU fallback. The package features a 'Keras'-like sequential API and a 'PyTorch'-style 'autograd' engine for building, training, and deploying neural networks. Key capabilities include high-performance 5D tensor operations, 'f16' precision, and efficient quantization. It supports native 'ONNX' model import (50+ operators) and 'GGUF' weight loading from the 'llama.cpp' and 'Hugging Face' ecosystems. Designed for zero-overhead inference via dedicated weight buffering, it integrates seamlessly as a 'parsnip' engine for 'tidymodels' and provides first-class learners for the 'mlr3' framework. See <<https://github.com/ggml-org/ggml>> for more information about the underlying library.

Depends R (>= 4.1.0)

Imports generics, R6

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URL <https://github.com/Zabis13/ggmlR>

BugReports <https://github.com/Zabis13/ggmlR/issues>

Encoding UTF-8

SystemRequirements C++17, GNU make, libvulkan-dev, glslc (optional, for GPU on Linux), 'Vulkan' 'SDK' (optional, for GPU on Windows)

Suggests testthat (>= 3.0.0), mlr3 (>= 0.21.0), paradox, digest, parsnip, tibble, rlang, dials, lgr, knitr, rmarkdown

VignetteBuilder knitr, rmarkdown

RoxygenNote 7.3.3

Config/testthat/edition 3

Config/build/clean-inst-doc false

NeedsCompilation yes

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Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2026-04-22 15:10:02 UTC

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ag_add	<i>Element-wise addition with broadcasting</i>
--------	--

Description

Computes $A + B$. If B is $[m, 1]$ and A is $[m, n]$, B is broadcast across columns (useful for bias vectors).

Usage

```
ag_add(A, B)
```

Arguments

A	ag_tensor or numeric matrix
B	ag_tensor or numeric matrix (may be $[m, 1]$ or $[1, n]$ for broadcasting)

Value

ag_tensor

ag_batch_norm	<i>Create a Batch Normalisation layer</i>
---------------	---

Description

Normalises each feature (row) over the batch dimension. Learnable scale gamma $[F,1]$ and shift beta $[F,1]$.

Usage

```
ag_batch_norm(num_features, eps = 1e-05, momentum = 0.1)
```

Arguments

num_features	Number of features (rows of input)
eps	Numerical stability constant (default 1e-5)
momentum	Running-stats momentum (default 0.1)

Details

Training mode: use batch statistics; update running mean/var. **Eval mode:** use stored running statistics.

Value

An `ag_batch_norm` environment

Examples

```
bn <- ag_batch_norm(16L)
x <- ag_tensor(matrix(rnorm(16 * 32), 16, 32))
out <- bn$forward(x)
```

ag_clamp

Element-wise clamp

Description

Clamps values to $[lo, hi]$. Gradient is 1 inside the interval, 0 at the boundary (straight-through estimator).

Usage

```
ag_clamp(x, lo = -Inf, hi = Inf)
```

Arguments

x	ag_tensor
lo	Lower bound (default $-\text{Inf}$)
hi	Upper bound (default Inf)

Value

ag_tensor

ag_cross_entropy_loss *Categorical Cross-Entropy loss*

Description

Generic CE: $-\text{sum}(\text{target} * \log(\text{pred})) / \text{batch_size}$. The gradient w.r.t. `pred` is $-\text{target} / \text{pred} / n$. Use `ag_softmax_cross_entropy_loss()` for the numerically stable combined softmax + CE (fused gradient $(p - y) / n$).

Usage

```
ag_cross_entropy_loss(pred, target)
```

Arguments

pred ag_tensor [classes, batch_size] probabilities (any, not just softmax)
 target matrix [classes, batch_size] one-hot (or soft) labels

Value

scalar ag_tensor

ag_dataloader *Create a mini-batch data loader*

Description

Returns an iterator environment. Each call to `$next_batch()` returns a named list `list(x, y)` with `ag_tensor` objects of shape `[features, batch_size] / [labels, batch_size]`. After the last batch, `$has_next()` returns `FALSE`; call `$reset()` (or start a new epoch via `$epoch()`) to reshuffle and restart.

Usage

```
ag_dataloader(x, y = NULL, batch_size = 32L, shuffle = TRUE, col_major = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x Feature matrix [features, n_samples] or [n_samples, features] — see `col_major`.
 y Label matrix with the same convention.
 batch_size Integer batch size.
 shuffle Logical; if `TRUE` (default) shuffle at each `reset()`.
 col_major Logical; if `TRUE` (default) x and y are already [features, n] (ggml/ag convention). Set `FALSE` for row-major [n, features] (R/Keras convention) — they will be transposed automatically.

Value

An `ag_dataloader` environment

Examples

```
n <- 128L
x <- matrix(runif(4 * n), 4, n) # [4, 128] col-major
y <- matrix(runif(2 * n), 2, n)
dl <- ag_dataloader(x, y, batch_size = 32L)
dl$reset()
while (dl$has_next()) {
  batch <- dl$next_batch()
```

```
# batch$x: [4, 32], batch$y: [2, 32]  
}
```

ag_default_device *Return the current default compute device*

Description

Return the current default compute device

Usage

```
ag_default_device()
```

Value

"cpu" or "gpu"

ag_default_dtype *Return the current default dtype for GPU operations*

Description

Return the current default dtype for GPU operations

Usage

```
ag_default_dtype()
```

Value

"f32", "f16", or "bf16"

ag_device	<i>Set the default compute device for ag_* operations</i>
-----------	---

Description

Switches all subsequent ag_tensor / ag_param operations to run on the specified device. Calling ag_device("gpu") initialises the best available ggml backend (Vulkan, Metal, CUDA, or CPU fallback) the first time it is called.

Usage

```
ag_device(device)
```

Arguments

device	"cpu" (default) or "gpu"
--------	--------------------------

Value

Invisibly the previous device string

ag_dropout	<i>Create a Dropout layer</i>
------------	-------------------------------

Description

In training mode applies inverted dropout (random Bernoulli mask, scale by $1/(1-\text{rate})$ to preserve expected values). In eval mode is identity.

Usage

```
ag_dropout(rate)
```

Arguments

rate	Drop probability in [0, 1)
------	----------------------------

Value

An ag_dropout environment

Examples

```
drop <- ag_dropout(0.5)
x <- ag_tensor(matrix(runif(8), 4, 2))
out <- drop$forward(x) # training mode by default
ag_eval(drop)
out2 <- drop$forward(x) # identity
```

ag_dtype	<i>Set the default floating-point precision for ag_* GPU operations</i>
----------	---

Description

Controls the dtype used when uploading tensors to the ggml backend. "bf16" halves memory usage vs "f32" with minimal accuracy loss. Backward pass always uses f32 R matrices regardless of this setting.

Usage

```
ag_dtype(dtype)
```

Arguments

dtype	"f32" (default), "f16", or "bf16"
-------	-----------------------------------

Value

Invisibly the previous dtype string

ag_embedding	<i>Create an Embedding layer</i>
--------------	----------------------------------

Description

Maps 0-based integer indices to dense vectors via table lookup. Input: integer matrix or vector of 0-based indices. Output: float tensor [dim, length(idx)].

Usage

```
ag_embedding(vocab_size, dim)
```

Arguments

vocab_size	Vocabulary size
dim	Embedding dimension

Details

Backward: scatter-add — only the looked-up rows accumulate gradient.

Value

An ag_embedding environment

Examples

```
emb <- ag_embedding(100L, 16L)
idx <- c(0L, 3L, 7L, 2L)
out <- emb$forward(idx) # [16, 4]
```

ag_eval	<i>Switch a layer or sequential model to eval mode</i>
---------	--

Description

Switch a layer or sequential model to eval mode

Usage

```
ag_eval(model)
```

Arguments

model An ag_sequential, ag_batch_norm, or ag_dropout layer

Value

The model/layer (invisibly)

ag_exp	<i>Element-wise exponential</i>
--------	---------------------------------

Description

Element-wise exponential

Usage

```
ag_exp(x)
```

Arguments

x ag_tensor

Value

ag_tensor

ag_gradcheck	<i>Numerical gradient check (like torch.autograd.gradcheck)</i>
--------------	---

Description

Compares analytical gradients (from backward()) with finite-difference numerical gradients for all input tensors with requires_grad = TRUE.

Usage

```
ag_gradcheck(
  fn,
  inputs,
  eps = 1e-05,
  atol = 1e-04,
  verbose = FALSE,
  quiet = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

fn	A function that takes a list of ag_tensor inputs and returns a scalar ag_tensor loss (must be used inside with_grad_tape).
inputs	Named list of ag_tensor objects. Only those with requires_grad = TRUE are checked.
eps	Finite-difference step size (default 1e-5).
atol	Absolute tolerance for pass/fail (default 1e-4).
verbose	Print per-element comparison (default FALSE).
quiet	Suppress per-parameter and overall status lines (default FALSE). Useful when calling from testthat tests to keep output clean.

Value

Invisibly TRUE if all gradients match, FALSE otherwise. When quiet = FALSE (default), prints a summary report.

Examples

```
W <- ag_param(matrix(runif(6), 2, 3))
x <- ag_tensor(matrix(runif(3), 3, 1))
ag_gradcheck(
  fn = function(ins) ag_mse_loss(ag_relu(ag_matmul(ins$W, ins$x)),
                                matrix(0, 2, 1)),
  inputs = list(W = W, x = x)
)
```

ag_linear *Create a dense layer with learnable parameters*

Description

Returns a closure-based layer. Because ag_param uses environment semantics, the optimizer updates W and b in-place, and forward() always uses the latest weights.

Usage

```
ag_linear(in_features, out_features, activation = NULL)
```

Arguments

in_features	Input dimension
out_features	Output dimension
activation	"relu", "sigmoid", "tanh", "softmax", or NULL

Value

List with W, b, forward(x), params()

Examples

```
layer <- ag_linear(4L, 8L, activation = "relu")
x      <- ag_tensor(matrix(runif(4 * 16), 4, 16))
out    <- layer$forward(x)
```

ag_log *Element-wise natural logarithm*

Description

Element-wise natural logarithm

Usage

```
ag_log(x)
```

Arguments

x	ag_tensor
---	-----------

Value

ag_tensor

ag_matmul	<i>Matrix multiplication</i>
-----------	------------------------------

Description

Computes $A \%* \% B$ and records the operation on the gradient tape.

Usage

```
ag_matmul(A, B)
```

Arguments

A	ag_tensor or numeric matrix of shape [m, k]
B	ag_tensor or numeric matrix of shape [k, n]

Value

ag_tensor of shape [m, n]

ag_mean	<i>Mean of elements (or along a dim)</i>
---------	--

Description

Mean of elements (or along a dim)

Usage

```
ag_mean(x, dim = NULL, keepdim = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	ag_tensor
dim	NULL (all), 1 (row-wise), or 2 (col-wise)
keepdim	Logical

Value

ag_tensor

ag_mse_loss	<i>Mean Squared Error loss</i>
-------------	--------------------------------

Description

Mean Squared Error loss

Usage

```
ag_mse_loss(pred, target)
```

Arguments

pred	ag_tensor [units, batch_size]
target	ag_tensor or matrix [units, batch_size]

Value

scalar ag_tensor

ag_mul	<i>Element-wise multiplication</i>
--------	------------------------------------

Description

Element-wise multiplication

Usage

```
ag_mul(A, B)
```

Arguments

A	ag_tensor or numeric matrix
B	ag_tensor or numeric matrix

Value

ag_tensor

 ag_multihead_attention

Create a Multi-Head Attention layer

Description

Implements scaled dot-product multi-head attention as in "Attention Is All You Need" (Vaswani et al., 2017).

Usage

```
ag_multihead_attention(d_model, n_heads, dropout = 0, bias = TRUE)
```

Arguments

d_model	Model (embedding) dimension
n_heads	Number of attention heads. d_model must be divisible by n_heads.
dropout	Attention dropout probability (default 0, applied in training mode only)
bias	Logical: add bias to output projection (default TRUE)

Details

Calling convention (mirrors PyTorch nn.MultiheadAttention):

- layer\$forward(q) — self-attention (k = v = q)
- layer\$forward(q, k, v) — cross-attention

Tensor layout: [d_model, seq_len] — columns are tokens, consistent with the rest of the ag_* API.

Forward pass:

```
Q = W_q %*% q           [d_k * n_heads, seq_len]
K = W_k %*% k           [d_k * n_heads, seq_len]
V = W_v %*% v           [d_v * n_heads, seq_len]
```

for each head h:

```
q_h = Q[h*d_k+1 : (h+1)*d_k, ]   [d_k, seq_len]
k_h = K[h*d_k+1 : (h+1)*d_k, ]   [d_k, seq_len]
v_h = V[h*d_v+1 : (h+1)*d_v, ]   [d_v, seq_len]
A_h = softmax(t(q_h) %*% k_h / sqrt(d_k)) [seq_len, seq_len]
if causal_mask: A_h[i,j] = 0 for j > i
head_h = v_h %*% A_h             [d_v, seq_len]
```

```
concat = rbind(head_1, ..., head_H) [d_v*n_heads, seq_len]
out     = W_o %*% concat + b_o      [d_model, seq_len]
```

Value

An `ag_multihead_attention` environment with `$forward(q, k, v, causal_mask)` and `$parameters()`

Examples

```
# Self-attention
mha <- ag_multihead_attention(64L, 8L)
x <- ag_tensor(matrix(rnorm(64 * 10), 64, 10)) # [d_model=64, seq_len=10]
out <- mha$forward(x) # [64, 10]

# Cross-attention
q <- ag_tensor(matrix(rnorm(64 * 10), 64, 10))
kv <- ag_tensor(matrix(rnorm(64 * 15), 64, 15))
out <- mha$forward(q, kv, kv)

# Causal (GPT-style)
out <- mha$forward(x, causal_mask = TRUE)
```

ag_param

Create a parameter tensor (gradient tracked)

Description

Create a parameter tensor (gradient tracked)

Usage

```
ag_param(
  data,
  device = .ag_device_state$device,
  dtype = .ag_device_state$dtype
)
```

Arguments

data	Numeric matrix or vector
device	"cpu" (default) or "gpu"
dtype	Floating-point precision: "f32" (default), "f16", or "bf16". Ignored on CPU; controls upload precision on GPU.

Value

An `ag_tensor` with `requires_grad = TRUE`

ag_pow	<i>Element-wise power</i>
--------	---------------------------

Description

Element-wise power

Usage

```
ag_pow(x, p)
```

Arguments

x	ag_tensor
p	Numeric exponent (scalar, not tracked for gradients)

Value

ag_tensor

ag_relu	<i>ReLU activation</i>
---------	------------------------

Description

Applies the rectified linear unit: $\max(0, x)$.

Usage

```
ag_relu(x)
```

Arguments

x	ag_tensor
---	-----------

Value

ag_tensor

ag_reshape	<i>Reshape tensor</i>
------------	-----------------------

Description

Reshape tensor

Usage

```
ag_reshape(x, nrow, ncol)
```

Arguments

x	ag_tensor
nrow	New number of rows (use -1 to infer)
ncol	New number of columns (use -1 to infer)

Value

ag_tensor with new shape, same data

ag_scale	<i>Scale tensor by a scalar constant</i>
----------	--

Description

Scale tensor by a scalar constant

Usage

```
ag_scale(x, scalar)
```

Arguments

x	ag_tensor
scalar	Numeric scalar (not tracked for gradients)

Value

ag_tensor

ag_sequential	<i>Create a sequential container of layers</i>
---------------	--

Description

Chains layers so that `forward(x)` passes `x` through each layer in order. `parameters()` collects all trainable params from all layers. `ag_train()` / `ag_eval()` propagate mode to stateful sub-layers.

Usage

```
ag_sequential(...)
```

Arguments

... Layer objects (`ag_linear`, `ag_dropout`, `ag_batch_norm`, `ag_embedding`) or a single list of layers.

Value

An `ag_sequential` environment

Examples

```
model <- ag_sequential(  
  ag_linear(4L, 16L, activation = "relu"),  
  ag_dropout(0.5),  
  ag_linear(16L, 2L, activation = "softmax")  
)  
x <- ag_tensor(matrix(runif(4 * 8), 4, 8))  
out <- model$forward(x)
```

ag_sigmoid	<i>Sigmoid activation</i>
------------	---------------------------

Description

Applies $1/(1 + e^{-x})$.

Usage

```
ag_sigmoid(x)
```

Arguments

x `ag_tensor`

Value

ag_tensor

ag_softmax	<i>Softmax activation (column-wise)</i>
------------	---

Description

Applies numerically stable softmax along rows so that each column (one sample) sums to 1.

Usage

ag_softmax(x)

Arguments

x	ag_tensor of shape [classes, batch_size]
---	--

Value

ag_tensor of the same shape as x

ag_softmax_cross_entropy_loss	<i>Fused softmax + cross-entropy loss (numerically stable)</i>
-------------------------------	--

Description

Combines softmax and CE in one op using the fused gradient $(p - y) / n$. More numerically stable than chaining ag_softmax + ag_cross_entropy_loss. Use this when your last layer outputs raw logits.

Usage

ag_softmax_cross_entropy_loss(logits, target)

Arguments

logits	ag_tensor [classes, batch_size] raw (pre-softmax) scores
target	matrix [classes, batch_size] one-hot labels

Value

scalar ag_tensor

ag_sub	<i>Element-wise subtraction</i>
--------	---------------------------------

Description

Element-wise subtraction

Usage

```
ag_sub(A, B)
```

Arguments

A	ag_tensor or numeric matrix
B	ag_tensor or numeric matrix

Value

ag_tensor

ag_sum	<i>Sum all elements (or along a dim): out = sum(x)</i>
--------	--

Description

Sum all elements (or along a dim): out = sum(x)

Usage

```
ag_sum(x, dim = NULL, keepdim = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	ag_tensor
dim	NULL (all), 1 (row-wise), or 2 (col-wise)
keepdim	Logical: keep size-1 dimensions

Value

scalar (or reduced) ag_tensor

ag_tanh	<i>Tanh activation</i>
---------	------------------------

Description

Tanh activation

Usage

```
ag_tanh(x)
```

Arguments

x	ag_tensor
---	-----------

Value

ag_tensor

ag_tensor	<i>Create a dynamic tensor (no gradient tracking)</i>
-----------	---

Description

ag_tensor is backed by an R environment so all references to the same tensor see updates (like PyTorch tensors).

Usage

```
ag_tensor(
  data,
  device = .ag_device_state$device,
  dtype = .ag_device_state$dtype
)
```

Arguments

data	Numeric matrix or vector
device	"cpu" (default) or "gpu". When "gpu", compute operations will be dispatched to the ggml backend.
dtype	Floating-point precision: "f32" (default), "f16", or "bf16". Ignored on CPU; controls upload precision on GPU.

Value

An ag_tensor object (environment)

ag_to_device	<i>Move a tensor to the specified device</i>
--------------	--

Description

Copies an ag_tensor to the target device, returning a new tensor. The original tensor is not modified.

Usage

```
ag_to_device(tensor, device)
```

Arguments

tensor	An ag_tensor
device	"cpu" or "gpu"

Value

A new ag_tensor on the target device (or the original if already on the target device)

ag_train	<i>Switch a layer or sequential model to training mode</i>
----------	--

Description

Switch a layer or sequential model to training mode

Usage

```
ag_train(model)
```

Arguments

model	An ag_sequential, ag_batch_norm, or ag_dropout layer
-------	--

Value

The model/layer (invisibly)

ag_transpose	<i>Transpose a tensor</i>
--------------	---------------------------

Description

Transpose a tensor

Usage

```
ag_transpose(x)
```

Arguments

x	ag_tensor
---	-----------

Value

ag_tensor with rows and columns swapped

backward	<i>Run backward pass from a scalar loss tensor</i>
----------	--

Description

Traverses the gradient tape in reverse and accumulates gradients into tensor\$grad for all leaf tensors with requires_grad = TRUE.

Usage

```
backward(loss)
```

Arguments

loss	Scalar ag_tensor
------	------------------

Value

Named environment: tensor id -> gradient matrix (for use by optimizer\$step)

Examples

```
w <- ag_param(matrix(runif(4), 2, 2))
x <- ag_tensor(matrix(c(1, 2), 2, 1))
y <- ag_tensor(matrix(c(0, 1), 2, 1))
with_grad_tape({
  out <- ag_matmul(w, x)
  loss <- ag_mse_loss(out, y)
})
grads <- backward(loss)
```

clip_grad_norm

Clip gradients by global L2 norm

Description

Rescales all gradients in grads so that their global L2 norm does not exceed max_norm. Modifies the grads environment in-place and returns the pre-clip norm.

Usage

```
clip_grad_norm(params, grads, max_norm)
```

Arguments

params	Named list of ag_param tensors (same as passed to optimizer).
grads	Gradient environment returned by backward().
max_norm	Maximum allowed global L2 norm.

Details

Call this **after** backward() and **before** optimizer\$step().

Value

Numeric: the global L2 norm before clipping (invisibly).

Examples

```
w <- ag_param(matrix(runif(4), 2, 2))
x <- ag_tensor(matrix(c(1, 1), 2, 1))
with_grad_tape({
  out <- ag_matmul(w, x)
  loss <- ag_mse_loss(out, matrix(0, 2, 1))
})
grads <- backward(loss)
clip_grad_norm(list(w = w), grads, max_norm = 1.0)
```

```
compile.ggml_sequential_model
      Compile a Model
```

Description

Configures the model for training by setting the optimizer, loss function, and metrics. This is the keras-compatible interface; it delegates to [ggml_compile](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ggml_sequential_model'
compile(
  object,
  optimizer = "adam",
  loss = "categorical_crossentropy",
  metrics = c("accuracy"),
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'ggml_functional_model'
compile(
  object,
  optimizer = "adam",
  loss = "categorical_crossentropy",
  metrics = c("accuracy"),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	A model object (e.g. <code>ggml_sequential_model</code> or <code>ggml_functional_model</code>).
optimizer	Character: "adam", "adamw", or "sgd".
loss	Character: "categorical_crossentropy" or "mse".
metrics	Character vector of metrics (default "accuracy").
...	Additional arguments passed to ggml_compile .

Value

The compiled model (invisibly).

Examples

```
model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_dense(10, activation = "softmax", input_shape = 4)
model <- compile(model, optimizer = "adam",
```

```
loss = "categorical_crossentropy")
```

```
dequantize_row_iq2_xxs
```

Dequantize Row (IQ)

Description

Converts IQ (integer quantization) data back to float values. IQ formats provide high compression with importance-matrix-aware quantization.

Usage

```
dequantize_row_iq2_xxs(raw_data, n_elements)
```

```
dequantize_row_iq2_xs(raw_data, n_elements)
```

```
dequantize_row_iq2_s(raw_data, n_elements)
```

```
dequantize_row_iq3_xxs(raw_data, n_elements)
```

```
dequantize_row_iq3_s(raw_data, n_elements)
```

```
dequantize_row_iq4_nl(raw_data, n_elements)
```

```
dequantize_row_iq4_xs(raw_data, n_elements)
```

```
dequantize_row_iq1_s(raw_data, n_elements)
```

```
dequantize_row_iq1_m(raw_data, n_elements)
```

Arguments

<code>raw_data</code>	Raw vector containing quantized data
<code>n_elements</code>	Number of elements to dequantize

Value

Numeric vector of dequantized values

See Also

Other quantization: [dequantize_row_mxfp4\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q2_K\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q4_0\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_tq1_0\(\)](#), [ggml_quant_block_info\(\)](#), [iq2xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq2xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [quantize_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [quantize_mxfp4\(\)](#), [quantize_q2_K\(\)](#), [quantize_q4_0\(\)](#), [quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_mxfp4_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q2_K_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q4_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_tq1_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_tq1_0\(\)](#)

dequantize_row_mxfp4 *Dequantize Row (MXFP4)*

Description

Converts MXFP4 (microscaling FP4) quantized data back to float values.

Usage

```
dequantize_row_mxfp4(raw_data, n_elements)
```

Arguments

raw_data	Raw vector containing quantized data
n_elements	Number of elements to dequantize

Value

Numeric vector of dequantized values

See Also

Other quantization: [dequantize_row_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q2_K\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q4_0\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_tq1_0\(\)](#), [ggml_quant_block_info\(\)](#), [iq2xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq2xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [quantize_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [quantize_mxfp4\(\)](#), [quantize_q2_K\(\)](#), [quantize_q4_0\(\)](#), [quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_mxfp4_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q2_K_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q4_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_tq1_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_tq1_0\(\)](#)

dequantize_row_q2_K *Dequantize Row (K-quants)*

Description

Converts K-quant quantized data back to float values. K-quants (q2_K through q8_K) provide better quality/size tradeoffs.

Usage

```
dequantize_row_q2_K(raw_data, n_elements)
```

```
dequantize_row_q3_K(raw_data, n_elements)
```

```
dequantize_row_q4_K(raw_data, n_elements)
```

```
dequantize_row_q5_K(raw_data, n_elements)
```

```
dequantize_row_q6_K(raw_data, n_elements)
```

```
dequantize_row_q8_K(raw_data, n_elements)
```

Arguments

raw_data	Raw vector containing quantized data
n_elements	Number of elements to dequantize

Value

Numeric vector of dequantized values

See Also

Other quantization: [dequantize_row_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_mxfp4\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q4_0\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_tq1_0\(\)](#), [ggml_quant_block_info\(\)](#), [iq2xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq2xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [quantize_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [quantize_mxfp4\(\)](#), [quantize_q2_K\(\)](#), [quantize_q4_0\(\)](#), [quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_mxfp4_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q2_K_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q4_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_tq1_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_tq1_0\(\)](#)

dequantize_row_q4_0 *Dequantize Row (Q4_0)*

Description

Converts Q4_0 quantized data back to float values.

Usage

```
dequantize_row_q4_0(raw_data, n_elements)
```

```
dequantize_row_q4_1(raw_data, n_elements)
```

```
dequantize_row_q5_0(raw_data, n_elements)
```

```
dequantize_row_q5_1(raw_data, n_elements)
```

```
dequantize_row_q8_0(raw_data, n_elements)
```

Arguments

raw_data	Raw vector containing quantized data
n_elements	Number of elements to dequantize

Value

Numeric vector of dequantized values

See Also

Other quantization: [dequantize_row_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_mxfp4\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q2_K\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_tq1_0\(\)](#), [ggml_quant_block_info\(\)](#), [iq2xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq2xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [quantize_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [quantize_mxfp4\(\)](#), [quantize_q2_K\(\)](#), [quantize_q4_0\(\)](#), [quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_mxfp4_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q2_K_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q4_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_tq1_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_tq1_0\(\)](#)

dequantize_row_tq1_0 *Dequantize Row (Ternary)*

Description

Converts ternary quantized data back to float values. TQ1_0 and TQ2_0 are extreme compression formats.

Usage

```
dequantize_row_tq1_0(raw_data, n_elements)
```

```
dequantize_row_tq2_0(raw_data, n_elements)
```

Arguments

raw_data	Raw vector containing quantized data
n_elements	Number of elements to dequantize

Value

Numeric vector of dequantized values

See Also

Other quantization: [dequantize_row_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_mxfp4\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q2_K\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q4_0\(\)](#), [ggml_quant_block_info\(\)](#), [iq2xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq2xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [quantize_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [quantize_mxfp4\(\)](#), [quantize_q2_K\(\)](#), [quantize_q4_0\(\)](#), [quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_mxfp4_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q2_K_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q4_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_tq1_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_tq1_0\(\)](#)

dp_train

*Data-parallel training across multiple GPUs***Description**

Runs synchronous data-parallel training:

1. `make_model()` is called `n_gpu` times to create one independent model replica per GPU (each with its own parameters).
2. Each iteration: the current data item is forwarded through every replica in parallel; gradients are computed via `backward()`.
3. Gradients are averaged across all replicas (element-wise mean).
4. One optimizer step is taken on replica 0; updated weights are then broadcast to replicas 1 ... N-1 so all replicas stay in sync.

Usage

```
dp_train(
  make_model,
  data,
  loss_fn = NULL,
  forward_fn = NULL,
  target_fn = NULL,
  n_gpu = NULL,
  n_iter = 10L,
  lr = 0.001,
  max_norm = Inf,
  verbose = 10L
)
```

Arguments

<code>make_model</code>	A zero-argument function that returns a model object with at least <code>\$forward(x)</code> and <code>\$parameters()</code> methods. Called <code>n_gpu</code> times; each call must produce independent parameters.
<code>data</code>	A list of training samples. Each element is passed directly to <code>forward_fn</code> (or to <code>model\$forward()</code> if <code>forward_fn</code> is <code>NULL</code>).
<code>loss_fn</code>	A function <code>(logits, target) -> scalar ag_tensor</code> . If <code>NULL</code> , <code>forward_fn</code> must return the loss directly.
<code>forward_fn</code>	Optional function <code>(model, sample) -> logits</code> . If <code>NULL</code> , the sample is passed directly as <code>model\$forward(sample)</code> .
<code>target_fn</code>	Optional function <code>(sample) -> target</code> . Used when <code>loss_fn</code> is not <code>NULL</code> to extract the target from a sample. If <code>NULL</code> , <code>sample</code> itself is used as the target.
<code>n_gpu</code>	Number of GPU replicas (default: all available Vulkan devices, minimum 1).
<code>n_iter</code>	Number of training iterations (passes over data).

lr	Learning rate for Adam optimizer (default 1e-3).
max_norm	Gradient clipping threshold (default Inf = no clip).
verbose	Print loss every verbose iterations, or FALSE to suppress output.

Details

Because all replicas live in the same R process and `ag_param` uses environment (reference) semantics, no IPC or NCCL is required — weight synchronisation is a simple in-place copy.

Value

A list with:

- `params` Named list of final parameters (from replica 0).
- `loss_history` Numeric vector of per-iteration mean loss.
- `model` Replica 0 model object.

Examples

```
make_model <- function() {
  W <- ag_param(matrix(rnorm(4), 2, 2))
  list(
    forward = function(x) ag_matmul(W, x),
    parameters = function() list(W = W)
  )
}
data <- lapply(1:8, function(i) matrix(rnorm(2), 2, 1))
result <- dp_train(
  make_model = make_model,
  data = data,
  loss_fn = function(out, tgt) ag_mse_loss(out, tgt),
  target_fn = function(s) s,
  n_gpu = 1L,
  n_iter = 10L,
  lr = 1e-3,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

evaluate.ggml_sequential_model

Evaluate a Model

Description

Computes loss and metrics on test data. This is the keras-compatible interface; it delegates to [ggml_evaluate](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ggml_sequential_model'  
evaluate(x, test_x, test_y, batch_size = 32L, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'ggml_functional_model'  
evaluate(x, test_x, test_y, batch_size = 32L, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A trained model object.
test_x	Test data.
test_y	Test labels.
batch_size	Batch size (default 32).
...	Additional arguments passed to ggml_evaluate .

Value

A named list with loss and metric values.

```
fit.ggml_sequential_model  
Train a Model
```

Description

Trains the model on data for a fixed number of epochs. This is the keras-compatible interface; it delegates to [ggml_fit](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ggml_sequential_model'  
fit(  
  object,  
  x,  
  y,  
  epochs = 1L,  
  batch_size = 32L,  
  validation_split = 0,  
  validation_data = NULL,  
  verbose = 1L,  
  callbacks = list(),  
  ...  
)  
  
## S3 method for class 'ggml_functional_model'  
fit(  
  object,  
  x,  
  y,  
  epochs = 1L,  
  batch_size = 32L,  
  validation_split = 0,  
  validation_data = NULL,  
  verbose = 1L,  
  callbacks = list(),  
  ...  
)
```

```

    object,
    x,
    y,
    epochs = 1L,
    batch_size = 32L,
    validation_split = 0,
    validation_data = NULL,
    verbose = 1L,
    callbacks = list(),
    ...
)

```

Arguments

object	A compiled model object.
x	Training data. Matrix, array, or list of matrices (multi-input).
y	Training labels (matrix, one-hot encoded for classification).
epochs	Number of training epochs (default 1).
batch_size	Batch size (default 32).
validation_split	Fraction of data for validation (default 0).
validation_data	Optional list(x_val, y_val).
verbose	0 = silent, 1 = progress (default 1).
callbacks	List of callback objects (default list()).
...	Additional arguments passed to <code>ggml_fit</code> .

Value

The trained model (invisibly), with `model$history`.

Examples

```

model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_dense(10, activation = "softmax", input_shape = 4)
model <- compile(model, optimizer = "adam",
  loss = "categorical_crossentropy")
# model <- fit(model, x_train, y_train, epochs = 5, batch_size = 32)

```

`ggml_abort_is_r_enabled`*Check if R Abort Handler is Enabled*

Description

Check if R Abort Handler is Enabled

Usage

```
ggml_abort_is_r_enabled()
```

Value

Logical indicating if R-compatible abort handling is active

See Also

Other logging: [ggml_log_is_r_enabled\(\)](#), [ggml_log_set_default\(\)](#), [ggml_log_set_r\(\)](#), [ggml_set_abort_callback_r\(\)](#), [ggml_set_abort_callback_r\(\)](#)

`ggml_abs`*Absolute Value (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for element-wise absolute value: $|x|$

Usage

```
ggml_abs(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

<code>ctx</code>	GGML context
<code>a</code>	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the abs operation

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(-2, -1, 1, 2))
result <- ggml_abs(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
output <- ggml_get_f32(result) # [2, 1, 1, 2]
ggml_free(ctx)

```

ggml_abs_inplace	<i>Absolute Value In-place (Graph)</i>
------------------	--

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place element-wise absolute value.

Usage

```
ggml_abs_inplace(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)

Value

View of tensor a with absolute values

ggml_add	<i>Add tensors</i>
----------	--------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for element-wise addition. Must be computed using `ggml_build_forward_expand()` and `ggml_graph_compute()`.

Usage

```

ggml_add(ctx, a, b)

ggml_add(ctx, a, b)

```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	First tensor
b	Second tensor (same shape as a)

Value

Tensor representing the addition operation

Tensor representing the addition operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
b <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
ggml_set_f32(b, c(5, 4, 3, 2, 1))
result <- ggml_add(ctx, a, b)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_get_f32(result)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
b <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
ggml_set_f32(b, c(5, 4, 3, 2, 1))
result <- ggml_add(ctx, a, b)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_get_f32(result)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_add1

Add Scalar to Tensor (Graph)

Description

Creates a graph node for adding a scalar (1-element tensor) to all elements of a tensor. This is more efficient than creating a full tensor of the same value.

Usage

```
ggml_add1(ctx, a, b)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor
b	Scalar tensor (1-element tensor)

Value

Tensor representing the operation $a + b$ (broadcasted)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
scalar <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 1)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
ggml_set_f32(scalar, 10)
result <- ggml_add1(ctx, a, scalar)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_get_f32(result)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_add_inplace	<i>Element-wise Addition In-place (Graph)</i>
------------------	---

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place element-wise addition. Result is stored in tensor a, saving memory allocation. Returns a view of the modified tensor.

Usage

```
ggml_add_inplace(ctx, a, b)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	First tensor (will be modified in-place)
b	Second tensor (same shape as a)

Value

View of tensor a with the addition result

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
b <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
ggml_set_f32(b, c(5, 4, 3, 2, 1))
result <- ggml_add_inplace(ctx, a, b)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_get_f32(result)
ggml_free(ctx)

```

ggml_apply

Apply a Layer Object to a Tensor Node

Description

Applies a ggml_layer object (created with ggml_dense(), ggml_lstm(), etc.) to a ggml_tensor_node. Applying the *same* layer object to multiple tensor nodes produces shared weights – the identity of the layer object (layer\$layer_id) is used as the sharing key, not its name.

Usage

```
ggml_apply(tensor, layer)
```

Arguments

tensor	A ggml_tensor_node (e.g. from ggml_input()).
layer	A ggml_layer object.

Value

A new ggml_tensor_node.

Examples

```

encoder <- ggml_dense(64L, activation = "relu")
x1 <- ggml_input(shape = 32L)
x2 <- ggml_input(shape = 32L)
out1 <- x1 |> ggml_apply(encoder)
out2 <- x2 |> ggml_apply(encoder) # shared weights
model <- ggml_model(inputs = list(x1, x2),
                    outputs = list(out1, out2))

```

ggml_are_same_layout *Check if Two Tensors Have the Same Layout*

Description

Compares two tensors to check if they have identical type, shape, and strides. Tensors with the same layout can be used interchangeably for memory operations.

Usage

```
ggml_are_same_layout(a, b)
```

Arguments

a	External pointer to first tensor
b	External pointer to second tensor

Value

Logical indicating if tensors have identical layout

See Also

Other tensor: [ggml_get_op_params\(\)](#), [ggml_get_op_params_f32\(\)](#), [ggml_get_op_params_i32\(\)](#), [ggml_set_op_params\(\)](#), [ggml_set_op_params_f32\(\)](#), [ggml_set_op_params_i32\(\)](#)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4, 4)
b <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4, 4)
same <- ggml_are_same_layout(a, b) # TRUE
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_are_same_shape *Compare Tensor Shapes*

Description

Checks if two tensors have the same shape.

Usage

```
ggml_are_same_shape(a, b)
```

Arguments

a	First tensor
b	Second tensor

Value

TRUE if shapes are identical, FALSE otherwise

ggml_are_same_stride *Compare Tensor Strides*

Description

Check if two tensors have the same stride pattern. Useful for determining if tensors can share operations.

Usage

```
ggml_are_same_stride(a, b)
```

Arguments

a	First tensor
b	Second tensor

Value

Logical indicating if strides are identical

See Also

Other tensor_layout: [ggml_can_repeat\(\)](#), [ggml_count_equal\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_0\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_1\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_2\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_channels\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_rows\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguously_allocated\(\)](#)

ggml_argmax	<i>Argmax (Graph)</i>
-------------	-----------------------

Description

Creates a graph node that finds the index of the maximum value. CRITICAL for token generation in LLMs.

Usage

```
ggml_argmax(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor with argmax indices

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 5, 3, 2, 4))
result <- ggml_argmax(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
output <- ggml_get_i32(result) # 1 (0-indexed)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_argsort	<i>Argsort - Get Sorting Indices (Graph)</i>
--------------	--

Description

Returns indices that would sort the tensor rows. Each row is sorted independently.

Usage

```
ggml_argsort(ctx, a, order = GGML_SORT_ORDER_ASC)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor to sort (F32)
order	Sort order: GGML_SORT_ORDER_ASC (0) or GGML_SORT_ORDER_DESC (1)

Value

Tensor of I32 indices that would sort each row

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
# Create tensor with values to sort
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(3, 1, 4, 1, 5))
# Get indices for ascending sort
indices <- ggml_argsort(ctx, a, GGML_SORT_ORDER_ASC)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, indices)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
result <- ggml_get_i32(indices)
# result: [1, 3, 0, 2, 4] (0-indexed positions for sorted order)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_backend_alloc_ctx_tensors

Allocate Context Tensors to Backend

Description

Allocates all tensors in a GGML context to a specific backend. Returns a buffer that must be freed when no longer needed.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_alloc_ctx_tensors(ctx, backend)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
backend	Backend handle

Value

Backend buffer object

ggml_backend_buffer_clear

Clear buffer memory

Description

Clear buffer memory

Usage

```
ggml_backend_buffer_clear(buffer, value = 0L)
```

Arguments

buffer	External pointer to buffer
value	Byte value to fill with (default 0)

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weights\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory_size\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_buf_t\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_buffer_free

Free Backend Buffer

Description

Frees a backend buffer and all associated memory.

Usage

ggml_backend_buffer_free(buffer)

Arguments

buffer Backend buffer object

Value

No return value, called for side effects

ggml_backend_buffer_get_size

Get Backend Buffer Size

Description

Returns the total size of a backend buffer.

Usage

ggml_backend_buffer_get_size(buffer)

Arguments

buffer Backend buffer object

Value

Size in bytes

ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage
Get buffer usage

Description

Get buffer usage

Usage

```
ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage(buffer)
```

Arguments

buffer	External pointer to buffer
--------	----------------------------

Value

Usage constant

See Also

Other backend: `ggml_backend_buffer_clear()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_host()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_reset()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weights()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_dev_description()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get_props()`, `ggml_backend_dev_init()`, `ggml_backend_dev_memory_size()`, `ggml_backend_dev_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_offload_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi()`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_type()`, `ggml_backend_device_register()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_accel()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_cpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_gpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_igpu()`, `ggml_backend_event_free()`, `ggml_backend_event_new()`, `ggml_backend_event_record()`, `ggml_backend_event_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_event_wait()`, `ggml_backend_get_device()`, `ggml_backend_graph_compute_async()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_create()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_free()`, `ggml_backend_init_best()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_load()`, `ggml_backend_load_all()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_reg_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_reg_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_name()`, `ggml_backend_register()`, `ggml_backend_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_get_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_set_async()`, `ggml_backend_unload()`

ggml_backend_buffer_is_host
Check if buffer is host memory

Description

Check if buffer is host memory

Usage

ggml_backend_buffer_is_host(buffer)

Arguments

buffer External pointer to buffer

Value

Logical indicating if buffer is in host memory

See Also

Other backend: ggml_backend_buffer_clear(), ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage(), ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer(), ggml_backend_buffer_reset(), ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage(), ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any(), ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute(), ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weights(), ggml_backend_dev_by_name(), ggml_backend_dev_by_type(), ggml_backend_dev_count(), ggml_backend_dev_description(), ggml_backend_dev_get(), ggml_backend_dev_get_props(), ggml_backend_dev_init(), ggml_backend_dev_memory_size(), ggml_backend_dev_name(), ggml_backend_dev_offload_op(), ggml_backend_dev_supports_buf_t(), ggml_backend_dev_supports_op(), ggml_backend_dev_type(), ggml_backend_device_register(), ggml_backend_device_type_accel(), ggml_backend_device_type_cpu(), ggml_backend_device_type_gpu(), ggml_backend_device_type_igpu(), ggml_backend_event_free(), ggml_backend_event_new(), ggml_backend_event_record(), ggml_backend_event_synchronize(), ggml_backend_event_wait(), ggml_backend_get_device(), ggml_backend_graph_compute_async(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_create(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_free(), ggml_backend_init_best(), ggml_backend_init_by_name(), ggml_backend_init_by_type(), ggml_backend_load(), ggml_backend_load_all(), ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer(), ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage(), ggml_backend_reg_by_name(), ggml_backend_reg_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_get(), ggml_backend_reg_get(), ggml_backend_reg_name(), ggml_backend_register(), ggml_backend_synchronize(), ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_get_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_set_async(), ggml_backend_unload()

ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer
Check if buffer is a multi-buffer

Description

Check if buffer is a multi-buffer

Usage

```
ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer(buffer)
```

Arguments

buffer	External pointer to buffer
--------	----------------------------

Value

Logical indicating if buffer is a multi-buffer

See Also

Other backend: `ggml_backend_buffer_clear()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_accessible()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_reset()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weights()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_dev_description()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get_props()`, `ggml_backend_dev_init()`, `ggml_backend_dev_memory_size()`, `ggml_backend_dev_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_offload_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_buf_t()`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_type()`, `ggml_backend_device_register()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_accel()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_cpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_gpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_igpu()`, `ggml_backend_event_free()`, `ggml_backend_event_new()`, `ggml_backend_event_record()`, `ggml_backend_event_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_event_wait()`, `ggml_backend_get_device()`, `ggml_backend_graph_compute_async()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_create()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_free()`, `ggml_backend_init_best()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_load()`, `ggml_backend_load_all()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_reg_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_reg_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_name()`, `ggml_backend_register()`, `ggml_backend_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_get_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_set_async()`, `ggml_backend_unload()`

`ggml_backend_buffer_name`

Get Backend Buffer Name

Description

Returns the name/type of a backend buffer.

Usage

`ggml_backend_buffer_name(buffer)`

Arguments

`buffer` Backend buffer object

Value

Character string with buffer name

`ggml_backend_buffer_reset`

Reset buffer

Description

Reset buffer

Usage

`ggml_backend_buffer_reset(buffer)`

Arguments

`buffer` External pointer to buffer

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weights\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory_size\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_buf_t\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage

Set buffer usage hint

Description

Set buffer usage hint

Usage

```
ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage(buffer, usage)
```

Arguments

buffer	External pointer to buffer
usage	Usage constant (use <code>ggml_backend_buffer_usage_*</code> functions)

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weights\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#),

```

ggml_backend_dev_get(), ggml_backend_dev_get_props(), ggml_backend_dev_init(), ggml_backend_dev_memory
ggml_backend_dev_name(), ggml_backend_dev_offload_op(), ggml_backend_dev_supports_buf_t(),
ggml_backend_dev_supports_op(), ggml_backend_dev_type(), ggml_backend_device_register(),
ggml_backend_device_type_accel(), ggml_backend_device_type_cpu(), ggml_backend_device_type_gpu(),
ggml_backend_device_type_igpu(), ggml_backend_event_free(), ggml_backend_event_new(),
ggml_backend_event_record(), ggml_backend_event_synchronize(), ggml_backend_event_wait(),
ggml_backend_get_device(), ggml_backend_graph_compute_async(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute(),
ggml_backend_graph_plan_create(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_free(), ggml_backend_init_best(),
ggml_backend_init_by_name(), ggml_backend_init_by_type(), ggml_backend_load(), ggml_backend_load_all(),
ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer(), ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage(), ggml_backend_reg_by_t
ggml_backend_reg_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_get(),
ggml_backend_reg_get(), ggml_backend_reg_name(), ggml_backend_register(), ggml_backend_synchronize(),
ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_get_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_set_async(),
ggml_backend_unload()

```

ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any

Buffer usage: Any

Description

Buffer usage: Any

Usage

```
ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any()
```

Value

Integer constant for any buffer usage

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weights\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_buf_t\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_t](#)

```
ggml_backend_reg_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_get(),
ggml_backend_reg_get(), ggml_backend_reg_name(), ggml_backend_register(), ggml_backend_synchronize(),
ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_get_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_set_async(),
ggml_backend_unload()
```

ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute

Buffer usage: Compute

Description

Buffer usage: Compute

Usage

```
ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute()
```

Value

Integer constant for compute buffer usage

See Also

Other backend: `ggml_backend_buffer_clear()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_host`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_reset()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weights()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_dev_description()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get_props()`, `ggml_backend_dev_init()`, `ggml_backend_dev_memory`, `ggml_backend_dev_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_offload_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufit()`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_type()`, `ggml_backend_device_register()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_accel()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_cpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_gpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_igpu()`, `ggml_backend_event_free()`, `ggml_backend_event_new()`, `ggml_backend_event_record()`, `ggml_backend_event_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_event_wait()`, `ggml_backend_get_device()`, `ggml_backend_graph_compute_async()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_create()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_free()`, `ggml_backend_init_best()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_load()`, `ggml_backend_load_all()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_reg_by_name`, `ggml_backend_reg_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_name()`, `ggml_backend_register()`, `ggml_backend_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_get_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_set_async()`, `ggml_backend_unload()`

ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weights
Buffer usage: Weights

Description

Buffer usage: Weights

Usage

ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weights()

Value

Integer constant for weights buffer usage

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory_size\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_buf_t\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

[ggml_backend_cpu_init](#) *Initialize CPU Backend*

Description

Creates a new CPU backend instance for graph computation.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_cpu_init()
```

Value

Backend pointer

```
ggml_backend_cpu_set_n_threads  
Set CPU Backend Threads
```

Description

Sets the number of threads for CPU backend computation.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_cpu_set_n_threads(backend, n_threads)
```

Arguments

backend	CPU backend pointer
n_threads	Number of threads

Value

NULL invisibly

```
ggml_backend_device_register  
Register a device
```

Description

Dynamically registers a new device in the global registry. This is an advanced function for custom backend development.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_device_register(device)
```

Arguments

device	External pointer to device
--------	----------------------------

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_supported\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufmt\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_device_type_accel

Device type: Accelerator

Description

Device type: Accelerator

Usage

`ggml_backend_device_type_accel()`

Value

Integer constant for accelerator device type (e.g. BLAS, AMX)

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#),

```

ggml_backend_dev_init(), ggml_backend_dev_memory(), ggml_backend_dev_name(), ggml_backend_dev_offload_
ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi(), ggml_backend_dev_supports_op(), ggml_backend_dev_type(),
ggml_backend_device_register(), ggml_backend_device_type_cpu(), ggml_backend_device_type_gpu(),
ggml_backend_device_type_igpu(), ggml_backend_event_free(), ggml_backend_event_new(),
ggml_backend_event_record(), ggml_backend_event_synchronize(), ggml_backend_event_wait(),
ggml_backend_get_device(), ggml_backend_graph_compute_async(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute(),
ggml_backend_graph_plan_create(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_free(), ggml_backend_init_best(),
ggml_backend_init_by_name(), ggml_backend_init_by_type(), ggml_backend_load(), ggml_backend_load_all(),
ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer(), ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage(), ggml_backend_reg_by_
ggml_backend_reg_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_get(),
ggml_backend_reg_get(), ggml_backend_reg_name(), ggml_backend_register(), ggml_backend_synchronize(),
ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_get_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_set_async(),
ggml_backend_unload()

```

ggml_backend_device_type_cpu

Device type: CPU

Description

Device type: CPU

Usage

```
ggml_backend_device_type_cpu()
```

Value

Integer constant for CPU device type

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#),

ggml_backend_reg_get(), ggml_backend_reg_name(), ggml_backend_register(), ggml_backend_synchronize(),
 ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_get_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_set_async(),
 ggml_backend_unload()

ggml_backend_device_type_gpu
Device type: GPU

Description

Device type: GPU

Usage

ggml_backend_device_type_gpu()

Value

Integer constant for GPU device type

See Also

Other backend: ggml_backend_buffer_clear(), ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage(), ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_accessible(), ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer(), ggml_backend_buffer_reset(), ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage(), ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any(), ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute(), ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight(), ggml_backend_dev_by_name(), ggml_backend_dev_by_type(), ggml_backend_dev_count(), ggml_backend_dev_description(), ggml_backend_dev_get(), ggml_backend_dev_get_props(), ggml_backend_dev_init(), ggml_backend_dev_memory(), ggml_backend_dev_name(), ggml_backend_dev_offload_capability(), ggml_backend_dev_supports_buft(), ggml_backend_dev_supports_op(), ggml_backend_dev_type(), ggml_backend_device_register(), ggml_backend_device_type_accel(), ggml_backend_device_type_cpu(), ggml_backend_device_type_igpu(), ggml_backend_event_free(), ggml_backend_event_new(), ggml_backend_event_record(), ggml_backend_event_synchronize(), ggml_backend_event_wait(), ggml_backend_get_device(), ggml_backend_graph_compute_async(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_create(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_free(), ggml_backend_init_best(), ggml_backend_init_by_name(), ggml_backend_init_by_type(), ggml_backend_load(), ggml_backend_load_all(), ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer(), ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage(), ggml_backend_reg_by_name(), ggml_backend_reg_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_get(), ggml_backend_reg_get(), ggml_backend_reg_name(), ggml_backend_register(), ggml_backend_synchronize(), ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_get_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_set_async(), ggml_backend_unload()

ggml_backend_device_type_igpu

Device type: Integrated GPU

Description

Device type: Integrated GPU

Usage

ggml_backend_device_type_igpu()

Value

Integer constant for integrated GPU device type

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_supported\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufmt\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_dev_by_name

Get device by name

Description

Get device by name

Usage

```
ggml_backend_dev_by_name(name)
```

Arguments

name	Device name
------	-------------

Value

External pointer to device, or NULL if not found

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory_size\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_buf_t\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_dev_by_type

Get device by type

Description

Get device by type

Usage

```
ggml_backend_dev_by_type(type)
```

Arguments

type	Device type (use <code>ggml_backend_device_type_*</code> functions)
------	---

Value

External pointer to first device of given type, or NULL if not found

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory_size\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufmt\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_dev_count

Get number of available devices

Description

Get number of available devices

Usage

```
ggml_backend_dev_count()
```

Value

Number of devices

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory_size\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufmt\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

```

ggml_backend_dev_name(), ggml_backend_dev_offload_op(), ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufct(),
ggml_backend_dev_supports_op(), ggml_backend_dev_type(), ggml_backend_device_register(),
ggml_backend_device_type_accel(), ggml_backend_device_type_cpu(), ggml_backend_device_type_gpu(),
ggml_backend_device_type_igpu(), ggml_backend_event_free(), ggml_backend_event_new(),
ggml_backend_event_record(), ggml_backend_event_synchronize(), ggml_backend_event_wait(),
ggml_backend_get_device(), ggml_backend_graph_compute_async(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute(),
ggml_backend_graph_plan_create(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_free(), ggml_backend_init_best(),
ggml_backend_init_by_name(), ggml_backend_init_by_type(), ggml_backend_load(), ggml_backend_load_all(),
ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer(), ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage(), ggml_backend_reg_by_name(),
ggml_backend_reg_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_get(),
ggml_backend_reg_get(), ggml_backend_reg_name(), ggml_backend_register(), ggml_backend_synchronize(),
ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_get_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_set_async(),
ggml_backend_unload()

```

```
ggml_backend_dev_description
```

Get device description

Description

Get device description

Usage

```
ggml_backend_dev_description(device)
```

Arguments

device	External pointer to device
--------	----------------------------

Value

Device description

See Also

Other backend: `ggml_backend_buffer_clear()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_accessible()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_reset()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get_props()`, `ggml_backend_dev_init()`, `ggml_backend_dev_memory_size()`, `ggml_backend_dev_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_offload_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufct()`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_type()`, `ggml_backend_device_register()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_accel()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_cpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_gpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_igpu()`, `ggml_backend_event_free()`, `ggml_backend_event_new()`, `ggml_backend_event_record()`, `ggml_backend_event_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_event_wait()`, `ggml_backend_get_device()`, `ggml_backend_graph_compute_async()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute()`,

ggml_backend_graph_plan_create(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_free(), ggml_backend_init_best(), ggml_backend_init_by_name(), ggml_backend_init_by_type(), ggml_backend_load(), ggml_backend_load_all(), ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer(), ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage(), ggml_backend_reg_by_name(), ggml_backend_reg_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_get(), ggml_backend_reg_get(), ggml_backend_reg_name(), ggml_backend_register(), ggml_backend_synchronize(), ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_get_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_set_async(), ggml_backend_unload()

ggml_backend_dev_get *Get device by index*

Description

Get device by index

Usage

```
ggml_backend_dev_get(index)
```

Arguments

index	Device index (0-based)
-------	------------------------

Value

External pointer to device, or NULL if not found

See Also

Other backend: ggml_backend_buffer_clear(), ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage(), ggml_backend_buffer_is_host(), ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer(), ggml_backend_buffer_reset(), ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage(), ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any(), ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute(), ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight(), ggml_backend_dev_by_name(), ggml_backend_dev_by_type(), ggml_backend_dev_count(), ggml_backend_dev_description(), ggml_backend_dev_get_props(), ggml_backend_dev_init(), ggml_backend_dev_memory(), ggml_backend_dev_name(), ggml_backend_dev_offload_op(), ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi(), ggml_backend_dev_supports_op(), ggml_backend_dev_type(), ggml_backend_device_register(), ggml_backend_device_type_accel(), ggml_backend_device_type_cpu(), ggml_backend_device_type_gpu(), ggml_backend_device_type_igpu(), ggml_backend_event_free(), ggml_backend_event_new(), ggml_backend_event_record(), ggml_backend_event_synchronize(), ggml_backend_event_wait(), ggml_backend_get_device(), ggml_backend_graph_compute_async(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_create(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_free(), ggml_backend_init_best(), ggml_backend_init_by_name(), ggml_backend_init_by_type(), ggml_backend_load(), ggml_backend_load_all(), ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer(), ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage(), ggml_backend_reg_by_name(), ggml_backend_reg_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_get(), ggml_backend_reg_get(), ggml_backend_reg_name(), ggml_backend_register(), ggml_backend_synchronize(), ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_get_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_set_async(), ggml_backend_unload()

ggml_backend_dev_get_props
Get device properties

Description

Get device properties

Usage

```
ggml_backend_dev_get_props(device)
```

Arguments

device	External pointer to device
--------	----------------------------

Value

List with name, description, memory_free, memory_total, type, device_id, caps

See Also

Other backend: `ggml_backend_buffer_clear()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_host()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_reset()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_dev_description()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_dev_init()`, `ggml_backend_dev_memory()`, `ggml_backend_dev_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_offload_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi()`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_type()`, `ggml_backend_device_register()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_accel()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_cpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_gpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_igpu()`, `ggml_backend_event_free()`, `ggml_backend_event_new()`, `ggml_backend_event_record()`, `ggml_backend_event_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_event_wait()`, `ggml_backend_get_device()`, `ggml_backend_graph_compute_async()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_create()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_free()`, `ggml_backend_init_best()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_load()`, `ggml_backend_load_all()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_reg_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_reg_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_name()`, `ggml_backend_register()`, `ggml_backend_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_get_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_set_async()`, `ggml_backend_unload()`

ggml_backend_dev_init *Initialize backend from device*

Description

Initialize backend from device

Usage

```
ggml_backend_dev_init(device, params = NULL)
```

Arguments

device	External pointer to device
params	Optional parameters string

Value

External pointer to backend, or NULL on failure

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_buft\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_dev_memory
Get device memory

Description

Get device memory

Usage

```
ggml_backend_dev_memory(device)
```

Arguments

device	External pointer to device
--------	----------------------------

Value

Named numeric vector with 'free' and 'total' memory in bytes

See Also

Other backend: `ggml_backend_buffer_clear()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_host`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_reset()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_dev_description()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get_props()`, `ggml_backend_dev_init()`, `ggml_backend_dev_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_offload_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_type()`, `ggml_backend_device_register()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_accel()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_cpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_gpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_igpu()`, `ggml_backend_event_free()`, `ggml_backend_event_new()`, `ggml_backend_event_record()`, `ggml_backend_event_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_event_wait()`, `ggml_backend_get_device()`, `ggml_backend_graph_compute_async()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_create()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_free()`, `ggml_backend_init_best()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_load()`, `ggml_backend_load_all()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_reg_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_reg_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_name()`, `ggml_backend_register()`, `ggml_backend_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_get_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_set_async()`, `ggml_backend_unload()`

ggml_backend_dev_name *Get device name*

Description

Get device name

Usage

```
ggml_backend_dev_name(device)
```

Arguments

device External pointer to device

Value

Device name

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

 ggml_backend_dev_offload_op

Check if device should offload operation

Description

Check if device should offload operation

Usage

```
ggml_backend_dev_offload_op(device, op)
```

Arguments

device	External pointer to device
op	External pointer to tensor/operation

Value

Logical indicating if operation should be offloaded

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_dev_supports_buf_t

Check if device supports buffer type

Description

Check if device supports buffer type

Usage

```
ggml_backend_dev_supports_buf_t(device, buf_t)
```

Arguments

device	External pointer to device
buf_t	External pointer to buffer type

Value

Logical indicating support

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

 ggml_backend_dev_supports_op

Check if device supports operation

Description

Check if device supports operation

Usage

```
ggml_backend_dev_supports_op(device, op)
```

Arguments

device	External pointer to device
op	External pointer to tensor/operation

Value

Logical indicating support

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_buf_t\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_dev_type *Get device type*

Description

Get device type

Usage

```
ggml_backend_dev_type(device)
```

Arguments

device	External pointer to device
--------	----------------------------

Value

Device type constant

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi64\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

`ggml_backend_event_free`*Free event*

Description

Free event

Usage

```
ggml_backend_event_free(event)
```

Arguments

<code>event</code>	External pointer to event
--------------------	---------------------------

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufs\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_ops\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

 ggml_backend_event_new

Create new event

Description

Create new event

Usage

```
ggml_backend_event_new(device)
```

Arguments

device External pointer to device

Value

External pointer to event, or NULL on failure

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_event_record
Record event

Description

Record event

Usage

ggml_backend_event_record(event, backend)

Arguments

event	External pointer to event
backend	External pointer to backend

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi64\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_event_synchronize
Synchronize event

Description

Synchronize event

Usage

```
ggml_backend_event_synchronize(event)
```

Arguments

event	External pointer to event
-------	---------------------------

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufc\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

 ggml_backend_event_wait

Wait for event

Description

Wait for event

Usage

```
ggml_backend_event_wait(backend, event)
```

Arguments

backend	External pointer to backend
event	External pointer to event

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi64\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_free *Free Backend*

Description

Releases resources associated with a backend.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_free(backend)
```

Arguments

backend Backend pointer

Value

NULL invisibly

ggml_backend_get_device
Get device from backend

Description

Get device from backend

Usage

```
ggml_backend_get_device(backend)
```

Arguments

backend External pointer to backend

Value

External pointer to device

See Also

Other backend: `ggml_backend_buffer_clear()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_host`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_reset()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_dev_description()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get_props()`, `ggml_backend_dev_init()`, `ggml_backend_dev_memory()`, `ggml_backend_dev_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_offload`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_type()`, `ggml_backend_device_register()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_accel()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_cpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_gpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_igpu()`, `ggml_backend_event_free()`, `ggml_backend_event_new()`, `ggml_backend_event_record()`, `ggml_backend_event_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_event_wait()`, `ggml_backend_graph_compute_async()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_create()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_free()`, `ggml_backend_init_best()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_load()`, `ggml_backend_load_all()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_reg_by`, `ggml_backend_reg_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_name()`, `ggml_backend_register()`, `ggml_backend_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_get_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_set_async()`, `ggml_backend_unload()`

`ggml_backend_graph_compute`

Compute Graph with Backend

Description

Executes computation graph using specified backend.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_graph_compute(backend, graph)
```

Arguments

<code>backend</code>	Backend pointer
<code>graph</code>	Graph pointer

Value

Status code (0 = success)

 ggml_backend_graph_compute_async

Compute graph asynchronously

Description

Starts graph computation without blocking. Use `ggml_backend_synchronize()` to wait for completion.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_graph_compute_async(backend, graph)
```

Arguments

backend	External pointer to backend
graph	External pointer to computation graph

Value

Integer status code (0 = success)

See Also

Other backend: `ggml_backend_buffer_clear()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_host`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_reset()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_dev_description()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get_props()`, `ggml_backend_dev_init()`, `ggml_backend_dev_memory()`, `ggml_backend_dev_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_offload`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_type()`, `ggml_backend_device_register()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_accel()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_cpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_gpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_igpu()`, `ggml_backend_event_free()`, `ggml_backend_event_new()`, `ggml_backend_event_record()`, `ggml_backend_event_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_event_wait()`, `ggml_backend_get_device()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_create()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_free()`, `ggml_backend_init_best()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_load()`, `ggml_backend_load_all()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_reg_by`, `ggml_backend_reg_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_name()`, `ggml_backend_register()`, `ggml_backend_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_get_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_set_async()`, `ggml_backend_unload()`

Examples

```

cpu <- ggml_backend_cpu_init()
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 100)
b <- ggml_relu(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, b)
ggml_set_f32(a, rnorm(100))
# Start async computation
status <- ggml_backend_graph_compute_async(cpu, graph)
# Do other work while computation runs...
ggml_backend_synchronize(cpu)
ggml_backend_free(cpu)
ggml_free(ctx)

```

ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute

Execute graph plan

Description

Execute graph plan

Usage

```
ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute(backend, plan)
```

Arguments

backend	External pointer to backend
plan	External pointer to plan

Value

Status code (0 = success)

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#),

```

ggml_backend_event_wait(), ggml_backend_get_device(), ggml_backend_graph_compute_async(),
ggml_backend_graph_plan_create(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_free(), ggml_backend_init_best(),
ggml_backend_init_by_name(), ggml_backend_init_by_type(), ggml_backend_load(), ggml_backend_load_all(),
ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer(), ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage(), ggml_backend_reg_by_t
ggml_backend_reg_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_get(),
ggml_backend_reg_get(), ggml_backend_reg_name(), ggml_backend_register(), ggml_backend_synchronize(),
ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_get_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_set_async(),
ggml_backend_unload()

```

ggml_backend_graph_plan_create

Create graph execution plan

Description

Create graph execution plan

Usage

```
ggml_backend_graph_plan_create(backend, graph)
```

Arguments

backend	External pointer to backend
graph	External pointer to computation graph

Value

External pointer to plan, or NULL on failure

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_c](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_buft\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_t](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#),

[ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_graph_plan_free

Free graph execution plan

Description

Free graph execution plan

Usage

```
ggml_backend_graph_plan_free(backend, plan)
```

Arguments

backend	External pointer to backend
plan	External pointer to plan

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

 ggml_backend_init_best

Initialize best available backend

Description

Initialize best available backend

Usage

```
ggml_backend_init_best()
```

Value

External pointer to backend (GPU if available, otherwise CPU)

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_supported\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufmt\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

 ggml_backend_init_by_name

Initialize backend by name

Description

Initialize backend by name

Usage

```
ggml_backend_init_by_name(name, params = NULL)
```

Arguments

name	Backend name (e.g. "CPU", "Vulkan")
params	Optional parameters string

Value

External pointer to backend, or NULL on failure

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_init_by_type

Initialize backend by type

Description

Initialize backend by type

Usage

```
ggml_backend_init_by_type(type, params = NULL)
```

Arguments

type	Device type constant
params	Optional parameters string

Value

External pointer to backend, or NULL on failure

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_load

Load backend from dynamic library

Description

Load backend from dynamic library

Usage

ggml_backend_load(path)

Arguments

path	Path to dynamic library
------	-------------------------

Value

External pointer to registry, or NULL on failure

See Also

Other backend: `ggml_backend_buffer_clear()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_host`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_reset()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_dev_description()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get_props()`, `ggml_backend_dev_init()`, `ggml_backend_dev_memory()`, `ggml_backend_dev_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_offload`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi()`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_type()`, `ggml_backend_device_register()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_accel()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_cpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_gpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_igpu()`, `ggml_backend_event_free()`, `ggml_backend_event_new()`, `ggml_backend_event_record()`, `ggml_backend_event_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_event_wait()`, `ggml_backend_get_device()`, `ggml_backend_graph_compute_async()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_create()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_free()`, `ggml_backend_init_best()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_load_all()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usag`, `ggml_backend_reg_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_reg_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_name()`, `ggml_backend_register()`, `ggml_backend_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_get_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_set_async()`, `ggml_backend_unload()`

`ggml_backend_load_all` *Load all available backends*

Description

Load all available backends

Usage

`ggml_backend_load_all()`

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other backend: `ggml_backend_buffer_clear()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_host`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_reset()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_dev_description()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get_props()`, `ggml_backend_dev_init()`, `ggml_backend_dev_memory()`, `ggml_backend_dev_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_offload`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi()`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_type()`, `ggml_backend_device_register()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_accel()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_cpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_gpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_igpu()`, `ggml_backend_event_free()`, `ggml_backend_event_new()`, `ggml_backend_event_record()`, `ggml_backend_event_synchronize()`,

```

ggml_backend_event_wait(), ggml_backend_get_device(), ggml_backend_graph_compute_async(),
ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_create(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_free(),
ggml_backend_init_best(), ggml_backend_init_by_name(), ggml_backend_init_by_type(),
ggml_backend_load(), ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer(), ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage(),
ggml_backend_reg_by_name(), ggml_backend_reg_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_count(),
ggml_backend_reg_dev_get(), ggml_backend_reg_get(), ggml_backend_reg_name(), ggml_backend_register(),
ggml_backend_synchronize(), ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_get_async(),
ggml_backend_tensor_set_async(), ggml_backend_unload()

```

```

ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer
    Allocate multi-buffer

```

Description

Creates a buffer that combines multiple backend buffers into one. Useful for managing memory across different backends.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer(bufbers)
```

Arguments

bufbers	List of backend buffer external pointers
---------	--

Value

External pointer to multi-buffer

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#),

```
ggml_backend_reg_dev_get(), ggml_backend_reg_get(), ggml_backend_reg_name(), ggml_backend_register(),
ggml_backend_synchronize(), ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_get_async(),
ggml_backend_tensor_set_async(), ggml_backend_unload()
```

Examples

```
cpu <- ggml_backend_cpu_init()
ctx1 <- ggml_init(1024, no_alloc = TRUE)
ctx2 <- ggml_init(2048, no_alloc = TRUE)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx1, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
b <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx2, GGML_TYPE_F32, 20)
buf1 <- ggml_backend_alloc_ctx_tensors(ctx1, cpu)
buf2 <- ggml_backend_alloc_ctx_tensors(ctx2, cpu)
multi <- ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer(list(buf1, buf2))
ggml_backend_buffer_free(multi)
ggml_backend_free(cpu)
ggml_free(ctx1)
ggml_free(ctx2)
```

```
ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage
```

Set usage for all buffers in a multi-buffer

Description

Set usage for all buffers in a multi-buffer

Usage

```
ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage(buffer, usage)
```

Arguments

buffer	External pointer to multi-buffer
usage	Usage constant (from <code>ggml_backend_buffer_usage_*</code>)

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other backend: `ggml_backend_buffer_clear()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_host`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_reset()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_dev_description()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get_props()`,

```

ggml_backend_dev_init(), ggml_backend_dev_memory(), ggml_backend_dev_name(), ggml_backend_dev_offload_
ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi(), ggml_backend_dev_supports_op(), ggml_backend_dev_type(),
ggml_backend_device_register(), ggml_backend_device_type_accel(), ggml_backend_device_type_cpu(),
ggml_backend_device_type_gpu(), ggml_backend_device_type_igpu(), ggml_backend_event_free(),
ggml_backend_event_new(), ggml_backend_event_record(), ggml_backend_event_synchronize(),
ggml_backend_event_wait(), ggml_backend_get_device(), ggml_backend_graph_compute_async(),
ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_create(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_free(),
ggml_backend_init_best(), ggml_backend_init_by_name(), ggml_backend_init_by_type(),
ggml_backend_load(), ggml_backend_load_all(), ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer(),
ggml_backend_reg_by_name(), ggml_backend_reg_count(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_count(),
ggml_backend_reg_dev_get(), ggml_backend_reg_get(), ggml_backend_reg_name(), ggml_backend_register(),
ggml_backend_synchronize(), ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_get_async(),
ggml_backend_tensor_set_async(), ggml_backend_unload()

```

ggml_backend_name *Get Backend Name*

Description

Returns the name of the backend (e.g., "CPU").

Usage

```
ggml_backend_name(backend)
```

Arguments

backend Backend pointer

Value

Character string name

ggml_backend_register *Register a backend*

Description

Dynamically registers a new backend in the global registry. This is an advanced function for custom backend development.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_register(reg)
```

Arguments

reg External pointer to backend registry

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufct\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_reg_by_name

Get backend registry by name

Description

Get backend registry by name

Usage

ggml_backend_reg_by_name(name)

Arguments

name Registry name

Value

External pointer to registry, or NULL if not found

See Also

Other backend: `ggml_backend_buffer_clear()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_host`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_reset()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_dev_description()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get_props()`, `ggml_backend_dev_init()`, `ggml_backend_dev_memory()`, `ggml_backend_dev_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_offload`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi()`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_type()`, `ggml_backend_device_register()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_accel()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_cpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_gpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_igpu()`, `ggml_backend_event_free()`, `ggml_backend_event_new()`, `ggml_backend_event_record()`, `ggml_backend_event_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_event_wait()`, `ggml_backend_get_device()`, `ggml_backend_graph_compute_async()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_create()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_free()`, `ggml_backend_init_best()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_load()`, `ggml_backend_load_all()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_reg_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_name()`, `ggml_backend_register()`, `ggml_backend_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_get_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_set_async()`, `ggml_backend_unload()`

`ggml_backend_reg_count`

Get number of registered backends

Description

Get number of registered backends

Usage

`ggml_backend_reg_count()`

Value

Number of registered backends

See Also

Other backend: `ggml_backend_buffer_clear()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_host`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_reset()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_dev_description()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get_props()`, `ggml_backend_dev_init()`, `ggml_backend_dev_memory()`, `ggml_backend_dev_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_offload`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi()`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_type()`, `ggml_backend_device_register()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_accel()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_cpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_gpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_igpu()`, `ggml_backend_event_free()`,

```

ggml_backend_event_new(), ggml_backend_event_record(), ggml_backend_event_synchronize(),
ggml_backend_event_wait(), ggml_backend_get_device(), ggml_backend_graph_compute_async(),
ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_create(), ggml_backend_graph_plan_free(),
ggml_backend_init_best(), ggml_backend_init_by_name(), ggml_backend_init_by_type(),
ggml_backend_load(), ggml_backend_load_all(), ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer(),
ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage(), ggml_backend_reg_by_name(), ggml_backend_reg_dev_count(),
ggml_backend_reg_dev_get(), ggml_backend_reg_get(), ggml_backend_reg_name(), ggml_backend_register(),
ggml_backend_synchronize(), ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async(), ggml_backend_tensor_get_async(),
ggml_backend_tensor_set_async(), ggml_backend_unload()

```

ggml_backend_reg_dev_count

Get number of devices in registry

Description

Get number of devices in registry

Usage

```
ggml_backend_reg_dev_count(reg)
```

Arguments

reg External pointer to registry

Value

Number of devices

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_accessible\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weighted\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_buft\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#),

[ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_reg_dev_get

Get device from registry

Description

Get device from registry

Usage

```
ggml_backend_reg_dev_get(reg, index)
```

Arguments

reg	External pointer to registry
index	Device index (0-based)

Value

External pointer to device

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_reg_get *Get backend registry by index*

Description

Get backend registry by index

Usage

```
ggml_backend_reg_get(index)
```

Arguments

index Registry index (0-based)

Value

External pointer to registry, or NULL if not found

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_factor\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_buft\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_reg_name *Get registry name*

Description

Get registry name

Usage

```
ggml_backend_reg_name(reg)
```

Arguments

reg External pointer to registry

Value

Registry name

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload_factor\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_buft\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

ggml_backend_sched_alloc_graph
Allocate graph on scheduler

Description

Allocates memory for a graph across the scheduler's backends. Must be called before computing the graph.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_sched_alloc_graph(sched, graph)
```

Arguments

sched	Scheduler pointer
graph	Graph pointer

Value

Logical indicating success

ggml_backend_sched_free
Free backend scheduler

Description

Releases resources associated with the backend scheduler.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_sched_free(sched)
```

Arguments

sched	Scheduler pointer from ggml_backend_sched_new()
-------	---

Value

NULL (invisible)

Examples

```
cpu <- ggml_backend_cpu_init()
sched <- ggml_backend_sched_new(list(cpu))
ggml_backend_sched_free(sched)
ggml_backend_free(cpu)
```

```
ggml_backend_sched_get_backend
    Get backend from scheduler
```

Description

Returns a specific backend from the scheduler by index.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_sched_get_backend(sched, index = 0L)
```

Arguments

sched	Scheduler pointer
index	Backend index (0-based)

Value

Backend pointer

```
ggml_backend_sched_get_n_backends
    Get number of backends in scheduler
```

Description

Returns the number of backends managed by the scheduler.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_sched_get_n_backends(sched)
```

Arguments

sched	Scheduler pointer
-------	-------------------

Value

Integer count of backends

ggml_backend_sched_get_n_copies
Get number of tensor copies

Description

Returns the number of tensor copies made in the last computed graph. Copies occur when data needs to be transferred between backends.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_sched_get_n_copies(sched)
```

Arguments

sched	Scheduler pointer
-------	-------------------

Value

Integer count of copies

ggml_backend_sched_get_n_splits
Get number of graph splits

Description

Returns the number of splits in the last computed graph. Higher numbers indicate more distribution across backends.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_sched_get_n_splits(sched)
```

Arguments

sched	Scheduler pointer
-------	-------------------

Value

Integer count of splits

ggml_backend_sched_get_tensor_backend
Get tensor backend assignment

Description

Returns which backend a tensor is assigned to.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_sched_get_tensor_backend(sched, tensor)
```

Arguments

sched	Scheduler pointer
tensor	Tensor pointer

Value

Backend pointer or NULL if not assigned

ggml_backend_sched_graph_compute
Compute graph using scheduler

Description

Computes a graph by distributing work across multiple backends. This is the main function for multi-GPU computation.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_sched_graph_compute(sched, graph)
```

Arguments

sched	Scheduler pointer
graph	Graph pointer

Value

Status code (0 = success)

Examples

```

# Multi-GPU example
if (ggml_vulkan_available() && ggml_vulkan_device_count() >= 2) {
  gpu1 <- ggml_vulkan_init(0)
  gpu2 <- ggml_vulkan_init(1)
  sched <- ggml_backend_sched_new(list(gpu1, gpu2))

  ctx <- ggml_init(64 * 1024 * 1024)
  a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10000)
  b <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10000)
  ggml_set_f32(a, rnorm(10000))
  ggml_set_f32(b, rnorm(10000))

  c <- ggml_add(ctx, a, b)
  graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, c)

  # Reserve memory
  ggml_backend_sched_reserve(sched, graph)

  # Compute using both GPUs
  ggml_backend_sched_graph_compute(sched, graph)

  result <- ggml_get_f32(c)

  cat("Splits:", ggml_backend_sched_get_n_splits(sched), "\n")
  cat("Copies:", ggml_backend_sched_get_n_copies(sched), "\n")

  ggml_free(ctx)
  ggml_backend_sched_free(sched)
  ggml_vulkan_free(gpu1)
  ggml_vulkan_free(gpu2)
}

```

ggml_backend_sched_graph_compute_async

Compute graph asynchronously

Description

Computes a graph asynchronously across backends. Use `ggml_backend_sched_synchronize()` to wait for completion.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_sched_graph_compute_async(sched, graph)
```

Arguments

sched	Scheduler pointer
graph	Graph pointer

Value

Status code (0 = success)

ggml_backend_sched_new

Create a new backend scheduler

Description

Creates a scheduler that can distribute computation across multiple backends (GPUs, CPU). A CPU backend is automatically added as a fallback. Backends with lower index have higher priority.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_sched_new(backends, parallel = TRUE, graph_size = 2048)
```

Arguments

backends	List of backend pointers (from <code>ggml_vulkan_init()</code> or <code>ggml_backend_cpu_init()</code>). Note: A CPU backend is automatically added, so you only need to specify GPU backends.
parallel	Logical, whether to run backends in parallel (default: TRUE)
graph_size	Expected maximum graph size (default: 2048)

Value

Scheduler pointer

Examples

```
if (ggml_vulkan_available() && ggml_vulkan_device_count() >= 2) {
  # Create two GPU backends (CPU is added automatically)
  gpu1 <- ggml_vulkan_init(0)
  gpu2 <- ggml_vulkan_init(1)

  # Create scheduler with both GPUs + CPU (automatic)
  sched <- ggml_backend_sched_new(list(gpu1, gpu2), parallel = TRUE)

  # The scheduler now has 3 backends: GPU1, GPU2, CPU
  cat("Backends:", ggml_backend_sched_get_n_backends(sched), "\n")

  # Use scheduler...
```

```
# Cleanup
ggml_backend_sched_free(sched)
ggml_vulkan_free(gpu1)
ggml_vulkan_free(gpu2)
}
```

ggml_backend_sched_reserve

Reserve memory for scheduler

Description

Pre-allocates memory based on a measurement graph. This should be called before using the scheduler to compute graphs.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_sched_reserve(sched, graph)
```

Arguments

sched	Scheduler pointer
graph	Graph pointer to measure memory requirements

Value

Logical indicating success

Examples

```
cpu <- ggml_backend_cpu_init()
sched <- ggml_backend_sched_new(list(cpu))
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 1000)
b <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 1000)
c <- ggml_add(ctx, a, b)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, c)
ggml_backend_sched_reserve(sched, graph)
ggml_backend_sched_free(sched)
ggml_backend_free(cpu)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_backend_sched_reset
Reset scheduler

Description

Resets the scheduler, deallocating all tensors. Must be called before changing node backends or allocating a new graph.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_sched_reset(sched)
```

Arguments

sched	Scheduler pointer
-------	-------------------

Value

NULL (invisible)

ggml_backend_sched_set_tensor_backend
Set tensor backend assignment

Description

Manually assigns a specific tensor to run on a specific backend. This overrides automatic scheduling.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_sched_set_tensor_backend(sched, tensor, backend)
```

Arguments

sched	Scheduler pointer
tensor	Tensor pointer
backend	Backend pointer to assign tensor to

Value

NULL (invisible)

ggml_backend_sched_synchronize
Synchronize scheduler

Description

Waits for all asynchronous operations to complete.

Usage

ggml_backend_sched_synchronize(sched)

Arguments

 sched Scheduler pointer

Value

NULL (invisible)

ggml_backend_synchronize
Synchronize backend

Description

Synchronize backend

Usage

ggml_backend_synchronize(backend)

Arguments

 backend External pointer to backend

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other backend: `ggml_backend_buffer_clear()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_host`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_reset()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_dev_description()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get_props()`, `ggml_backend_dev_init()`, `ggml_backend_dev_memory()`, `ggml_backend_dev_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_offload`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_type()`, `ggml_backend_device_register()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_accel()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_cpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_gpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_igpu()`, `ggml_backend_event_free()`, `ggml_backend_event_new()`, `ggml_backend_event_record()`, `ggml_backend_event_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_event_wait()`, `ggml_backend_get_device()`, `ggml_backend_graph_compute_async()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_create()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_free()`, `ggml_backend_init_best()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_load()`, `ggml_backend_load_all()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_reg_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_reg_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_name()`, `ggml_backend_register()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_get_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_set_async()`, `ggml_backend_unload()`

`ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async`

Copy tensor asynchronously between backends

Description

Copy tensor asynchronously between backends

Usage

`ggml_backend_tensor_copy_async(backend_src, backend_dst, src, dst)`

Arguments

<code>backend_src</code>	Source backend
<code>backend_dst</code>	Destination backend
<code>src</code>	Source tensor
<code>dst</code>	Destination tensor

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other backend: `ggml_backend_buffer_clear()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_host`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_reset()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_dev_description()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get_props()`, `ggml_backend_dev_init()`, `ggml_backend_dev_memory()`, `ggml_backend_dev_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_offload`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_type()`, `ggml_backend_device_register()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_accel()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_cpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_gpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_igpu()`, `ggml_backend_event_free()`, `ggml_backend_event_new()`, `ggml_backend_event_record()`, `ggml_backend_event_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_event_wait()`, `ggml_backend_get_device()`, `ggml_backend_graph_compute_async()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_create()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_free()`, `ggml_backend_init_best()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_load()`, `ggml_backend_load_all()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_reg_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_reg_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_name()`, `ggml_backend_register()`, `ggml_backend_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_get`, `ggml_backend_tensor_set_async()`, `ggml_backend_unload()`

`ggml_backend_tensor_get_and_sync`

Backend Tensor Get and Sync

Description

Gets tensor data from a backend with synchronization.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_tensor_get_and_sync(backend, tensor, offset = 0, size)
```

Arguments

<code>backend</code>	Backend pointer (or NULL for CPU)
<code>tensor</code>	Tensor pointer
<code>offset</code>	Byte offset (default 0)
<code>size</code>	Number of bytes to read

Value

Raw vector with tensor data

ggml_backend_tensor_get_async
Get tensor data asynchronously

Description

Get tensor data asynchronously

Usage

```
ggml_backend_tensor_get_async(backend, tensor, offset = 0, size)
```

Arguments

backend	External pointer to backend
tensor	External pointer to tensor
offset	Byte offset (default 0)
size	Number of bytes to read

Value

Numeric vector with data

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_set_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

`ggml_backend_tensor_get_data`*Get Tensor Data via Backend*

Description

Gets tensor data using the backend API. This works with tensors allocated on any backend, not just CPU.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_tensor_get_data(tensor, offset = 0, n_elements = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>tensor</code>	Tensor pointer
<code>offset</code>	Byte offset (default: 0)
<code>n_elements</code>	Number of elements to retrieve (NULL for all)

Value

R vector with tensor data

`ggml_backend_tensor_get_f32_first`*Get First Float from Backend Tensor*

Description

Reads the first f32 element from a backend tensor.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_tensor_get_f32_first(tensor)
```

Arguments

<code>tensor</code>	Tensor pointer
---------------------	----------------

Value

Float value

ggml_backend_tensor_set_async
Set tensor data asynchronously

Description

Set tensor data asynchronously

Usage

```
ggml_backend_tensor_set_async(backend, tensor, data, offset = 0, size = NULL)
```

Arguments

backend	External pointer to backend
tensor	External pointer to tensor
data	Numeric or integer vector
offset	Byte offset (default 0)
size	Number of bytes to copy

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other backend: [ggml_backend_buffer_clear\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_host\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_description\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_get_props\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_init\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_memory\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_offload\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_supports_op\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_dev_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_accel\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_cpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_gpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_device_type_igpu\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_new\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_record\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_event_wait\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_get_device\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_compute_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_create\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_graph_plan_free\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_best\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_init_by_type\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_load_all\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_by_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_count\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_dev_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_get\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_reg_name\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_register\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_synchronize\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_copy\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_tensor_get_async\(\)](#), [ggml_backend_unload\(\)](#)

`ggml_backend_tensor_set_data`*Set Tensor Data via Backend*

Description

Sets tensor data using the backend API. This works with tensors allocated on any backend, not just CPU.

Usage

```
ggml_backend_tensor_set_data(tensor, data, offset = 0)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer
data	R vector with data to set
offset	Byte offset (default: 0)

Value

No return value, called for side effects

`ggml_backend_unload` *Unload backend*

Description

Unload backend

Usage

```
ggml_backend_unload(reg)
```

Arguments

reg	External pointer to registry
-----	------------------------------

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other backend: `ggml_backend_buffer_clear()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_get_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_host`, `ggml_backend_buffer_is_multi_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_reset()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_any()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_compute()`, `ggml_backend_buffer_usage_weight`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_dev_description()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_dev_get_props()`, `ggml_backend_dev_init()`, `ggml_backend_dev_memory()`, `ggml_backend_dev_name()`, `ggml_backend_dev_offload`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_bufi()`, `ggml_backend_dev_supports_op()`, `ggml_backend_dev_type()`, `ggml_backend_device_register()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_accel()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_cpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_gpu()`, `ggml_backend_device_type_igpu()`, `ggml_backend_event_free()`, `ggml_backend_event_new()`, `ggml_backend_event_record()`, `ggml_backend_event_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_event_wait()`, `ggml_backend_get_device()`, `ggml_backend_graph_compute_async()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_compute()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_create()`, `ggml_backend_graph_plan_free()`, `ggml_backend_init_best()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_init_by_type()`, `ggml_backend_load()`, `ggml_backend_load_all()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_alloc_buffer()`, `ggml_backend_multi_buffer_set_usage()`, `ggml_backend_reg_by_name()`, `ggml_backend_reg_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_count()`, `ggml_backend_reg_dev_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_get()`, `ggml_backend_reg_name()`, `ggml_backend_register()`, `ggml_backend_synchronize()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_copy`, `ggml_backend_tensor_get_async()`, `ggml_backend_tensor_set_async()`

`ggml_batch_norm`*Create a Batch Normalization Layer Object*

Description

Create a Batch Normalization Layer Object

Usage

```
ggml_batch_norm(eps = 1e-05, name = NULL, trainable = TRUE)
```

Arguments

<code>eps</code>	Small constant for numerical stability (default 1e-5).
<code>name</code>	Optional character name.
<code>trainable</code>	Logical.

Value

A `ggml_layer` object.

ggml_blk_size	<i>Get Block Size</i>
---------------	-----------------------

Description

Returns the block size for a GGML type. Quantized types process data in blocks (e.g., 32 elements for Q4_0).

Usage

```
ggml_blk_size(type)
```

Arguments

type	GGML type constant
------	--------------------

Value

Integer block size

See Also

Other type_system: [ggml_ftype_to_ggml_type\(\)](#), [ggml_is_quantized\(\)](#), [ggml_type_name\(\)](#), [ggml_type_sizef\(\)](#)

Examples

```
ggml_blk_size(GGML_TYPE_F32) # 1  
ggml_blk_size(GGML_TYPE_Q4_0) # 32
```

ggml_build_forward_expand	<i>Build forward expand</i>
---------------------------	-----------------------------

Description

Builds a computation graph from the output tensor, expanding backwards to include all dependencies.

Creates a computation graph by expanding backwards from the output tensor

Usage

```
ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, tensor)
```

```
ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, tensor)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
tensor	Output tensor of the computation

Value

Graph pointer
Graph object (external pointer)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
b <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
ggml_set_f32(b, c(5, 4, 3, 2, 1))
result <- ggml_add(ctx, a, b)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
b <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
ggml_set_f32(a, 1:10)
ggml_set_f32(b, 11:20)
c <- ggml_add(ctx, a, b)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, c)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
result <- ggml_get_f32(c)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

```
ggml_callback_early_stopping
```

Early stopping callback

Description

Stops training when the monitored metric does not improve.

Usage

```
ggml_callback_early_stopping(
  monitor = "val_loss",
  patience = 5,
  min_delta = 0,
  mode = "auto"
)
```

Arguments

monitor	Metric to monitor: "val_loss", "val_accuracy", "train_loss", "train_accuracy"
patience	Number of epochs with no improvement before stopping
min_delta	Minimum change to qualify as improvement
mode	"min" (lower is better) or "max" (higher is better). "auto" infers from monitor name.

Value

List with `on_epoch_end` function

See Also

Other callbacks: [ggml_schedule_cosine_decay\(\)](#), [ggml_schedule_reduce_on_plateau\(\)](#), [ggml_schedule_step_deca](#)

ggml_can_repeat	<i>Check If Tensor Can Be Repeated</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Check if tensor a can be repeated (broadcast) to match tensor b. Used for broadcasting operations.

Usage

```
ggml_can_repeat(a, b)
```

Arguments

a	Source tensor (smaller)
b	Target tensor (larger or same size)

Value

Logical indicating if a can be repeated to match b

See Also

Other tensor_layout: [ggml_are_same_stride\(\)](#), [ggml_count_equal\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_0\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_1\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_2\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_channels\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_rows](#), [ggml_is_contiguously_allocated\(\)](#)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4)
b <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4, 8)
ggml_can_repeat(a, b) # TRUE - a can broadcast along dim 1
ggml_free(ctx)
```

`ggml_ceil`*Ceiling (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for element-wise ceiling: `ceil(x)`

Usage

```
ggml_ceil(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

<code>ctx</code>	GGML context
<code>a</code>	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the ceil operation

`ggml_ceil_inplace`*Ceiling In-place (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place element-wise ceiling.

Usage

```
ggml_ceil_inplace(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

<code>ctx</code>	GGML context
<code>a</code>	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)

Value

View of tensor `a` with ceiling values

ggml_clamp	<i>Clamp (Graph)</i>
------------	----------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for clamping values to a range: clamp(x, min, max)

Usage

```
ggml_clamp(ctx, a, min_val, max_val)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor
min_val	Minimum value
max_val	Maximum value

Value

Tensor with values clamped to [min_val, max_val]

ggml_compile.ggml_functional_model	<i>Compile a Sequential Model</i>
------------------------------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Configures the model for training: infers shapes, creates backend. Weight tensors are created at training time when batch_size is known.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ggml_functional_model'
ggml_compile(
  model,
  optimizer = "adam",
  loss = "categorical_crossentropy",
  metrics = c("accuracy"),
  backend = "auto"
)

ggml_compile(
  model,
  optimizer = "adam",
```

```

    loss = "categorical_crossentropy",
    metrics = c("accuracy"),
    backend = "auto"
)

## S3 method for class 'ggml_sequential_model'
ggml_compile(
  model,
  optimizer = "adam",
  loss = "categorical_crossentropy",
  metrics = c("accuracy"),
  backend = "auto"
)

```

Arguments

model	A ggml_sequential_model object
optimizer	Optimizer name: "adam" or "sgd"
loss	Loss function name: "categorical_crossentropy" or "mse"
metrics	Character vector of metrics (currently "accuracy")
backend	Backend to use: "auto" (GPU if available, else CPU), "cpu", or "vulkan"

Value

The compiled model (invisibly).

Examples

```

model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_conv_2d(32, c(3,3), activation = "relu",
    input_shape = c(28, 28, 1)) |>
  ggml_layer_max_pooling_2d(c(2, 2)) |>
  ggml_layer_flatten() |>
  ggml_layer_dense(10, activation = "softmax")
model <- ggml_compile(model, optimizer = "adam",
  loss = "categorical_crossentropy")

```

ggml_concat

Concatenate Tensors (Graph)

Description

Concatenates two tensors along a specified dimension. **CRITICAL** for KV-cache operations in transformers.

Usage

```
ggml_concat(ctx, a, b, dim = 0)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	First tensor
b	Second tensor (must match a in all dimensions except the concat dim)
dim	Dimension along which to concatenate (0-3)

Value

Concatenated tensor

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4, 3)
b <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4, 2)
ggml_set_f32(a, rnorm(12))
ggml_set_f32(b, rnorm(8))
# Concatenate along dimension 1: result is 4x5
c <- ggml_concat(ctx, a, b, 1)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, c)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_cont

Make Contiguous (Graph)

Description

Makes a tensor contiguous in memory. Required after permute/transpose before some operations.

Usage

```
ggml_cont(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Contiguous tensor

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 3, 4)
ggml_set_f32(a, 1:12)
transposed <- ggml_transpose(ctx, a)
contiguous <- ggml_cont(ctx, transposed)
ggml_free(ctx)

```

ggml_conv_1d	<i>1D Convolution (Graph)</i>
--------------	-------------------------------

Description

Applies 1D convolution to input data.

Usage

```
ggml_conv_1d(ctx, a, b, s0 = 1L, p0 = 0L, d0 = 1L)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Convolution kernel tensor
b	Input data tensor
s0	Stride (default 1)
p0	Padding (default 0)
d0	Dilation (default 1)

Value

Convolved tensor

ggml_conv_2d	<i>2D Convolution (Graph)</i>
--------------	-------------------------------

Description

Applies 2D convolution to input data.

Usage

```
ggml_conv_2d(ctx, a, b, s0 = 1L, s1 = 1L, p0 = 0L, p1 = 0L, d0 = 1L, d1 = 1L)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Convolution kernel tensor [KW, KH, IC, OC]
b	Input data tensor [W, H, C, N]
s0	Stride dimension 0 (default 1)
s1	Stride dimension 1 (default 1)
p0	Padding dimension 0 (default 0)
p1	Padding dimension 1 (default 0)
d0	Dilation dimension 0 (default 1)
d1	Dilation dimension 1 (default 1)

Value

Convolved tensor

ggml_conv_2d_direct *Direct 2D Convolution (Graph)*

Description

Applies 2D convolution using the direct algorithm (no im2col).

Usage

```
ggml_conv_2d_direct(
    ctx,
    a,
    b,
    s0 = 1L,
    s1 = 1L,
    p0 = 0L,
    p1 = 0L,
    d0 = 1L,
    d1 = 1L
)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Convolution kernel tensor
b	Input data tensor
s0	Stride dimension 0 (default 1)
s1	Stride dimension 1 (default 1)

p0	Padding dimension 0 (default 0)
p1	Padding dimension 1 (default 0)
d0	Dilation dimension 0 (default 1)
d1	Dilation dimension 1 (default 1)

Value

Convolved tensor

ggml_conv_transpose_1d

Transposed 1D Convolution (Graph)

Description

Applies transposed 1D convolution (deconvolution) to input data.

Usage

```
ggml_conv_transpose_1d(ctx, a, b, s0 = 1L, p0 = 0L, d0 = 1L)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Convolution kernel tensor
b	Input data tensor
s0	Stride (default 1)
p0	Padding (default 0)
d0	Dilation (default 1)

Value

Transposed convolved tensor

ggml_cos	<i>Cosine (Graph)</i>
----------	-----------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for element-wise cosine: $\cos(x)$

Usage

```
ggml_cos(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the cos operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(0, pi/3, pi/2, pi))
result <- ggml_cos(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
output <- ggml_get_f32(result) # [1, 0.5, 0, -1]
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_count_equal	<i>Count Equal Elements (Graph)</i>
------------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node that counts equal elements between two tensors. Useful for accuracy computation.

Usage

```
ggml_count_equal(ctx, a, b)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	First tensor
b	Second tensor (same shape as a)

Value

Tensor containing the count of equal elements

See Also

Other tensor_layout: [ggml_are_same_stride\(\)](#), [ggml_can_repeat\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_0\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_1\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_2\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_channels\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_rows\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguously_allocated\(\)](#)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
pred <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_I32, 100)
labels <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_I32, 100)
# ... set values ...
correct <- ggml_count_equal(ctx, pred, labels)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, correct)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
# correct now contains count of matching elements
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_cpu_add

Element-wise Addition (CPU Direct)

Description

Performs element-wise addition of two tensors using direct CPU computation. Returns the result as an R numeric vector. Does NOT use computation graphs.

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_add(a, b)
```

Arguments

a	First tensor (must be F32 type)
b	Second tensor (must be F32 type, same size as a)

Value

Numeric vector containing the element-wise sum

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
b <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
ggml_set_f32(b, c(5, 4, 3, 2, 1))
ggml_cpu_add(a, b)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_cpu_features	<i>Get All CPU Features</i>
-------------------	-----------------------------

Description

Returns a named list of all CPU feature detection results. Useful for diagnostics and optimizing computation.

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_features()
```

Value

Named list with feature names and logical values

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_ssse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd](#)

Examples

```
features <- ggml_cpu_features()
print(features)
# On typical x86-64: sse3=TRUE, avx=TRUE, avx2=TRUE, ...
```

ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen *Get RISC-V Vector Length*

Description

Returns the RISC-V RVV vector length in bytes (0 if not supported).

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen()
```

Value

Integer vector length in bytes

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_ssse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt *Get SVE Vector Length (ARM)*

Description

Returns the SVE vector length in bytes (0 if not supported).

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt()
```

Value

Integer vector length in bytes

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_ssse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

`ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8` *CPU Feature Detection - AMX INT8*

Description

Check if the CPU supports AMX INT8 (Advanced Matrix Extensions). AMX provides hardware acceleration for matrix operations on Intel CPUs.

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8()
```

Value

Logical indicating AMX INT8 support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_ssse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

`ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma` *CPU Feature Detection - ARM FMA*

Description

Check if the CPU supports ARM FMA (Fused Multiply-Add).

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma()
```

Value

Logical indicating ARM FMA support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_ssse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

ggml_cpu_has_avx

CPU Feature Detection - AVX

Description

Check if the CPU supports AVX instructions.

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_has_avx()
```

Value

Logical indicating AVX support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_ssse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

ggml_cpu_has_avx2 *CPU Feature Detection - AVX2*

Description

Check if the CPU supports AVX2 instructions. AVX2 provides 256-bit SIMD operations for faster matrix math.

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_has_avx2()
```

Value

Logical indicating AVX2 support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_ssse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

ggml_cpu_has_avx512 *CPU Feature Detection - AVX-512*

Description

Check if the CPU supports AVX-512 instructions. AVX-512 provides 512-bit SIMD for maximum throughput.

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_has_avx512()
```

Value

Logical indicating AVX-512 support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_ssse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

`ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16`

CPU Feature Detection - AVX-512 BF16

Description

Check if the CPU supports AVX-512 BF16 (bfloat16) instructions.

Usage

`ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16()`

Value

Logical indicating AVX-512 BF16 support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_ssse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

`ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi`

CPU Feature Detection - AVX-512 VBMI

Description

Check if the CPU supports AVX-512 VBMI instructions.

Usage

`ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi()`

Value

Logical indicating AVX-512 VBMI support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: `ggml_cpu_features()`, `ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen()`, `ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt()`, `ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8()`, `ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx2()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni()`, `ggml_cpu_has_bmi2()`, `ggml_cpu_has_dotprod()`, `ggml_cpu_has_f16c()`, `ggml_cpu_has_fma()`, `ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va()`, `ggml_cpu_has_llamafile()`, `ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8()`, `ggml_cpu_has_neon()`, `ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sme()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sse3()`, `ggml_cpu_has_ssse3()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sve()`, `ggml_cpu_has_vsx()`, `ggml_cpu_has_vxe()`, `ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd()`

`ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni`

CPU Feature Detection - AVX-512 VNNI

Description

Check if the CPU supports AVX-512 VNNI instructions. VNNI accelerates neural network inference with int8/int16 dot products.

Usage

`ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni()`

Value

Logical indicating AVX-512 VNNI support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: `ggml_cpu_features()`, `ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen()`, `ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt()`, `ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8()`, `ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx2()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni()`, `ggml_cpu_has_bmi2()`, `ggml_cpu_has_dotprod()`, `ggml_cpu_has_f16c()`, `ggml_cpu_has_fma()`, `ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va()`, `ggml_cpu_has_llamafile()`, `ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8()`, `ggml_cpu_has_neon()`, `ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sme()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sse3()`, `ggml_cpu_has_ssse3()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sve()`, `ggml_cpu_has_vsx()`, `ggml_cpu_has_vxe()`, `ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd()`

ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni *CPU Feature Detection - AVX-VNNI*

Description

Check if the CPU supports AVX-VNNI instructions.

Usage

ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni()

Value

Logical indicating AVX-VNNI support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_ssse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

ggml_cpu_has_bmi2 *CPU Feature Detection - BMI2*

Description

Check if the CPU supports BMI2 (Bit Manipulation Instructions 2).

Usage

ggml_cpu_has_bmi2()

Value

Logical indicating BMI2 support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_ssse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

`ggml_cpu_has_dotprod` *CPU Feature Detection - Dot Product (ARM)*

Description

Check if the CPU supports ARM dot product instructions. Accelerates int8 matrix multiplication common in quantized models.

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_has_dotprod()
```

Value

Logical indicating dot product support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_ssse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

`ggml_cpu_has_f16c` *CPU Feature Detection - F16C*

Description

Check if the CPU supports F16C instructions for float16 conversion.

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_has_f16c()
```

Value

Logical indicating F16C support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: `ggml_cpu_features()`, `ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen()`, `ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt()`, `ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8()`, `ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx2()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni()`, `ggml_cpu_has_bmi2()`, `ggml_cpu_has_dotprod()`, `ggml_cpu_has_fma()`, `ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va()`, `ggml_cpu_has_llamafile()`, `ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8()`, `ggml_cpu_has_neon()`, `ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sme()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sse3()`, `ggml_cpu_has_ssse3()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sve()`, `ggml_cpu_has_vsx()`, `ggml_cpu_has_vxe()`, `ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd()`

ggml_cpu_has_fma	<i>CPU Feature Detection - FMA</i>
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Description

Check if the CPU supports FMA (Fused Multiply-Add) instructions. FMA allows matrix operations to run faster by combining operations.

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_has_fma()
```

Value

Logical indicating FMA support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: `ggml_cpu_features()`, `ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen()`, `ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt()`, `ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8()`, `ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx2()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni()`, `ggml_cpu_has_bmi2()`, `ggml_cpu_has_dotprod()`, `ggml_cpu_has_f16c()`, `ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va()`, `ggml_cpu_has_llamafile()`, `ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8()`, `ggml_cpu_has_neon()`, `ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sme()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sse3()`, `ggml_cpu_has_ssse3()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sve()`, `ggml_cpu_has_vsx()`, `ggml_cpu_has_vxe()`, `ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd()`

ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va *CPU Feature Detection - FP16 Vector Arithmetic (ARM)*

Description

Check if the CPU supports ARM half-precision FP16 vector arithmetic.

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va()
```

Value

Logical indicating FP16 VA support

See Also

Other cpu_features: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_ssse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

ggml_cpu_has_llamafile

CPU Feature Detection - Llamafile

Description

Check if llamafile optimizations are available.

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_has_llamafile()
```

Value

Logical indicating llamafile support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: `ggml_cpu_features()`, `ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen()`, `ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt()`, `ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8()`, `ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx2()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni()`, `ggml_cpu_has_bmi2()`, `ggml_cpu_has_dotprod()`, `ggml_cpu_has_f16c()`, `ggml_cpu_has_fma()`, `ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va()`, `ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8()`, `ggml_cpu_has_neon()`, `ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sme()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sse3()`, `ggml_cpu_has_ssse3()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sve()`, `ggml_cpu_has_vsx()`, `ggml_cpu_has_vxe()`, `ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd()`

`ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8`

CPU Feature Detection - INT8 Matrix Multiply (ARM)

Description

Check if the CPU supports ARM INT8 matrix multiplication.

Usage

`ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8()`

Value

Logical indicating INT8 MATMUL support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: `ggml_cpu_features()`, `ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen()`, `ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt()`, `ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8()`, `ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx2()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni()`, `ggml_cpu_has_bmi2()`, `ggml_cpu_has_dotprod()`, `ggml_cpu_has_f16c()`, `ggml_cpu_has_fma()`, `ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va()`, `ggml_cpu_has_llamafile()`, `ggml_cpu_has_neon()`, `ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sme()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sse3()`, `ggml_cpu_has_ssse3()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sve()`, `ggml_cpu_has_vsx()`, `ggml_cpu_has_vxe()`, `ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd()`

`ggml_cpu_has_neon`

CPU Feature Detection - NEON (ARM)

Description

Check if the CPU supports ARM NEON instructions. NEON is ARM's SIMD extension for vectorized operations.

Usage

`ggml_cpu_has_neon()`

Value

Logical indicating NEON support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_ssse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

`ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v` *CPU Feature Detection - RISC-V Vector*

Description

Check if the CPU supports RISC-V Vector extension.

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v()
```

Value

Logical indicating RISC-V V support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_ssse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

ggml_cpu_has_sme *CPU Feature Detection - SME (ARM)*

Description

Check if the CPU supports ARM SME (Scalable Matrix Extension).

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_has_sme()
```

Value

Logical indicating SME support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_ssse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

ggml_cpu_has_sse3 *CPU Feature Detection - SSE3*

Description

Check if the CPU supports SSE3 instructions.

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_has_sse3()
```

Value

Logical indicating SSE3 support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

Examples

```
ggml_cpu_has_sse3()
```

`ggml_cpu_has_sse3` *CPU Feature Detection - SSSE3*

Description

Check if the CPU supports SSSE3 instructions.

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_has_sse3()
```

Value

Logical indicating SSSE3 support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

ggml_cpu_has_sve *CPU Feature Detection - SVE (ARM)*

Description

Check if the CPU supports ARM SVE (Scalable Vector Extension).

Usage

ggml_cpu_has_sve()

Value

Logical indicating SVE support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_ssse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

ggml_cpu_has_vsx *CPU Feature Detection - VSX (PowerPC)*

Description

Check if the CPU supports PowerPC VSX instructions.

Usage

ggml_cpu_has_vsx()

Value

Logical indicating VSX support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_ssse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vxe\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

ggml_cpu_has_vxe

CPU Feature Detection - VXE (IBM z/Architecture)

Description

Check if the CPU supports IBM z/Architecture VXE instructions.

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_has_vxe()
```

Value

Logical indicating VXE support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: [ggml_cpu_features\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_bmi2\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_dotprod\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_f16c\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fma\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_llamafile\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_neon\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sme\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_ssse3\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_sve\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_vsx\(\)](#), [ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd\(\)](#)

ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd

CPU Feature Detection - WebAssembly SIMD

Description

Check if the CPU/environment supports WebAssembly SIMD.

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_has_wasm_simd()
```

Value

Logical indicating WASM SIMD support

See Also

Other `cpu_features`: `ggml_cpu_features()`, `ggml_cpu_get_rvv_vlen()`, `ggml_cpu_get_sve_cnt()`, `ggml_cpu_has_amx_int8()`, `ggml_cpu_has_arm_fma()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx2()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512_bf16()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vbmi()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx512_vnni()`, `ggml_cpu_has_avx_vnni()`, `ggml_cpu_has_bmi2()`, `ggml_cpu_has_dotprod()`, `ggml_cpu_has_f16c()`, `ggml_cpu_has_fma()`, `ggml_cpu_has_fp16_va()`, `ggml_cpu_has_llamafile()`, `ggml_cpu_has_matmul_int8()`, `ggml_cpu_has_neon()`, `ggml_cpu_has_riscv_v()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sme()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sse3()`, `ggml_cpu_has_ssse3()`, `ggml_cpu_has_sve()`, `ggml_cpu_has_vsx()`, `ggml_cpu_has_vxe()`

ggml_cpu_mul

Element-wise Multiplication (CPU Direct)

Description

Performs element-wise multiplication of two tensors using direct CPU computation. Returns the result as an R numeric vector. Does NOT use computation graphs.

Usage

```
ggml_cpu_mul(a, b)
```

Arguments

a	First tensor (must be F32 type)
b	Second tensor (must be F32 type, same size as a)

Value

Numeric vector containing the element-wise product

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
b <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
ggml_set_f32(b, c(2, 2, 2, 2, 2))
ggml_cpu_mul(a, b)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_cpy	<i>Copy Tensor with Type Conversion (Graph)</i>
----------	---

Description

Copies tensor a into tensor b, performing type conversion if needed. The tensors must have the same number of elements. CRITICAL for type casting operations (e.g., F32 to F16).

Usage

```
ggml_cpy(ctx, a, b)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Source tensor
b	Destination tensor (defines output type and shape)

Value

Tensor representing the copy operation (returns b with a's data)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
# Create F32 tensor
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 100)
ggml_set_f32(a, rnorm(100))
# Create F16 tensor for output
b <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F16, 100)
# Copy with F32 -> F16 conversion
result <- ggml_cpy(ctx, a, b)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_cycles	<i>Get CPU Cycles</i>
-------------	-----------------------

Description

Returns the current CPU cycle count. Useful for low-level benchmarking.

Usage

```
ggml_cycles()
```

Value

Numeric value representing CPU cycles

Examples

```
ggml_cycles()
```

```
ggml_cycles_per_ms    Get CPU Cycles per Millisecond
```

Description

Returns an estimate of CPU cycles per millisecond. Useful for converting cycle counts to time.

Usage

```
ggml_cycles_per_ms()
```

Value

Numeric value representing cycles per millisecond

Examples

```
ggml_cycles_per_ms()
```

```
ggml_default_mlp    Default MLP builder for classification and regression
```

Description

Constructs an uncompiled sequential multi-layer perceptron suitable as a starting point for tabular classification or regression. This is the default `model_fn` used by `LearnerClassifGGML` and `LearnerRegrGGML` when the user does not supply a custom builder, and it is also exported for direct use or as a template for user-defined builders.

Usage

```
ggml_default_mlp(  
  n_features,  
  n_out,  
  task_type = c("classif", "regr"),  
  hidden_layers = c(128L, 64L),  
  activation = "relu",  
  dropout = 0.2  
)
```

Arguments

n_features	Integer. Number of input features. Required.
n_out	Integer. Number of output units. For classification this is the number of classes; for regression this is typically 1.
task_type	Character. One of "classif" or "regr". Controls the final layer's activation.
hidden_layers	Integer vector. Widths of the hidden dense layers. Default c(128L, 64L). Pass integer(0) for a linear model.
activation	Character. Activation applied to each hidden layer. Default "relu". Passed through to ggml_layer_dense .
dropout	Numeric in [0, 1). Dropout rate applied after each hidden layer. Set to 0 to disable dropout. Default 0.2.

Details

The returned model is **not compiled**: the caller is responsible for calling [ggml_compile](#) with the appropriate loss ("categorical_crossentropy" for classification, "mse" for regression) before training.

The final layer is chosen based on task_type:

- "classif" — dense with units = n_out and softmax activation.
- "regr" — dense with units = n_out and no activation (identity / linear output).

Value

An uncompiled ggml_sequential_model object. Call [ggml_compile](#) before [ggml_fit](#).

See Also

[ggml_model_sequential](#), [ggml_layer_dense](#), [ggml_layer_dropout](#), [ggml_compile](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
# 3-class classifier on 20 features
model <- ggml_default_mlp(
  n_features = 20L,
  n_out      = 3L,
  task_type  = "classif",
  hidden_layers = c(64L, 32L),
  dropout    = 0.1
)
model <- ggml_compile(model, optimizer = "adam",
  loss = "categorical_crossentropy")

# Single-output regressor
reg <- ggml_default_mlp(
  n_features = 10L,
  n_out      = 1L,
```

```
    task_type = "regr"  
  )  
  reg <- ggml_compile(reg, optimizer = "adam", loss = "mse")  
  
  ## End(Not run)
```

ggml_dense

Create a Dense Layer Object

Description

Returns a reusable layer object for use with `ggml_apply()`. Applying the same object to multiple tensor nodes shares weights.

Usage

```
ggml_dense(units, activation = NULL, name = NULL, trainable = TRUE)
```

Arguments

<code>units</code>	Number of output units.
<code>activation</code>	Activation function name or NULL.
<code>name</code>	Optional character name.
<code>trainable</code>	Logical; whether weights are updated during training.

Value

A `ggml_layer` object.

Examples

```
encoder <- ggml_dense(64L, activation = "relu")  
x1 <- ggml_input(shape = 32L)  
x2 <- ggml_input(shape = 32L)  
out1 <- x1 |> ggml_apply(encoder)  
out2 <- x2 |> ggml_apply(encoder) # shared weights
```

ggml_diag *Diagonal Matrix (Graph)*

Description

Creates a diagonal matrix from a vector. For vector $a[n]$, produces matrix with a on the diagonal.

Usage

```
ggml_diag(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input vector tensor

Value

Diagonal matrix tensor

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 3)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3))
d <- ggml_diag(ctx, a) # 3x3 diagonal matrix
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, d)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_diag_mask_inf *Diagonal Mask with -Inf (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node that sets elements above the diagonal to $-\text{Inf}$. This is used for causal (autoregressive) attention masking.

Usage

```
ggml_diag_mask_inf(ctx, a, n_past)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (typically attention scores)
n_past	Number of past tokens (shifts the diagonal). Use 0 for standard causal masking where position i can only attend to positions $\leq i$.

Details

In causal attention, we want each position to only attend to itself and previous positions. Setting future positions to $-\text{Inf}$ ensures that after softmax, they contribute 0 attention weight.

The `n_past` parameter allows for KV-cache scenarios where the diagonal needs to be shifted to account for previously processed tokens.

Value

Tensor with same shape as input, elements above diagonal set to $-\text{Inf}$

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
# Create attention scores matrix
scores <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4, 4)
ggml_set_f32(scores, rep(1, 16))
# Apply causal mask
masked <- ggml_diag_mask_inf(ctx, scores, 0)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, masked)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_diag_mask_inf_inplace

Diagonal Mask with -Inf In-place (Graph)

Description

In-place version of `ggml_diag_mask_inf`. Returns a view of the input tensor.

Usage

```
ggml_diag_mask_inf_inplace(ctx, a, n_past)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)
n_past	Number of past tokens

Value

View of input tensor with elements above diagonal set to -Inf

ggml_diag_mask_zero *Diagonal Mask with Zero (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node that sets elements above the diagonal to 0. Alternative to -Inf masking for certain use cases.

Usage

```
ggml_diag_mask_zero(ctx, a, n_past)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor
n_past	Number of past tokens

Value

Tensor with same shape as input, elements above diagonal set to 0

ggml_div *Element-wise Division (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for element-wise division.

Usage

```
ggml_div(ctx, a, b)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	First tensor (numerator)
b	Second tensor (denominator, same shape as a)

Value

Tensor representing the division operation (a / b)

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
b <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(10, 20, 30, 40, 50))
ggml_set_f32(b, c(2, 2, 2, 2, 2))
result <- ggml_div(ctx, a, b)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_get_f32(result)
ggml_free(ctx)

```

ggml_div_inplace	<i>Element-wise Division In-place (Graph)</i>
------------------	---

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place element-wise division. Result is stored in tensor a, saving memory allocation.

Usage

```
ggml_div_inplace(ctx, a, b)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	First tensor (will be modified in-place)
b	Second tensor (same shape as a)

Value

View of tensor a with the division result

ggml_dup	<i>Duplicate Tensor (Graph)</i>
----------	---------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node that copies a tensor. This is a graph operation that must be computed using ggml_build_forward_expand() and ggml_graph_compute(). Unlike ggml_dup_tensor which just allocates, this creates a copy operation in the graph.

Usage

```
ggml_dup(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the copy operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
b <- ggml_dup(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, b)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_get_f32(b)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_dup_inplace	<i>Duplicate Tensor In-place (Graph)</i>
------------------	--

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place tensor duplication. Returns a view of the input tensor.

Usage

```
ggml_dup_inplace(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

View of tensor a

ggml_dup_tensor *Duplicate Tensor*

Description

Creates a copy of a tensor with the same shape and type

Usage

```
ggml_dup_tensor(ctx, tensor)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
tensor	Tensor to duplicate

Value

New tensor pointer with same shape

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 100)
b <- ggml_dup_tensor(ctx, a)
ggml_nelements(b)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_element_size *Get Element Size*

Description

Returns the size of a single element in the tensor.

Usage

```
ggml_element_size(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer
--------	----------------

Value

Element size in bytes

ggml_elu	<i>ELU Activation (Graph)</i>
----------	-------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for ELU (Exponential Linear Unit) activation. $ELU(x) = x$ if $x > 0$, else $\alpha * (\exp(x) - 1)$ where $\alpha = 1$.

Usage

```
ggml_elu(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the ELU operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(-2, -1, 0, 1, 2))
r <- ggml_elu(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, r)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
result <- ggml_get_f32(r)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_elu_inplace	<i>ELU Activation In-place (Graph)</i>
------------------	--

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place ELU (Exponential Linear Unit) activation.

Usage

```
ggml_elu_inplace(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)

Value

View of tensor a with ELU applied

ggml_embedding	<i>Create an Embedding Layer Object</i>
----------------	---

Description

Create an Embedding Layer Object

Usage

```
ggml_embedding(vocab_size, dim, name = NULL, trainable = TRUE)
```

Arguments

vocab_size	Number of distinct tokens.
dim	Embedding dimension.
name	Optional character name.
trainable	Logical.

Value

A ggml_layer object.

ggml_estimate_memory	<i>Estimate Required Memory</i>
----------------------	---------------------------------

Description

Helper function to estimate memory needed for a tensor

Usage

```
ggml_estimate_memory(type = GGML_TYPE_F32, ne0, ne1 = 1, ne2 = 1, ne3 = 1)
```

Arguments

type	Tensor type (GGML_TYPE_F32, etc)
ne0	Size of dimension 0
ne1	Size of dimension 1 (optional)
ne2	Size of dimension 2 (optional)
ne3	Size of dimension 3 (optional)

Value

Estimated memory in bytes

Examples

```
# For 1000x1000 F32 matrix
ggml_estimate_memory(GGML_TYPE_F32, 1000, 1000)
```

ggml_evaluate.ggml_functional_model
Evaluate a Trained Model

Description

Evaluate a Trained Model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ggml_functional_model'
ggml_evaluate(model, x, y, batch_size = 32L, ...)

ggml_evaluate(model, ...)

## S3 method for class 'ggml_sequential_model'
ggml_evaluate(
  model,
  x,
  y,
  batch_size = 32,
  sample_weight = NULL,
  class_weight = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

model	A trained ggml_sequential_model
x	Test data
y	Test labels (one-hot encoded)
batch_size	Batch size for evaluation
...	Additional arguments (ignored).
sample_weight	Numeric vector of per-sample weights (length = nrow(x)).
class_weight	Named vector of weights per class, e.g. c("0"=1, "1"=10). Cannot be used with sample_weight.

Value

Named list with loss and accuracy.

Examples

```
n <- 128
x <- matrix(runif(n * 4), nrow = n, ncol = 4)
y <- matrix(0, nrow = n, ncol = 2)
for (i in seq_len(n)) { y[i, if (sum(x[i,]) > 2) 1L else 2L] <- 1 }

model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_dense(8, activation = "relu") |>
  ggml_layer_dense(2, activation = "softmax")
model$input_shape <- 4L
model <- ggml_compile(model, optimizer = "adam",
  loss = "categorical_crossentropy")
model <- ggml_fit(model, x, y, epochs = 5, batch_size = 32, verbose = 0)

# Basic evaluation
result <- ggml_evaluate(model, x, y, batch_size = 32)

# With sample_weight
sw <- runif(n, 0.5, 1.5)
result <- ggml_evaluate(model, x, y, batch_size = 32, sample_weight = sw)

# With class_weight
result <- ggml_evaluate(model, x, y, batch_size = 32,
  class_weight = c("0" = 1, "1" = 2))
```

ggml_exp

Exponential (Graph)

Description

Creates a graph node for element-wise exponential: $\exp(x)$

Usage

```
ggml_exp(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the exp operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 3)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(0, 1, 2))
result <- ggml_exp(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
output <- ggml_get_f32(result) # [1, e, e^2]
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_exp_inplace	<i>Exponential In-place (Graph)</i>
------------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place element-wise exponential: e^x

Usage

```
ggml_exp_inplace(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)

Value

View of tensor a with exponential values

```
ggml_fit.ggml_functional_model
    Train a Model (dispatcher)
```

Description

Dispatcher: if the first argument is a `ggml_sequential_model`, delegates to the Keras-style high-level API (`ggml_fit_sequential`); otherwise delegates to the low-level optimizer loop (`ggml_fit_opt`).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ggml_functional_model'
ggml_fit(
  model,
  x,
  y,
  epochs = 1L,
  batch_size = 32L,
  validation_split = 0,
  validation_data = NULL,
  verbose = 1L,
  ...
)

ggml_fit(model, ...)

## S3 method for class 'ggml_sequential_model'
ggml_fit(model, ...)

## Default S3 method:
ggml_fit(model, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>model</code>	A compiled model object.
<code>x</code>	Training data (matrix or array).
<code>y</code>	Training labels (matrix, one-hot encoded).
<code>epochs</code>	Number of training epochs (default: 1).
<code>batch_size</code>	Batch size (default: 32).
<code>validation_split</code>	Fraction of data for validation (default: 0).
<code>validation_data</code>	Optional list(<code>x_val</code> , <code>y_val</code>). Overrides <code>validation_split</code> .
<code>verbose</code>	0 = silent, 1 = progress (default: 1).
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to the appropriate implementation.

Details**Keras-style (Sequential model):****model** A compiled ggml_sequential_model**x** Training data (matrix or array)**y** Training labels (matrix, one-hot encoded for classification)**epochs** Number of training epochs (default: 1)**batch_size** Batch size (default: 32)**validation_split** Fraction of data for validation (default: 0)**validation_data** Optional list(x_val, y_val) for validation. Overrides validation_split.**class_weight** Named vector of weights per class, e.g. c("0"=1, "1"=10). Cannot be used with sample_weight.**sample_weight** Numeric vector of per-sample weights (length = nrow(x)). Cannot be used with class_weight.**verbose** 0 = silent, 1 = progress (default: 1)**Low-level (optimizer loop):****sched** Backend scheduler**ctx_compute** Compute context**inputs** Input tensor**outputs** Output tensor**dataset** Dataset from ggml_opt_dataset_init()**loss_type** Loss type (default: MSE)**optimizer** Optimizer type (default: AdamW)**nepoch** Number of epochs (default: 10)**nbatch_logical** Logical batch size (default: 32)**val_split** Validation fraction (default: 0)**callbacks** List of callback objects**silent** Suppress output (default: FALSE)**Value**

For Sequential models: the trained model (invisibly). For the low-level API: a data frame with columns epoch, train_loss, train_accuracy, val_loss, val_accuracy.

See Also

[ggml_fit_opt](#), [ggml_compile](#)

Examples

```

n <- 128
x <- matrix(runif(n * 4), nrow = n, ncol = 4)
y <- matrix(0, nrow = n, ncol = 2)
for (i in seq_len(n)) { y[i, if (sum(x[i,]) > 2) 1L else 2L] <- 1 }

model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_dense(8, activation = "relu") |>
  ggml_layer_dense(2, activation = "softmax")
model$input_shape <- 4L
model <- ggml_compile(model, optimizer = "adam",
  loss = "categorical_crossentropy")

# Basic training
model <- ggml_fit(model, x, y, epochs = 5, batch_size = 32, verbose = 0)

# With validation_data
x_val <- matrix(runif(32 * 4), nrow = 32, ncol = 4)
y_val <- matrix(0, nrow = 32, ncol = 2)
for (i in seq_len(32)) { y_val[i, if (sum(x_val[i,]) > 2) 1L else 2L] <- 1 }
model <- ggml_fit(model, x, y, epochs = 3, batch_size = 32,
  validation_data = list(x_val, y_val), verbose = 0)

# With class_weight (useful for imbalanced classes)
model <- ggml_fit(model, x, y, epochs = 3, batch_size = 32,
  class_weight = c("0" = 1, "1" = 2), verbose = 0)

# With sample_weight
sw <- runif(n, 0.5, 1.5)
model <- ggml_fit(model, x, y, epochs = 3, batch_size = 32,
  sample_weight = sw, verbose = 0)

```

ggml_fit_opt

Fit model with R-side epoch loop and callbacks

Description

Trains a model epoch by epoch in R, allowing callbacks for early stopping and learning rate scheduling. Optimizer state (momentum) is preserved across all epochs.

Usage

```

ggml_fit_opt(
  sched,
  ctx_compute,
  inputs,
  outputs,
  dataset,

```

```

    loss_type = ggml_opt_loss_type_mse(),
    optimizer = ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw(),
    nepoch = 10L,
    nbatch_logical = 32L,
    val_split = 0,
    callbacks = list(),
    silent = FALSE
)

```

Arguments

sched	Backend scheduler
ctx_compute	Compute context (for temporary tensors)
inputs	Input tensor with shape [ne_datapoint, batch_size]
outputs	Output tensor with shape [ne_label, batch_size]
dataset	Dataset created with 'ggml_opt_dataset_init()'
loss_type	Loss type (default: MSE)
optimizer	Optimizer type (default: AdamW)
nepoch	Number of epochs
nbatch_logical	Logical batch size (for gradient accumulation)
val_split	Fraction of data for validation (0.0 to 1.0)
callbacks	List of callback lists. Each element may have 'on_epoch_begin(epoch, logs, state)' and/or 'on_epoch_end(epoch, logs, state)'. Built-in factories: 'ggml_callback_early_stopping()', 'ggml_schedule_step_decay()', 'ggml_schedule_cosine_decay()', 'ggml_schedule_reduce_on_plateau()'. 'state' is a mutable environment with fields: 'stop' (set TRUE to stop training), 'lr_ud', 'nepoch'.
silent	Whether to suppress per-epoch progress output

Value

Data frame with columns epoch, train_loss, train_accuracy, val_loss, val_accuracy

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_params\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

Examples

```
if (FALSE) {  
  history <- ggml_fit_opt(sched, ctx_compute, inputs, outputs, dataset,  
    nepoch = 50, val_split = 0.2,  
    callbacks = list(  
      ggml_callback_early_stopping(monitor = "val_loss", patience = 5),  
      ggml_schedule_cosine_decay()  
    ))  
}
```

ggml_flash_attn_back *Flash Attention Backward (Graph)*

Description

Backward pass for Flash Attention. Used during training to compute gradients through attention.

Usage

```
ggml_flash_attn_back(ctx, q, k, v, d, masked = TRUE)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
q	Query tensor (same as forward pass)
k	Key tensor (same as forward pass)
v	Value tensor (same as forward pass)
d	Gradient tensor from upstream (same shape as forward output)
masked	Logical: whether causal masking was used in forward pass

Value

Gradient tensor

ggml_flash_attn_ext *Flash Attention (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for Flash Attention computation. This is a memory-efficient implementation of scaled dot-product attention.

Usage

```
ggml_flash_attn_ext(
    ctx,
    q,
    k,
    v,
    mask = NULL,
    scale,
    max_bias = 0,
    logit_softcap = 0
)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
q	Query tensor of shape [head_dim, n_head, n_tokens, batch]
k	Key tensor of shape [head_dim, n_head_kv, n_kv, batch]
v	Value tensor of shape [head_dim, n_head_kv, n_kv, batch]
mask	Optional attention mask tensor (NULL for no mask). For causal attention, use ggml_diag_mask_inf instead.
scale	Attention scale factor, typically $1/\sqrt{\text{head_dim}}$
max_bias	Maximum ALiBi bias (0.0 to disable ALiBi)
logit_softcap	Logit soft-capping value (0.0 to disable). Used by some models like Gemma 2.

Details

Flash Attention computes: $\text{softmax}(Q * K^T / \text{scale} + \text{mask}) * V$

Key features: - Memory efficient: $O(n)$ instead of $O(n^2)$ memory for attention matrix - Supports grouped-query attention (GQA) when $n_head_kv < n_head$ - Supports multi-query attention (MQA) when $n_head_kv = 1$ - Optional ALiBi (Attention with Linear Biases) for position encoding - Optional logit soft-capping for numerical stability

Value

Attention output tensor of shape [head_dim, n_head, n_tokens, batch]

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(64 * 1024 * 1024)
head_dim <- 64
n_head <- 8
n_head_kv <- 2 # GQA with 4:1 ratio
seq_len <- 32
q <- ggml_new_tensor_4d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, head_dim, n_head, seq_len, 1)
k <- ggml_new_tensor_4d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, head_dim, n_head_kv, seq_len, 1)
v <- ggml_new_tensor_4d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, head_dim, n_head_kv, seq_len, 1)
ggml_set_f32(q, rnorm(head_dim * n_head * seq_len))
ggml_set_f32(k, rnorm(head_dim * n_head_kv * seq_len))
ggml_set_f32(v, rnorm(head_dim * n_head_kv * seq_len))
# Scale = 1/sqrt(head_dim)
scale <- 1.0 / sqrt(head_dim)
# Compute attention
out <- ggml_flash_attn_ext(ctx, q, k, v, NULL, scale, 0.0, 0.0)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, out)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_free(ctx)

```

ggml_floor

Floor (Graph)

Description

Creates a graph node for element-wise floor: floor(x)

Usage

```
ggml_floor(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the floor operation

ggml_floor_inplace	<i>Floor In-place (Graph)</i>
--------------------	-------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place element-wise floor.

Usage

```
ggml_floor_inplace(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)

Value

View of tensor a with floor values

ggml_free	<i>Free GGML context</i>
-----------	--------------------------

Description

Free GGML context

Usage

```
ggml_free(ctx)
```

Arguments

ctx	Context pointer
-----	-----------------

Value

NULL (invisible)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_freeze_weights *Freeze Layer Weights*

Description

Sets trainable = FALSE on layers, preventing their weights from being updated during training. Accepts optional from / to to freeze a range of layers by index, or layer_names to freeze by name. If none are provided, all layers are frozen.

Usage

```
ggml_freeze_weights(  
  model,  
  from = 1L,  
  to = length(model$layers),  
  layer_names = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

model	A model object (ggml_sequential_model or ggml_functional_model)
from	Integer index of the first layer to freeze (default: 1)
to	Integer index of the last layer to freeze (default: last layer)
layer_names	Character vector of layer names to freeze (overrides from/to)
...	Additional arguments passed to methods

Value

The model with selected layers frozen.

Examples

```
model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>  
  ggml_layer_dense(64, activation = "relu") |>  
  ggml_layer_dense(10, activation = "softmax")  
  
# Freeze all layers  
model <- ggml_freeze_weights(model)  
  
# Freeze only the first layer  
model <- ggml_freeze_weights(model, from = 1, to = 1)
```

ggml_ftype_to_ggml_type
Convert ftype to ggml_type

Description

Converts a file type (ftype) to the corresponding GGML type. Used when loading quantized models.

Usage

```
ggml_ftype_to_ggml_type(ftype)
```

Arguments

ftype	File type constant
-------	--------------------

Value

Integer GGML type

See Also

Other type_system: [ggml_blk_size\(\)](#), [ggml_is_quantized\(\)](#), [ggml_type_name\(\)](#), [ggml_type_sizef\(\)](#)

ggml_gallocr_alloc_graph
Allocate Memory for Graph

Description

Allocates memory for all tensors in the computation graph. This must be called before computing the graph.

Usage

```
ggml_gallocr_alloc_graph(galloc, graph)
```

Arguments

galloc	Graph allocator object
graph	Graph object

Value

TRUE on success, FALSE on failure

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
galloc <- ggml_gallocr_new()

# Create graph
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
b <- ggml_relu(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, b)

# Allocate and compute
ggml_gallocr_alloc_graph(galloc, graph)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)

ggml_gallocr_free(galloc)
ggml_free(ctx)

```

ggml_gallocr_free *Free Graph Allocator*

Description

Frees a graph allocator and all associated buffers.

Usage

```
ggml_gallocr_free(galloc)
```

Arguments

galloc Graph allocator object

Value

No return value, called for side effects

ggml_gallocr_get_buffer_size
 Get Graph Allocator Buffer Size

Description

Returns the size of the buffer used by the graph allocator.

Usage

```
ggml_gallocr_get_buffer_size(galloc, buffer_id = 0L)
```

Arguments

galloc	Graph allocator object
buffer_id	Buffer ID (default: 0 for single-buffer allocator)

Value

Size in bytes

ggml_gallocr_new	<i>Create Graph Allocator</i>
------------------	-------------------------------

Description

Creates a new graph allocator for efficient memory management. The allocator can automatically allocate and reuse memory for graph tensors.

Usage

```
ggml_gallocr_new()
```

Value

Graph allocator object (external pointer)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
galloc <- ggml_gallocr_new()

a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
b <- ggml_relu(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, b)

# Allocate graph
ggml_gallocr_alloc_graph(galloc, graph)

ggml_gallocr_free(galloc)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_gallocr_reserve *Reserve Memory for Graph*

Description

Pre-allocates memory for a graph. This is optional but recommended when running the same graph multiple times to avoid reallocation.

Usage

```
ggml_gallocr_reserve(galloc, graph)
```

Arguments

galloc	Graph allocator object
graph	Graph object

Value

TRUE on success, FALSE on failure

ggml_geglu *GeGLU (GELU Gated Linear Unit) (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for GeGLU operation. GeGLU uses GELU as the activation function on the first half. CRITICAL for models like GPT-NeoX and Falcon.

Usage

```
ggml_geglu(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (first dimension must be even)

Details

Formula: $\text{output} = \text{GELU}(x) * \text{gate}$

Value

Tensor with half the first dimension of input

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 8, 3)
ggml_set_f32(a, rnorm(24))
r <- ggml_geglu(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, r)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
result <- ggml_get_f32(r) # Shape: 4x3
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_geglu_quick	<i>GeGLU Quick (Fast GeGLU) (Graph)</i>
------------------	---

Description

Creates a graph node for fast GeGLU approximation. Uses faster but less accurate GELU approximation for gating.

Usage

```
ggml_geglu_quick(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (first dimension must be even)

Value

Tensor with half the first dimension of input

ggml_geglu_split	<i>GeGLU Split (Graph)</i>
------------------	----------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for GeGLU with separate input and gate tensors.

Usage

```
ggml_geglu_split(ctx, a, b)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (the values to be gated)
b	Gate tensor (same shape as a)

Details

Formula: $\text{output} = \text{GELU}(a) * b$

Value

Tensor with same shape as input tensors

ggml_gelu	<i>GELU Activation (Graph)</i>
-----------	--------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for GELU (Gaussian Error Linear Unit) activation. CRITICAL for GPT models.

Usage

```
ggml_gelu(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the GELU operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(-2, -1, 0, 1, 2))
result <- ggml_gelu(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_get_f32(result)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_gelu_erf	<i>Exact GELU Activation (Graph)</i>
---------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for exact GELU using the error function (erf). $GELU(x) = x * 0.5 * (1 + erf(x / \sqrt{2}))$. More accurate than approximate GELU but potentially slower on some backends.

Usage

```
ggml_gelu_erf(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the exact GELU operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(-2, -1, 0, 1, 2))
r <- ggml_gelu_erf(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, r)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
result <- ggml_get_f32(r)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_gelu_inplace	<i>GELU Activation In-place (Graph)</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place GELU (Gaussian Error Linear Unit) activation. CRITICAL for GPT models with memory efficiency.

Usage

```
ggml_gelu_inplace(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)

Value

View of tensor a with GELU applied

ggml_gelu_quick	<i>GELU Quick Activation (Graph)</i>
-----------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for fast approximation of GELU. Faster than standard GELU with minimal accuracy loss.

Usage

```
ggml_gelu_quick(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the GELU quick operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(-2, -1, 0, 1, 2))
result <- ggml_gelu_quick(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
output <- ggml_get_f32(result)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_get_f32	<i>Get F32 data</i>
--------------	---------------------

Description

Get F32 data

Get F32 Data

Usage

```
ggml_get_f32(tensor)
```

```
ggml_get_f32(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor Tensor

Value

Numeric vector with tensor values

Numeric vector

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
tensor <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(tensor, c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
ggml_get_f32(tensor)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
t <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(t, c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
ggml_get_f32(t)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_get_f32_nd *Get Single Float Value by N-D Index*

Description

Gets a single f32 value from the tensor at position [i0, i1, i2, i3]. Works with any tensor type (auto-converts to float).

Usage

```
ggml_get_f32_nd(tensor, i0, i1 = 0, i2 = 0, i3 = 0)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer
i0, i1, i2, i3	Indices (0-based)

Value

Float value

ggml_get_first_tensor *Get First Tensor from Context*

Description

Get First Tensor from Context

Usage

```
ggml_get_first_tensor(ctx)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
-----	--------------

Value

Tensor pointer or NULL

ggml_get_i32 *Get I32 Data*

Description

Gets integer data from an I32 tensor (e.g., from ggml_argmax)

Usage

```
ggml_get_i32(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor Tensor of type GGML_TYPE_I32

Value

Integer vector

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
pos <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_I32, 10)
ggml_set_i32(pos, 0:9)
ggml_get_i32(pos)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_get_i32_nd *Get Single Int32 Value by N-D Index*

Description

Gets a single i32 value from the tensor at position [i0, i1, i2, i3].

Usage

```
ggml_get_i32_nd(tensor, i0, i1 = 0, i2 = 0, i3 = 0)
```

Arguments

tensor Tensor pointer
i0, i1, i2, i3 Indices (0-based)

Value

Integer value

ggml_get_layer *Get a Layer from a Sequential Model*

Description

Retrieves a layer by name or by integer index (1-based).

Usage

```
ggml_get_layer(model, index = NULL, name = NULL)
```

Arguments

model	A ggml_sequential_model object
index	Integer index of the layer (1-based), or NULL
name	Character name of the layer, or NULL

Value

The layer list object

Examples

```
model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_dense(64, activation = "relu", name = "hidden") |>
  ggml_layer_dense(10, activation = "softmax", name = "output")

ggml_get_layer(model, index = 1)
ggml_get_layer(model, name = "output")
```

ggml_get_max_tensor_size
Get Maximum Tensor Size

Description

Returns the maximum tensor size that can be allocated in the context

Usage

```
ggml_get_max_tensor_size(ctx)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
-----	--------------

Value

Maximum tensor size in bytes

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
ggml_get_max_tensor_size(ctx)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_get_mem_size *Get Context Memory Size*

Description

Returns the total memory pool size of the context

Usage

```
ggml_get_mem_size(ctx)
```

Arguments

ctx GGML context

Value

Total memory size in bytes

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
ggml_get_mem_size(ctx)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_get_name	<i>Get Tensor Name</i>
---------------	------------------------

Description

Retrieves the name of a tensor.

Usage

```
ggml_get_name(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer
--------	----------------

Value

Character string name or NULL if not set

ggml_get_next_tensor	<i>Get Next Tensor from Context</i>
----------------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Get Next Tensor from Context

Usage

```
ggml_get_next_tensor(ctx, tensor)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
tensor	Current tensor

Value

Next tensor pointer or NULL

ggml_get_no_alloc *Get No Allocation Mode*

Description

Check if no-allocation mode is enabled

Usage

```
ggml_get_no_alloc(ctx)
```

Arguments

ctx GGML context

Value

Logical indicating if no_alloc is enabled

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
ggml_get_no_alloc(ctx)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_get_n_threads *Get Number of Threads*

Description

Get the current number of threads for GGML operations

Usage

```
ggml_get_n_threads()
```

Value

Number of threads

Examples

```
ggml_get_n_threads()
```

ggml_get_op_params *Get Tensor Operation Parameters*

Description

Returns the raw op_params bytes from a tensor. These parameters control operation-specific behavior (e.g., precision, mode).

Usage

```
ggml_get_op_params(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor External pointer to tensor

Value

Raw vector of op_params bytes

See Also

Other tensor: [ggml_are_same_layout\(\)](#), [ggml_get_op_params_f32\(\)](#), [ggml_get_op_params_i32\(\)](#), [ggml_set_op_params\(\)](#), [ggml_set_op_params_f32\(\)](#), [ggml_set_op_params_i32\(\)](#)

ggml_get_op_params_f32
 Get Float Op Parameter

Description

Gets a single float value from tensor op_params at given index.

Usage

```
ggml_get_op_params_f32(tensor, index)
```

Arguments

tensor External pointer to tensor
index 0-based index (0-15 for 64-byte op_params)

Value

Numeric value

See Also

Other tensor: [ggml_are_same_layout\(\)](#), [ggml_get_op_params\(\)](#), [ggml_get_op_params_i32\(\)](#), [ggml_set_op_params\(\)](#), [ggml_set_op_params_f32\(\)](#), [ggml_set_op_params_i32\(\)](#)

ggml_get_op_params_i32

Get Integer Op Parameter

Description

Gets a single int32 value from tensor op_params at given index.

Usage

```
ggml_get_op_params_i32(tensor, index)
```

Arguments

tensor	External pointer to tensor
index	0-based index (0-15 for 64-byte op_params)

Value

Integer value

See Also

Other tensor: [ggml_are_same_layout\(\)](#), [ggml_get_op_params\(\)](#), [ggml_get_op_params_f32\(\)](#), [ggml_set_op_params\(\)](#), [ggml_set_op_params_f32\(\)](#), [ggml_set_op_params_i32\(\)](#)

ggml_get_rows

Get Rows by Indices (Graph)

Description

Creates a graph node that extracts rows from a tensor by index. This is commonly used for embedding lookup in LLMs.

Usage

```
ggml_get_rows(ctx, a, b)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Data tensor of shape [n_embd, n_rows, ...] - the embedding table
b	Index tensor (int32) of shape [n_indices] - which rows to extract

Details

This operation is fundamental for embedding lookup in transformers: given a vocabulary embedding matrix and token indices, it retrieves the corresponding embedding vectors.

Value

Tensor of shape [n_embd, n_indices, ...] containing the selected rows

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
# Create embedding matrix: 10 tokens, 4-dim embeddings
embeddings <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4, 10)
ggml_set_f32(embeddings, rnorm(40))
# Token indices to look up
indices <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_I32, 3)
ggml_set_i32(indices, c(0L, 5L, 2L))
# Get embeddings for tokens 0, 5, 2
result <- ggml_get_rows(ctx, embeddings, indices)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_get_rows_back *Get Rows Backward (Graph)*

Description

Backward pass for ggml_get_rows operation. Accumulates gradients at the original row positions.

Usage

```
ggml_get_rows_back(ctx, a, b, c)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Gradient of get_rows output
b	Index tensor (same as forward pass)
c	Reference tensor defining output shape

Value

Gradient tensor for the embedding matrix

ggml_get_unary_op	<i>Get Unary Operation from Tensor</i>
-------------------	--

Description

Returns the unary operation type for a unary operation tensor.

Usage

```
ggml_get_unary_op(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer (must be a unary operation result)
--------	---

Value

Integer unary operation type

See Also

Other op_info: [ggml_op_desc\(\)](#), [ggml_op_name\(\)](#), [ggml_op_symbol\(\)](#), [ggml_unary_op_name\(\)](#)

ggml_glu	<i>Generic GLU (Gated Linear Unit) (Graph)</i>
----------	--

Description

Creates a graph node for GLU operation with specified gating type. GLU splits the input tensor in half along the first dimension, applies an activation to the first half (x), and multiplies it with the second half (gate).

Usage

```
ggml_glu(ctx, a, op, swapped = FALSE)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (first dimension must be even)
op	GLU operation type (GGML_GLU_OP_REGLU, GGML_GLU_OP_GEGLU, etc.)
swapped	If TRUE, swap x and gate halves (default FALSE)

Details

Formula: $\text{output} = \text{activation}(x) * \text{gate}$ where x and gate are the two halves of the input tensor.

Value

Tensor with shape $[n/2, \dots]$ where n is the first dimension of input

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
# Create tensor with 10 columns (will be split into 5 + 5)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10, 4)
ggml_set_f32(a, rnorm(40))
# Apply SwiGLU
r <- ggml_glu(ctx, a, GGML_GLU_OP_SWIGLU, FALSE)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, r)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
result <- ggml_get_f32(r) # Shape: 5x4
ggml_free(ctx)
```

GGML_GLU_OP_REGLU

GLU Operation Types

Description

Constants for GLU (Gated Linear Unit) operation types. Used with `ggml_glu()` and `ggml_glu_split()`.

Usage

GGML_GLU_OP_REGLU

GGML_GLU_OP_GEGLU

GGML_GLU_OP_SWIGLU

GGML_GLU_OP_SWIGLU_OAI

GGML_GLU_OP_GEGLU_ERF

GGML_GLU_OP_GEGLU_QUICK

Format

Integer constants

An object of class `integer` of length 1.

An object of class `integer` of length 1.

An object of class integer of length 1.

An object of class integer of length 1.

An object of class integer of length 1.

Details

- GGML_GLU_OP_REGLU (0): ReGLU - ReLU gating
- GGML_GLU_OP_GEGLU (1): GeGLU - GELU gating (used in GPT-NeoX, Falcon)
- GGML_GLU_OP_SWIGLU (2): SwiGLU - SiLU/Swish gating (used in LLaMA, Mistral)
- GGML_GLU_OP_SWIGLU_OAI (3): SwiGLU OpenAI variant
- GGML_GLU_OP_GEGLU_ERF (4): GeGLU with exact erf implementation
- GGML_GLU_OP_GEGLU_QUICK (5): GeGLU with fast approximation

Value

An integer constant representing a GLU operation type

Examples

```
GGML_GLU_OP_REGLU      # 0 - ReLU gating
GGML_GLU_OP_GEGLU     # 1 - GELU gating
GGML_GLU_OP_SWIGLU    # 2 - SiLU/Swish gating
GGML_GLU_OP_SWIGLU_OAI # 3 - SwiGLU OpenAI
GGML_GLU_OP_GEGLU_ERF # 4 - GELU with erf
GGML_GLU_OP_GEGLU_QUICK # 5 - Fast GELU
```

ggml_glu_split	<i>Generic GLU Split (Graph)</i>
----------------	----------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for GLU with separate input and gate tensors. Unlike standard GLU which splits a single tensor, this takes two separate tensors.

Usage

```
ggml_glu_split(ctx, a, b, op)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (the values to be gated)
b	Gate tensor (same shape as a)
op	GLU operation type (GGML_GLU_OP_REGLU, GGML_GLU_OP_GEGLU, etc.)

Value

Tensor with same shape as input tensors

ggml_graph_compute	<i>Compute graph</i>
--------------------	----------------------

Description

Executes all operations in the computation graph.

Executes the computation graph using CPU backend

Usage

```
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
```

```
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
graph	Graph object created by ggml_build_forward_expand

Value

NULL (invisible)

No return value, called for side effects

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
result <- ggml_relu(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_get_f32(result)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
b <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
ggml_set_f32(a, 1:10)
ggml_set_f32(b, 11:20)
c <- ggml_add(ctx, a, b)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, c)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
result <- ggml_get_f32(c)
```

```
ggml_free(ctx)
```

```
ggml_graph_compute_with_ctx
```

Compute Graph with Context (Alternative Method)

Description

Computes the computation graph using the context-based method. This is an alternative to `ggml_graph_compute()` that uses `ggml_graph_plan()` and `ggml_graph_compute()` internally.

Usage

```
ggml_graph_compute_with_ctx(ctx, graph, n_threads = 0L)
```

Arguments

<code>ctx</code>	GGML context
<code>graph</code>	Graph object created by <code>ggml_build_forward_expand</code>
<code>n_threads</code>	Number of threads to use (0 for auto-detect, default: 0)

Value

No return value, called for side effects

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
ggml_set_f32(a, 1:10)
c <- ggml_relu(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, c)
ggml_graph_compute_with_ctx(ctx, graph)
result <- ggml_get_f32(c)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_graph_dump_dot *Export Graph to DOT Format*

Description

Exports the computation graph to a DOT file for visualization. The DOT file can be converted to an image using Graphviz tools.

Usage

```
ggml_graph_dump_dot(graph, leafs = NULL, filename)
```

Arguments

graph	Graph object
leafs	Optional graph with leaf tensors (NULL for none)
filename	Output filename (should end with .dot)

Value

No return value, called for side effects

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
b <- ggml_relu(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, b)
ggml_graph_dump_dot(graph, NULL, tempfile(fileext = ".dot"))
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_graph_get_tensor *Get Tensor from Graph by Name*

Description

Finds a tensor in the computation graph by its name

Usage

```
ggml_graph_get_tensor(graph, name)
```

Arguments

graph	Graph object
name	Character string with tensor name

Value

Tensor pointer or NULL if not found

ggml_graph_node *Get Graph Node*

Description

Gets a specific node (tensor) from the computation graph by index

Usage

```
ggml_graph_node(graph, i)
```

Arguments

graph	Graph object
i	Node index (0-based, negative indices count from end)

Value

Tensor pointer

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
b <- ggml_add(ctx, a, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, b)
# Get the last node (output)
output <- ggml_graph_node(graph, -1)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_graph_n_nodes *Get Number of Nodes in Graph*

Description

Returns the number of computation nodes in the graph

Usage

```
ggml_graph_n_nodes(graph)
```

Arguments

graph Graph object

Value

Integer number of nodes

ggml_graph_overhead *Get Graph Overhead*

Description

Returns the memory overhead required for a computation graph

Usage

ggml_graph_overhead()

Value

Size in bytes

ggml_graph_print *Print Graph Information*

Description

Prints debug information about the computation graph

Usage

ggml_graph_print(graph)

Arguments

graph Graph object

Value

No return value, called for side effects

ggml_graph_reset	<i>Reset Graph (for backpropagation)</i>
------------------	--

Description

Resets the computation graph for a new backward pass. NOTE: This function requires the graph to have gradients allocated (used for training/backpropagation). For inference-only graphs, this function will cause an error.

Usage

```
ggml_graph_reset(graph)
```

Arguments

graph	Graph object with gradients allocated
-------	---------------------------------------

Value

No return value, called for side effects

ggml_graph_view	<i>Create a View of a Subgraph</i>
-----------------	------------------------------------

Description

Creates a view of a portion of a computation graph, containing nodes from index `i0` to `i1` (exclusive). The view shares the underlying nodes but does not include leaf tensors or gradients.

Usage

```
ggml_graph_view(graph, i0, i1)
```

Arguments

graph	External pointer to computation graph
i0	Start index (0-based, inclusive)
i1	End index (exclusive)

Value

External pointer to graph view

See Also

Other graph: [ggml_op_can_inplace\(\)](#)

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
b <- ggml_relu(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, b)
n_nodes <- ggml_graph_n_nodes(graph)
view <- ggml_graph_view(graph, 0, n_nodes)
ggml_free(ctx)

```

ggml_group_norm	<i>Group Normalization (Graph)</i>
-----------------	------------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for group normalization. Normalizes along $ne0*ne1*n_groups$ dimensions. Used in Stable Diffusion and other image generation models.

Usage

```
ggml_group_norm(ctx, a, n_groups, eps = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor
n_groups	Number of groups to divide channels into
eps	Epsilon for numerical stability (default 1e-5)

Value

Tensor representing the group norm operation

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
# 4 channels, 2 groups (2 channels per group)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4, 8)
ggml_set_f32(a, rnorm(32))
result <- ggml_group_norm(ctx, a, n_groups = 2)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_free(ctx)

```

`ggml_group_norm_inplace`*Group Normalization In-place (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place group normalization.

Usage

```
ggml_group_norm_inplace(ctx, a, n_groups, eps = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

<code>ctx</code>	GGML context
<code>a</code>	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)
<code>n_groups</code>	Number of groups
<code>eps</code>	Epsilon for numerical stability (default 1e-5)

Value

View of input tensor with group norm applied

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4, 8)
ggml_set_f32(a, rnorm(32))
result <- ggml_group_norm_inplace(ctx, a, n_groups = 2)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

`ggml_gru`*Create a GRU Layer Object*

Description

Create a GRU Layer Object

Usage

```

ggml_gru(
    units,
    return_sequences = FALSE,
    activation = "tanh",
    recurrent_activation = "sigmoid",
    name = NULL,
    trainable = TRUE
)

```

Arguments

units	Integer, number of hidden units.
return_sequences	Logical.
activation	Candidate activation (default "tanh").
recurrent_activation	Gate activation (default "sigmoid").
name	Optional character name.
trainable	Logical.

Value

A ggml_layer object.

ggml_hardsigmoid	<i>Hard Sigmoid Activation (Graph)</i>
------------------	--

Description

Creates a graph node for Hard Sigmoid activation. $\text{HardSigmoid}(x) = \text{ReLU}_6(x + 3) / 6 = \min(\max(0, x + 3), 6) / 6$. A computationally efficient approximation of the sigmoid function.

Usage

```
ggml_hardsigmoid(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the Hard Sigmoid operation

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(-4, -1, 0, 1, 4))
r <- ggml_hardsigmoid(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, r)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
result <- ggml_get_f32(r) # [0, 0.333, 0.5, 0.667, 1]
ggml_free(ctx)

```

ggml_hardswish	<i>Hard Swish Activation (Graph)</i>
----------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for Hard Swish activation. $\text{HardSwish}(x) = x * \text{ReLU6}(x + 3) / 6 = x * \min(\max(0, x + 3), 6) / 6$. Used in MobileNetV3 and other efficient architectures.

Usage

```
ggml_hardswish(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the Hard Swish operation

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(-4, -1, 0, 1, 4))
r <- ggml_hardswish(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, r)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
result <- ggml_get_f32(r)
ggml_free(ctx)

```

`ggml_im2col`*Image to Column (Graph)*

Description

Transforms image data into column format for efficient convolution. This is a low-level operation used internally by convolution implementations.

Usage

```
ggml_im2col(  
    ctx,  
    a,  
    b,  
    s0,  
    s1,  
    p0,  
    p1,  
    d0,  
    d1,  
    is_2D = TRUE,  
    dst_type = GGML_TYPE_F16  
)
```

Arguments

<code>ctx</code>	GGML context
<code>a</code>	Convolution kernel tensor
<code>b</code>	Input data tensor
<code>s0</code>	Stride dimension 0
<code>s1</code>	Stride dimension 1
<code>p0</code>	Padding dimension 0
<code>p1</code>	Padding dimension 1
<code>d0</code>	Dilation dimension 0
<code>d1</code>	Dilation dimension 1
<code>is_2D</code>	Whether this is a 2D operation (default TRUE)
<code>dst_type</code>	Output type (default GGML_TYPE_F16)

Value

Transformed tensor in column format

ggml_init	<i>Initialize GGML context</i>
-----------	--------------------------------

Description

Initialize GGML context

Usage

```
ggml_init(mem_size = 16 * 1024 * 1024, no_alloc = FALSE)
```

Arguments

mem_size	Memory size in bytes
no_alloc	If TRUE, don't allocate memory for tensors (default: FALSE)

Value

GGML context pointer

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_init_auto	<i>Create Context with Auto-sizing</i>
----------------	--

Description

Creates a context with automatically calculated size based on planned tensors.

Usage

```
ggml_init_auto(..., extra_mb = 10, type = GGML_TYPE_F32, no_alloc = FALSE)
```

Arguments

...	Named arguments with tensor dimensions (integer vectors)
extra_mb	Extra megabytes to add (default: 10)
type	Tensor type (default: GGML_TYPE_F32)
no_alloc	If TRUE, don't allocate memory for tensors (default: FALSE)

Value

GGML context

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init_auto(mat1 = c(1000L, 1000L), mat2 = c(1000L, 1000L))
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_input

Declare a Functional API Input Tensor

Description

Creates a symbolic input node for the Functional API. The node records only the *shape* of one sample (without batch dimension); actual memory is allocated when `ggml_compile()` is called.

Usage

```
ggml_input(shape, name = NULL, dtype = "float32")
```

Arguments

shape	Integer vector describing the shape of a single sample. For flat feature vectors use a scalar, e.g. <code>shape = 64L</code> . For 2-D inputs (sequences) use <code>c(length, channels)</code> . For 3-D inputs (images) use <code>c(H, W, C)</code> .
name	Optional character name for the input tensor.
dtype	Data type of the input: "float32" (default) or "int32" (for embedding/token-index inputs).

Value

A `ggml_tensor_node` object.

Examples

```
x <- ggml_input(shape = 64L)
x <- ggml_input(shape = c(28L, 28L, 1L), name = "image")
x <- ggml_input(shape = 10L, dtype = "int32") # token indices
```

ggml_is_available *Check if GGML is available*

Description

Check if GGML is available

Usage

```
ggml_is_available()
```

Value

TRUE if GGML library is loaded

Examples

```
ggml_is_available()
```

ggml_is_contiguous *Check if Tensor is Contiguous*

Description

Returns TRUE if tensor data is stored contiguously in memory

Usage

```
ggml_is_contiguous(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor Tensor pointer

Value

Logical

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
t <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
ggml_is_contiguous(t)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

`ggml_is_contiguously_allocated`*Check If Tensor is Contiguously Allocated*

Description

Check if tensor data is contiguously allocated in memory. Different from contiguous layout - this checks the actual allocation.

Usage

```
ggml_is_contiguously_allocated(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer
--------	----------------

Value

Logical indicating if data is contiguously allocated

See Also

Other tensor_layout: [ggml_are_same_stride\(\)](#), [ggml_can_repeat\(\)](#), [ggml_count_equal\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_0\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_1\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_2\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_channels\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_rows](#)

`ggml_is_contiguous_0` *Check Tensor Contiguity (Dimension 0)*

Description

Check if tensor is contiguous. Same as `ggml_is_contiguous`.

Usage

```
ggml_is_contiguous_0(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer
--------	----------------

Value

Logical indicating contiguity

See Also

Other tensor_layout: [ggml_are_same_stride\(\)](#), [ggml_can_repeat\(\)](#), [ggml_count_equal\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_1\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_2\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_channels\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_rows\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguously_allocated\(\)](#)

`ggml_is_contiguous_1` *Check Tensor Contiguity (Dimensions ≥ 1)*

Description

Check if tensor is contiguous for dimensions ≥ 1 . Allows non-contiguous first dimension.

Usage

```
ggml_is_contiguous_1(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer
--------	----------------

Value

Logical indicating contiguity for dims ≥ 1

See Also

Other tensor_layout: [ggml_are_same_stride\(\)](#), [ggml_can_repeat\(\)](#), [ggml_count_equal\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_0\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_2\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_channels\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_rows\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguously_allocated\(\)](#)

`ggml_is_contiguous_2` *Check Tensor Contiguity (Dimensions ≥ 2)*

Description

Check if tensor is contiguous for dimensions ≥ 2 . Allows non-contiguous first two dimensions.

Usage

```
ggml_is_contiguous_2(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer
--------	----------------

Value

Logical indicating contiguity for dims ≥ 2

See Also

Other tensor_layout: [ggml_are_same_stride\(\)](#), [ggml_can_repeat\(\)](#), [ggml_count_equal\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_0\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_1\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_channels\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_rows\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguously_allocated\(\)](#)

ggml_is_contiguous_channels

Check Channel-wise Contiguity

Description

Check if tensor has contiguous channels (important for CNN operations). Data for each channel should be stored contiguously.

Usage

```
ggml_is_contiguous_channels(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer
--------	----------------

Value

Logical indicating channel-wise contiguity

See Also

Other tensor_layout: [ggml_are_same_stride\(\)](#), [ggml_can_repeat\(\)](#), [ggml_count_equal\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_0\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_1\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_2\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_rows\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguously_allocated\(\)](#)

ggml_is_contiguous_rows
Check Row-wise Contiguity

Description

Check if tensor has contiguous rows (important for matrix operations). Each row should be stored contiguously in memory.

Usage

```
ggml_is_contiguous_rows(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor Tensor pointer

Value

Logical indicating row-wise contiguity

See Also

Other tensor_layout: [ggml_are_same_stride\(\)](#), [ggml_can_repeat\(\)](#), [ggml_count_equal\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_0\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_1\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_2\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguous_channels\(\)](#), [ggml_is_contiguously_al...](#)

ggml_is_permuted *Check if Tensor is Permuted*

Description

Returns TRUE if tensor dimensions have been permuted

Usage

```
ggml_is_permuted(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor Tensor pointer

Value

Logical

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
t <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10, 20)
ggml_is_permuted(t)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_is_quantized	<i>Check If Type is Quantized</i>
-------------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Returns TRUE if the GGML type is a quantized format.

Usage

```
ggml_is_quantized(type)
```

Arguments

type	GGML type constant
------	--------------------

Value

Logical indicating if type is quantized

See Also

Other type_system: [ggml_blk_size\(\)](#), [ggml_ftype_to_ggml_type\(\)](#), [ggml_type_name\(\)](#), [ggml_type_sizef\(\)](#)

Examples

```
ggml_is_quantized(GGML_TYPE_F32) # FALSE
ggml_is_quantized(GGML_TYPE_Q4_0) # TRUE
```

ggml_is_transposed *Check if Tensor is Transposed*

Description

Returns TRUE if tensor has been transposed

Usage

```
ggml_is_transposed(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor Tensor pointer

Value

Logical

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
t <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10, 20)
ggml_is_transposed(t)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_l2_norm *L2 Normalization (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for L2 normalization (unit norm). Normalizes vectors to unit length: $x / \|x\|_2$.
Used in RWKV v7 and embedding normalization.

Usage

```
ggml_l2_norm(ctx, a, eps = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

ctx GGML context
a Input tensor
eps Epsilon for numerical stability (default 1e-5)

Value

Tensor representing the L2 norm operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(3, 0, 0, 4)) # Length = 5
result <- ggml_l2_norm(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
output <- ggml_get_f32(result) # [0.6, 0, 0, 0.8] unit vector
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_l2_norm_inplace *L2 Normalization In-place (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place L2 normalization.

Usage

```
ggml_l2_norm_inplace(ctx, a, eps = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)
eps	Epsilon for numerical stability (default 1e-5)

Value

View of input tensor with L2 norm applied

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(3, 0, 0, 4))
result <- ggml_l2_norm_inplace(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_layer_add	<i>Element-wise Addition of Two Tensor Nodes</i>
----------------	--

Description

Adds two (or more) tensor nodes element-wise. All tensors must have the same shape. This is the functional equivalent of a residual / skip connection.

Usage

```
ggml_layer_add(tensors, name = NULL)
```

Arguments

tensors	A list of ggml_tensor_node objects (length >= 2).
name	Optional character name for the layer.

Value

A new ggml_tensor_node representing the sum.

Examples

```
x <- ggml_input(shape = 64L)
a <- x |> ggml_layer_dense(64, activation = "relu")
b <- x |> ggml_layer_dense(64)
out <- ggml_layer_add(list(a, b))
```

ggml_layer_batch_norm	<i>Add Batch Normalization Layer</i>
-----------------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Applies normalization: RMS-normalizes the input, then scales by gamma and shifts by beta (both learnable). Uses ggml_rms_norm which supports backward pass for training.

Usage

```
ggml_layer_batch_norm(model, eps = 1e-05, name = NULL, trainable = TRUE)
```

Arguments

model	A ggml_sequential_model object
eps	Small constant for numerical stability (default 1e-5)
name	Optional character name for the layer.
trainable	Logical; whether the layer weights are updated during training.

Value

The model object with the batch_norm layer appended (invisibly).

Examples

```
model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_dense(128, input_shape = 784) |>
  ggml_layer_batch_norm() |>
  ggml_layer_dense(10, activation = "softmax")
```

ggml_layer_concatenate

Concatenate Tensor Nodes Along an Axis

Description

Concatenates two or more tensor nodes along the specified axis.

Usage

```
ggml_layer_concatenate(tensors, axis = 0L, name = NULL)
```

Arguments

tensors	A list of ggml_tensor_node objects (length >= 2).
axis	Integer axis along which to concatenate (0-based, ggml convention). Default 0L concatenates along the first dimension (features for flat tensors).
name	Optional character name for the layer.

Value

A new ggml_tensor_node representing the concatenated tensor.

Examples

```
x <- ggml_input(shape = 32L)
y <- ggml_input(shape = 32L)
out <- ggml_layer_concatenate(list(x, y), axis = 0L)
```

ggml_layer_conv_1d *Create a Conv1D Layer Object*

Description

Create a Conv1D Layer Object

Add 1D Convolution Layer

Usage

```
ggml_layer_conv_1d(  
    model,  
    filters,  
    kernel_size,  
    activation = NULL,  
    input_shape = NULL,  
    strides = 1L,  
    padding = "valid",  
    name = NULL,  
    trainable = TRUE  
)
```

```
ggml_layer_conv_1d(  
    model,  
    filters,  
    kernel_size,  
    activation = NULL,  
    input_shape = NULL,  
    strides = 1L,  
    padding = "valid",  
    name = NULL,  
    trainable = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

model	A ggml_sequential_model object
filters	Number of output filters
kernel_size	Integer kernel size
activation	Activation function name: "relu", "sigmoid", "tanh", "softmax", or NULL
input_shape	Input shape c(L, C) - required for first layer only (length, channels)
strides	Integer stride (default 1)
padding	"valid" (no padding) or "same" (preserve length)
name	Optional character name for the layer.
trainable	Logical; whether the layer weights are updated during training.

Value

A ggml_layer object.

The model object with the conv_1d layer appended (invisibly).

Examples

```
model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_conv_1d(32, 3, activation = "relu",
                    input_shape = c(100, 1))
```

ggml_layer_conv_2d *Create a Conv2D Layer Object*

Description

Create a Conv2D Layer Object

Add 2D Convolution Layer

Usage

```
ggml_layer_conv_2d(  
  model,  
  filters,  
  kernel_size,  
  activation = NULL,  
  input_shape = NULL,  
  strides = c(1L, 1L),  
  padding = "valid",  
  name = NULL,  
  trainable = TRUE  
)
```

```
ggml_layer_conv_2d(  
  model,  
  filters,  
  kernel_size,  
  activation = NULL,  
  input_shape = NULL,  
  strides = c(1L, 1L),  
  padding = "valid",  
  name = NULL,  
  trainable = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

model	A ggml_sequential_model object
filters	Number of output filters
kernel_size	Integer or vector of 2 integers for kernel height and width
activation	Activation function name: "relu", "sigmoid", "tanh", "softmax", or NULL
input_shape	Input shape c(H, W, C) - required for first layer only
strides	Integer or vector of 2 integers for stride
padding	"valid" (no padding) or "same" (preserve spatial dims)
name	Optional character name for the layer.
trainable	Logical; whether the layer weights are updated during training.

Value

A ggml_layer object.

The model object with the conv_2d layer appended (invisibly).

Examples

```
model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_conv_2d(32, c(3,3), activation = "relu",
                    input_shape = c(28, 28, 1))
```

ggml_layer_dense	<i>Add Dense (Fully Connected) Layer</i>
------------------	--

Description

Add Dense (Fully Connected) Layer

Usage

```
ggml_layer_dense(
  model,
  units,
  activation = NULL,
  input_shape = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  trainable = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

model	A ggml_sequential_model object
units	Number of output units
activation	Activation function name: "relu", "sigmoid", "tanh", "softmax", or NULL
input_shape	Integer or integer vector specifying the input shape (only needed for the first layer)
name	Optional character name for the layer.
trainable	Logical; whether the layer weights are updated during training.

Value

The model object with the dense layer appended (invisibly).

Examples

```
model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_conv_2d(32, c(3,3), activation = "relu",
                    input_shape = c(28, 28, 1)) |>
  ggml_layer_flatten() |>
  ggml_layer_dense(128, activation = "relu")
```

ggml_layer_dropout *Add Dropout Layer*

Description

Applies dropout regularization. During training, multiplies all activations by $(1 - \text{rate})$ (deterministic expected-value scaling). During inference (`training = FALSE`), the layer is an identity (no change).

Usage

```
ggml_layer_dropout(
  model,
  rate,
  stochastic = FALSE,
  name = NULL,
  trainable = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

model	A ggml_sequential_model or ggml_tensor_node.
rate	Dropout rate in $[0, 1)$. Fraction of units to "drop".
stochastic	Logical. If TRUE, use inverted dropout with a random Bernoulli mask regenerated each epoch (proper regularization). If FALSE (default), use deterministic scaling by $(1 - \text{rate})$ — cheaper but weaker regularization.
name	Optional layer name.
trainable	Ignored for dropout (no weights); kept for API consistency.

Value

The model with the dropout layer appended, or a new tensor node.

Difference from Keras / inverted dropout

Keras implements *inverted dropout*: during training it applies a random Bernoulli mask and scales surviving activations *up* by $1 / (1 - \text{rate})$, so the expected value of each unit is preserved and no scaling is needed at inference.

This implementation uses *deterministic scaling* (multiply by $(1 - \text{rate})$ at training, identity at inference) — equivalent in expected value but without stochastic noise. Consequences:

- No random mask → the regularization signal is weaker (no co-adaptation breaking).
- Activations at training are scaled *down*, not up — the magnitude seen by subsequent layers differs from Keras behaviour.
- Results are fully deterministic and reproducible without setting a seed.

Note

With `stochastic = TRUE` the Bernoulli mask is regenerated once per epoch (not per batch), because `ggml_opt_fit` processes all batches inside a single C call. This is weaker than per-batch dropout but stronger than the deterministic variant.

Examples

```
model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_dense(128, activation = "relu", input_shape = 784L) |>
  ggml_layer_dropout(0.5, stochastic = TRUE) |>
  ggml_layer_dense(10, activation = "softmax")
```

ggml_layer_embedding *Add Embedding Layer*

Description

Looks up dense vectors for integer token indices. The input must be an integer matrix of 0-based indices in $[\emptyset, \text{vocab_size} - 1]$ (use `ggml_input(shape, dtype = "int32")` in Functional mode).

Usage

```
ggml_layer_embedding(model, vocab_size, dim, name = NULL, trainable = TRUE)
```

Arguments

<code>model</code>	A <code>ggml_sequential_model</code> or <code>ggml_tensor_node</code> .
<code>vocab_size</code>	Number of distinct tokens (vocabulary size).
<code>dim</code>	Embedding dimension (vector length per token).
<code>name</code>	Optional layer name.
<code>trainable</code>	Logical; whether embedding weights are updated during training.

Value

The model with the embedding layer appended, or a new tensor node.

Axis order (ggml vs Keras)

ggml stores tensors in column-major order, so the output shape is $[\text{dim}, \text{seq_len}]$ per sample (ggml convention) rather than $[\text{seq_len}, \text{dim}]$ as in Keras. When you call `ggml_layer_flatten()` after embedding the result is the same flattened vector regardless of order, but if you access raw output tensors be aware of this transposition.

Index validation

Indices must be in $[\emptyset, \text{vocab_size} - 1]$. Out-of-range values cause undefined behaviour inside the ggml kernel (no bounds check is performed at the R level).

Examples

```
inp <- ggml_input(shape = 10L, dtype = "int32")
out <- inp |>
  ggml_layer_embedding(vocab_size = 1000L, dim = 32L) |>
  ggml_layer_flatten() |>
  ggml_layer_dense(10L, activation = "softmax")
model <- ggml_model(inputs = inp, outputs = out)
```

ggml_layer_flatten *Add Flatten Layer*

Description

Flattens the spatial dimensions into a single vector per sample.

Usage

```
ggml_layer_flatten(model, name = NULL, trainable = TRUE)
```

Arguments

model	A ggml_sequential_model object
name	Optional character name for the layer.
trainable	Logical; reserved for API consistency (no weights).

Value

The model object with the flatten layer appended (invisibly).

Examples

```
model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_conv_2d(32, c(3,3), activation = "relu",
    input_shape = c(28, 28, 1)) |>
  ggml_layer_flatten()
```

ggml_layer_global_average_pooling_2d
Global Average Pooling for 2D Feature Maps

Description

Reduces a [H, W, C] feature map to [C] by averaging all spatial positions per channel. Equivalent to Keras GlobalAveragePooling2D().

Usage

```
ggml_layer_global_average_pooling_2d(model, name = NULL, trainable = TRUE)
```

Arguments

model	A ggml_sequential_model or ggml_tensor_node.
name	Optional character name for the layer.
trainable	Logical; reserved for API consistency (no weights).

Value

Updated model or a new ggml_tensor_node.

Examples

```
model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_conv_2d(32, c(3,3), activation = "relu",
                    input_shape = c(28, 28, 1)) |>
  ggml_layer_global_average_pooling_2d() |>
  ggml_layer_dense(10, activation = "softmax")
```

ggml_layer_global_max_pooling_2d

Global Max Pooling for 2D Feature Maps

Description

Reduces a [H, W, C] feature map to [C] by taking the maximum value per channel across all spatial positions. Equivalent to Keras GlobalMaxPooling2D().

Usage

```
ggml_layer_global_max_pooling_2d(model, name = NULL, trainable = TRUE)
```

Arguments

model	A ggml_sequential_model or ggml_tensor_node.
name	Optional character name for the layer.
trainable	Logical; reserved for API consistency (no weights).

Value

Updated model or a new ggml_tensor_node.

Examples

```
model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_conv_2d(32, c(3,3), activation = "relu",
                    input_shape = c(28, 28, 1)) |>
  ggml_layer_global_max_pooling_2d() |>
  ggml_layer_dense(10, activation = "softmax")
```

ggml_layer_gru *Add a GRU Layer*

Description

Gated Recurrent Unit recurrent layer. Implemented as an unrolled computation graph (BPTT).

Usage

```
ggml_layer_gru(
    model,
    units,
    return_sequences = FALSE,
    activation = "tanh",
    recurrent_activation = "sigmoid",
    input_shape = NULL,
    name = NULL,
    trainable = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

model	A ggml_sequential_model or ggml_tensor_node.
units	Integer, number of hidden units.
return_sequences	Logical; return all hidden states or only the last.
activation	Activation for the candidate hidden state ("tanh").
recurrent_activation	Activation for z/r gates ("sigmoid").
input_shape	Input shape c(seq_len, input_size) – required for the first layer only.
name	Optional layer name.
trainable	Logical.

Value

Updated model or a new ggml_tensor_node.

Weight layout

- W_{zh} [input_size, 2*units] — input kernel for z and r gates.
- U_{zh} [units, 2*units] — recurrent kernel for z and r.
- b_{zh} [2*units] — bias for z and r.
- W_n [input_size, units] — input kernel for candidate.
- U_n [units, units] — recurrent kernel for candidate.
- b_n [units] — bias for candidate.

Examples

```
model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_gru(64L, input_shape = c(10L, 32L)) |>
  ggml_layer_dense(10L, activation = "softmax")
```

ggml_layer_lstm

Add an LSTM Layer

Description

Long Short-Term Memory recurrent layer. Implemented as an unrolled computation graph (BPTT) so that ggml's automatic differentiation works without any C extensions.

Usage

```
ggml_layer_lstm(
  model,
  units,
  return_sequences = FALSE,
  activation = "tanh",
  recurrent_activation = "sigmoid",
  input_shape = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  trainable = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

model	A ggml_sequential_model or ggml_tensor_node.
units	Integer, number of hidden units.
return_sequences	Logical; if TRUE return all hidden states, otherwise return only the last hidden state.
activation	Activation for the cell gate (default "tanh").
recurrent_activation	Activation for the recurrent step (default "sigmoid").
input_shape	Input shape c(seq_len, input_size) – required for the first layer only.
name	Optional layer name.
trainable	Logical.

Value

Updated model or a new ggml_tensor_node.

Weight layout

- `W_gates` [`input_size`, `4*units`] — input kernel for all four gates (i, f, g, o) concatenated.
- `U_gates` [`units`, `4*units`] — recurrent kernel.
- `b_gates` [`4*units`] — bias.

Input / output shapes

Input: [`seq_len`, `input_size`] per sample (R row-major), or a 3-D array [`N`, `seq_len`, `input_size`].
 In the Functional API the input node shape should be `c(seq_len, input_size)`.

Output (Sequential): [`units`] per sample when `return_sequences = FALSE` (default), or `c(seq_len, units)` when `return_sequences = TRUE`.

Examples

```
model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_lstm(64L, input_shape = c(10L, 32L)) |>
  ggml_layer_dense(10L, activation = "softmax")
```

`ggml_layer_max_pooling_2d`

Add 2D Max Pooling Layer

Description

Add 2D Max Pooling Layer

Usage

```
ggml_layer_max_pooling_2d(
  model,
  pool_size = c(2L, 2L),
  strides = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  trainable = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

<code>model</code>	A <code>ggml_sequential_model</code> object
<code>pool_size</code>	Integer or vector of 2 integers for pool height and width
<code>strides</code>	Integer or vector of 2 integers (defaults to <code>pool_size</code>)
<code>name</code>	Optional character name for the layer.
<code>trainable</code>	Logical; reserved for API consistency (no weights).

Value

The model object with the max pooling layer appended (invisibly).

Examples

```
model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_conv_2d(32, c(3,3), activation = "relu",
    input_shape = c(28, 28, 1)) |>
  ggml_layer_max_pooling_2d(c(2, 2))
```

ggml_leaky_relu	<i>Leaky ReLU Activation (Graph)</i>
-----------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for Leaky ReLU activation. $\text{LeakyReLU}(x) = x$ if $x > 0$, else $\text{negative_slope} * x$. Unlike standard ReLU, Leaky ReLU allows a small gradient for negative values.

Usage

```
ggml_leaky_relu(ctx, a, negative_slope = 0.01, inplace = FALSE)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor
negative_slope	Slope for negative values (default: 0.01)
inplace	If TRUE, operation is performed in-place (default: FALSE)

Value

Tensor representing the Leaky ReLU operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(-2, -1, 0, 1, 2))
r <- ggml_leaky_relu(ctx, a, negative_slope = 0.1)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, r)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
result <- ggml_get_f32(r) # [-0.2, -0.1, 0, 1, 2]
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_load_model *Load a Full Model (Architecture + Weights)*

Description

Restores a model previously saved with `ggml_save_model()`. The returned model is compiled and ready for `ggml_predict()` / `ggml_evaluate()`. Call `ggml_fit()` again to continue training.

Usage

```
ggml_load_model(path, backend = "auto")
```

Arguments

`path` File path to an RDS file written by `ggml_save_model()`.
`backend` Backend selection: "auto", "cpu", or "vulkan".

Value

A compiled model object.

Examples

```
model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_dense(16L, activation = "relu", input_shape = 4L) |>
  ggml_layer_dense(2L, activation = "softmax")
model <- ggml_compile(model, optimizer = "adam",
  loss = "categorical_crossentropy")
x <- matrix(runif(64 * 4), 64, 4)
y <- matrix(c(rep(c(1,0), 32), rep(c(0,1), 32)), 64, 2)
model <- ggml_fit(model, x, y, epochs = 1L, batch_size = 32L, verbose = 0L)
tmp <- tempfile(fileext = ".rds")
ggml_save_model(model, tmp)
model2 <- ggml_load_model(tmp)
```

ggml_load_weights *Load Model Weights from File*

Description

Loads previously saved weights into a compiled model. The model architecture must match the saved weights (same layer types, sizes, and shapes).

Usage

```
ggml_load_weights(model, path)
```

Arguments

model	A compiled ggml_sequential_model (same architecture as saved)
path	File path to load weights from

Value

The model with loaded weights.

ggml_log	<i>Natural Logarithm (Graph)</i>
----------	----------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for element-wise natural logarithm: $\log(x)$

Usage

```
ggml_log(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the log operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 3)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, exp(1), exp(2)))
result <- ggml_log(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
output <- ggml_get_f32(result) # [0, 1, 2]
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_log_inplace	<i>Natural Logarithm In-place (Graph)</i>
------------------	---

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place element-wise natural logarithm.

Usage

```
ggml_log_inplace(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)

Value

View of tensor a with log values

ggml_log_is_r_enabled	<i>Check if R Logging is Enabled</i>
-----------------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Check if R Logging is Enabled

Usage

```
ggml_log_is_r_enabled()
```

Value

Logical indicating if R-compatible logging is active

See Also

Other logging: [ggml_abort_is_r_enabled\(\)](#), [ggml_log_set_default\(\)](#), [ggml_log_set_r\(\)](#), [ggml_set_abort_callback_default\(\)](#), [ggml_set_abort_callback_r\(\)](#)

ggml_log_set_default *Restore Default GGML Logging*

Description

Restores GGML to default logging behavior (stderr output).

Usage

```
ggml_log_set_default()
```

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other logging: [ggml_abort_is_r_enabled\(\)](#), [ggml_log_is_r_enabled\(\)](#), [ggml_log_set_r\(\)](#), [ggml_set_abort_callback_default\(\)](#), [ggml_set_abort_callback_r\(\)](#)

ggml_log_set_r *Enable R-compatible GGML Logging*

Description

Redirects GGML log messages to R's message system: - INFO/DEBUG messages go to stdout (via Rprintf) - WARN/ERROR messages go to stderr (via REprintf)

Usage

```
ggml_log_set_r()
```

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other logging: [ggml_abort_is_r_enabled\(\)](#), [ggml_log_is_r_enabled\(\)](#), [ggml_log_set_default\(\)](#), [ggml_set_abort_callback_default\(\)](#), [ggml_set_abort_callback_r\(\)](#)

Examples

```
ggml_log_set_r()
# Now GGML messages will appear in R console
```

ggml_lstm *Create an LSTM Layer Object*

Description

Create an LSTM Layer Object

Usage

```
ggml_lstm(
  units,
  return_sequences = FALSE,
  activation = "tanh",
  recurrent_activation = "sigmoid",
  name = NULL,
  trainable = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

units	Integer, number of hidden units.
return_sequences	Logical.
activation	Cell gate activation (default "tanh").
recurrent_activation	Recurrent gate activation (default "sigmoid").
name	Optional character name.
trainable	Logical.

Value

A ggml_layer object.

ggml_marshall_model *Marshal a ggmlR model to an in-memory container*

Description

Serializes a trained sequential or functional ggmlR model into a self-describing raw container suitable for transport between R sessions or parallel workers (e.g. for **mlr3** parallel resampling and tuning).

Usage

```
ggml_marshall_model(model)
```

Arguments

`model` A compiled `ggml_sequential_model` or `ggml_functional_model`.

Details

The container wraps the bytes produced by `ggml_save_model` together with a format tag, schema version, package/R versions, a SHA-256 integrity checksum, and a timestamp. Autograd modules are **not** supported in this version and cause the function to signal an error; the mlr3 learners catch this and fall back to `marshaled = FALSE`.

Value

A named list with class "ggmlR_marshaled" containing the serialized payload and metadata. Pass it to `ggml_unmarshal_model` to reconstruct the model.

See Also

[ggml_unmarshal_model](#), [ggml_save_model](#)

ggml_mean	<i>Mean (Graph)</i>
-----------	---------------------

Description

Creates a graph node that computes the mean of all elements.

Usage

```
ggml_mean(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

<code>ctx</code>	GGML context
<code>a</code>	Input tensor

Value

Scalar tensor with the mean

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(2, 4, 6, 8, 10))
result <- ggml_mean(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
output <- ggml_get_f32(result) # 6
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_model *Create a Functional Model*

Description

Assembles a `ggml_functional_model` from symbolic input and output nodes produced by `ggml_input()` and `ggml_layer_*()` calls.

Usage

```
ggml_model(inputs, outputs)
```

Arguments

<code>inputs</code>	A <code>ggml_tensor_node</code> or a list of them (model inputs).
<code>outputs</code>	A <code>ggml_tensor_node</code> or a list of them (model outputs).

Value

A `ggml_functional_model` object.

Examples

```
x <- ggml_input(shape = 64L)
out <- x |> ggml_layer_dense(10, activation = "softmax")
model <- ggml_model(inputs = x, outputs = out)
```

ggml_model_sequential *Create a Sequential Neural Network Model*

Description

Creates an empty sequential model that layers can be added to using pipe (`|>`) operators.

Usage

```
ggml_model_sequential()
```

Value

A `ggml_sequential_model` object

Examples

```
## Not run:
model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_conv_2d(32, c(3,3), activation = "relu",
    input_shape = c(28, 28, 1)) |>
  ggml_layer_max_pooling_2d(c(2,2)) |>
  ggml_layer_flatten() |>
  ggml_layer_dense(128, activation = "relu") |>
  ggml_layer_dense(10, activation = "softmax")

## End(Not run)
```

ggml_mul

*Multiply tensors***Description**

Creates a graph node for element-wise multiplication.

Usage

```
ggml_mul(ctx, a, b)
```

```
ggml_mul(ctx, a, b)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	First tensor
b	Second tensor (same shape as a)

Value

Tensor representing the multiplication operation

Tensor representing the multiplication operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
b <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
ggml_set_f32(b, c(2, 2, 2, 2, 2))
result <- ggml_mul(ctx, a, b)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_get_f32(result)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

```

ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
b <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
ggml_set_f32(b, c(2, 2, 2, 2, 2))
result <- ggml_mul(ctx, a, b)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_get_f32(result)
ggml_free(ctx)

```

ggml_mul_inplace	<i>Element-wise Multiplication In-place (Graph)</i>
------------------	---

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place element-wise multiplication. Result is stored in tensor a, saving memory allocation.

Usage

```
ggml_mul_inplace(ctx, a, b)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	First tensor (will be modified in-place)
b	Second tensor (same shape as a)

Value

View of tensor a with the multiplication result

ggml_mul_mat	<i>Matrix Multiplication (Graph)</i>
--------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for matrix multiplication. CRITICAL for LLM operations. For matrices A (m x n) and B (n x p), computes $C = A * B$ (m x p).

Usage

```
ggml_mul_mat(ctx, a, b)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	First matrix tensor
b	Second matrix tensor

Value

Tensor representing the matrix multiplication

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
A <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4, 3)
B <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4, 2)
ggml_set_f32(A, 1:12)
ggml_set_f32(B, 1:8)
C <- ggml_mul_mat(ctx, A, B)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, C)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_get_f32(C)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_mul_mat_id *Matrix Multiplication with Expert Selection (Graph)*

Description

Indirect matrix multiplication for Mixture of Experts architectures. Selects expert weights based on indices and performs batched matmul.

Usage

```
ggml_mul_mat_id(ctx, as, b, ids)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
as	Stacked expert weight matrices [n_embd, n_ff, n_experts]
b	Input tensor
ids	Expert selection indices tensor (I32)

Value

Output tensor after expert-selected matrix multiplication

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(64 * 1024 * 1024)
# 4 experts, each with 8x16 weights (small for example)
experts <- ggml_new_tensor_3d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 8, 16, 4)
ggml_set_f32(experts, rnorm(8 * 16 * 4))
input <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 8, 2)
ggml_set_f32(input, rnorm(16))
# Select expert 0 for token 0, expert 2 for token 1
ids <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_I32, 2)
ggml_set_i32(ids, c(0L, 2L))
output <- ggml_mul_mat_id(ctx, experts, input, ids)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, output)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_free(ctx)

```

ggml_nbytes

*Get number of bytes***Description**

Get number of bytes
Get Number of Bytes

Usage

```

ggml_nbytes(tensor)

ggml_nbytes(tensor)

```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor
--------	--------

Value

Integer number of bytes
Integer number of bytes

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
tensor <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
ggml_nbytes(tensor)
ggml_free(ctx)

```

```

ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)

```

```
t <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
ggml_nbytes(t)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_neg

Negation (Graph)

Description

Creates a graph node for element-wise negation: $-x$

Usage

```
ggml_neg(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the negation operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, -2, 3, -4))
result <- ggml_neg(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
output <- ggml_get_f32(result) # [-1, 2, -3, 4]
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_neg_inplace	<i>Negation In-place (Graph)</i>
------------------	----------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place element-wise negation: -x

Usage

```
ggml_neg_inplace(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)

Value

View of tensor a with negated values

ggml_nelements	<i>Get number of elements</i>
----------------	-------------------------------

Description

Get number of elements

Get Number of Elements

Usage

```
ggml_nelements(tensor)
```

```
ggml_nelements(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor
--------	--------

Value

Integer number of elements

Integer number of elements

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
tensor <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10, 20)
ggml_nelements(tensor)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
t <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10, 20)
ggml_nelements(t)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

`ggml_new_f32`*Create Scalar F32 Tensor*

Description

Creates a 1-element tensor containing a single float value. Useful for scalar operations, learning rates, and other scalar floats.

Usage

```
ggml_new_f32(ctx, value)
```

Arguments

<code>ctx</code>	GGML context
<code>value</code>	Numeric value

Value

Tensor pointer (1-element F32 tensor)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
scalar <- ggml_new_f32(ctx, 3.14)
ggml_get_f32(scalar)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_new_i32 *Create Scalar I32 Tensor*

Description

Creates a 1-element tensor containing a single integer value. Useful for indices, counters, and other scalar integer operations.

Usage

```
ggml_new_i32(ctx, value)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
value	Integer value

Value

Tensor pointer (1-element I32 tensor)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
scalar <- ggml_new_i32(ctx, 42)
ggml_get_i32(scalar)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_new_tensor *Create Tensor with Arbitrary Dimensions*

Description

Generic tensor constructor for creating tensors with 1-4 dimensions. This is more flexible than the ggml_new_tensor_Nd functions.

Usage

```
ggml_new_tensor(ctx, type = GGML_TYPE_F32, n_dims, ne)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
type	Data type (GGML_TYPE_F32, etc.)
n_dims	Number of dimensions (1-4)
ne	Numeric vector of dimension sizes

Value

Tensor pointer

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
t <- ggml_new_tensor(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 3, c(10, 20, 30))
ggml_nelements(t)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_new_tensor_1d *Create 1D tensor*

Description

Create 1D tensor

Create 1D Tensor

Usage

```
ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, type = GGML_TYPE_F32, ne0)
```

```
ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, type = GGML_TYPE_F32, ne0)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
type	Data type
ne0	Size

Value

Tensor pointer

Tensor pointer

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
tensor <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
ggml_nelements(tensor)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_new_tensor_2d *Create 2D tensor*

Description

Create 2D tensor
Create 2D Tensor

Usage

```
ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, type = GGML_TYPE_F32, ne0, ne1)  
ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, type = GGML_TYPE_F32, ne0, ne1)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
type	Data type
ne0	Rows
ne1	Columns

Value

Tensor pointer
Tensor pointer

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)  
tensor <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10, 20)  
ggml_nelements(tensor)  
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_new_tensor_3d *Create 3D Tensor*

Description

Create 3D Tensor

Usage

```
ggml_new_tensor_3d(ctx, type = GGML_TYPE_F32, ne0, ne1, ne2)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
type	Data type (default GGML_TYPE_F32)
ne0	Size of dimension 0
ne1	Size of dimension 1
ne2	Size of dimension 2

Value

Tensor pointer

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
t <- ggml_new_tensor_3d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10, 20, 30)
ggml_nelements(t)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_new_tensor_4d *Create 4D Tensor*

Description

Create 4D Tensor

Usage

```
ggml_new_tensor_4d(ctx, type = GGML_TYPE_F32, ne0, ne1, ne2, ne3)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
type	Data type (default GGML_TYPE_F32)
ne0	Size of dimension 0
ne1	Size of dimension 1
ne2	Size of dimension 2
ne3	Size of dimension 3

Value

Tensor pointer

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
t <- ggml_new_tensor_4d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 8, 8, 3, 2)
ggml_nelements(t)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_norm

Layer Normalization (Graph)

Description

Creates a graph node for layer normalization. Normalizes input to zero mean and unit variance.

Usage

```
ggml_norm(ctx, a, eps = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor
eps	Epsilon value for numerical stability (default: 1e-5)

Value

Tensor representing the layer normalization operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4))
result <- ggml_norm(ctx, a, eps = 1e-5)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_get_f32(result) # Normalized values
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_norm_inplace *Layer Normalization In-place (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place layer normalization. Returns a view of the input tensor.

Usage

```
ggml_norm_inplace(ctx, a, eps = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)
eps	Epsilon value for numerical stability (default: 1e-5)

Value

View of input tensor with layer normalization applied

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4))
result <- ggml_norm_inplace(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_nrows *Get Number of Rows*

Description

Returns the number of rows in a tensor (product of all dimensions except ne[0]).

Usage

```
ggml_nrows(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer
--------	----------------

Value

Number of rows

ggml_n_dims	<i>Get Number of Dimensions</i>
-------------	---------------------------------

Description

Returns the number of dimensions of a tensor

Usage

```
ggml_n_dims(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer
--------	----------------

Value

Integer number of dimensions (1-4)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
t <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10, 20)
ggml_n_dims(t)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_opt_alloc	<i>Allocate graph for evaluation</i>
----------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Must be called before ggml_opt_eval. Allocates forward or forward+backward graph.

Usage

```
ggml_opt_alloc(opt_ctx, backward = TRUE)
```

Arguments

opt_ctx	External pointer to optimizer context
backward	Whether to allocate backward graph (for training)

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_params\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type

Get optimizer type from context

Description

Get optimizer type from context

Usage

```
ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type(opt_ctx)
```

Arguments

opt_ctx External pointer to optimizer context

Value

Integer optimizer type constant

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_params\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#),

[ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

`ggml_opt_dataset_data` *Get data tensor from dataset*

Description

Returns the underlying data tensor with shape [ne_datapoint, ndata].

Usage

```
ggml_opt_dataset_data(dataset)
```

Arguments

dataset External pointer to dataset

Value

External pointer to data tensor

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_params\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

ggml_opt_dataset_free *Free optimization dataset*

Description

Releases memory associated with a dataset.

Usage

```
ggml_opt_dataset_free(dataset)
```

Arguments

dataset External pointer to dataset

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_params\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch

Get batch from dataset

Description

Copies a batch of data and labels to the provided tensors.

Usage

```
ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch(dataset, data_batch, labels_batch = NULL, ibatch)
```

Arguments

dataset	External pointer to dataset
data_batch	Tensor to receive data batch
labels_batch	Tensor to receive labels batch (can be NULL)
ibatch	Batch index

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_params\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

`ggml_opt_dataset_init` *Create a new optimization dataset*

Description

Creates a dataset for training with specified data and label types.

Usage

```
ggml_opt_dataset_init(
    type_data,
    type_label,
    ne_datapoint,
    ne_label,
    ndata,
    ndata_shard = 1
)
```

Arguments

type_data	GGML type for data tensor (e.g., GGML_TYPE_F32)
type_label	GGML type for label tensor (e.g., GGML_TYPE_F32)
ne_datapoint	Number of elements per datapoint
ne_label	Number of elements per label (0 if no labels)
ndata	Total number of datapoints
ndata_shard	Shard size for shuffling (1 is fine for most cases)

Value

External pointer to dataset

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_params\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

ggml_opt_dataset_labels

Get labels tensor from dataset

Description

Returns the underlying labels tensor with shape [ne_label, ndata].

Usage

```
ggml_opt_dataset_labels(dataset)
```

Arguments

dataset	External pointer to dataset
---------	-----------------------------

Value

External pointer to labels tensor, or NULL if no labels

See Also

Other optimization: `ggml_fit_opt()`, `ggml_opt_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_data()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_free()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_init()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle()`, `ggml_opt_default_params()`, `ggml_opt_epoch()`, `ggml_opt_eval()`, `ggml_opt_fit()`, `ggml_opt_free()`, `ggml_opt_get_lr()`, `ggml_opt_grad_acc()`, `ggml_opt_init()`, `ggml_opt_init_for_fit()`, `ggml_opt_inputs()`, `ggml_opt_labels()`, `ggml_opt_loss()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mean()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mse()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_sum()`, `ggml_opt_ncorrect()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_name()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd()`, `ggml_opt_outputs()`, `ggml_opt_pred()`, `ggml_opt_prepare_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_reset()`, `ggml_opt_result_accuracy()`, `ggml_opt_result_free()`, `ggml_opt_result_init()`, `ggml_opt_result_loss()`, `ggml_opt_result_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_result_pred()`, `ggml_opt_result_reset()`, `ggml_opt_set_lr()`, `ggml_opt_static_graphs()`

`ggml_opt_dataset_ndata`

Get number of datapoints in dataset

Description

Get number of datapoints in dataset

Usage

```
ggml_opt_dataset_ndata(dataset)
```

Arguments

<code>dataset</code>	External pointer to dataset
----------------------	-----------------------------

Value

Number of datapoints

See Also

Other optimization: `ggml_fit_opt()`, `ggml_opt_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_data()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_free()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_init()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_labels()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle()`, `ggml_opt_default_params()`, `ggml_opt_epoch()`, `ggml_opt_eval()`, `ggml_opt_fit()`, `ggml_opt_free()`, `ggml_opt_get_lr()`, `ggml_opt_grad_acc()`, `ggml_opt_init()`, `ggml_opt_init_for_fit()`, `ggml_opt_inputs()`, `ggml_opt_labels()`, `ggml_opt_loss()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mean()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mse()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_sum()`, `ggml_opt_ncorrect()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_name()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd()`, `ggml_opt_outputs()`, `ggml_opt_pred()`, `ggml_opt_prepare_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_reset()`, `ggml_opt_result_accuracy()`, `ggml_opt_result_free()`, `ggml_opt_result_init()`, `ggml_opt_result_loss()`, `ggml_opt_result_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_result_pred()`, `ggml_opt_result_reset()`, `ggml_opt_set_lr()`, `ggml_opt_static_graphs()`

 ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle

Shuffle dataset

Description

Shuffles the dataset using the RNG from the optimizer context.

Usage

```
ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle(opt_ctx, dataset, idata = -1)
```

Arguments

opt_ctx	External pointer to optimizer context
dataset	External pointer to dataset
idata	Number of datapoints to shuffle (-1 for all)

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_params\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

 ggml_opt_default_params

Get default optimizer parameters

Description

Returns a list with default optimization parameters.

Usage

```
ggml_opt_default_params(sched, loss_type)
```

Arguments

sched	Backend scheduler
loss_type	Loss type constant

Value

List with loss_type, build_type, opt_period, optimizer

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

ggml_opt_epoch	<i>Run one training epoch</i>
----------------	-------------------------------

Description

Performs training on the front portion of the dataset and evaluation on the back portion. This gives more control than `ggml_opt_fit`.

Usage

```
ggml_opt_epoch(
    opt_ctx,
    dataset,
    result_train = NULL,
    result_eval = NULL,
    idata_split,
    callback_train = TRUE,
    callback_eval = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

opt_ctx	External pointer to optimizer context
dataset	External pointer to dataset
result_train	Result object to accumulate training stats (or NULL)
result_eval	Result object to accumulate evaluation stats (or NULL)
idata_split	Data index at which to split training and evaluation
callback_train	Callback for training: TRUE for progress bar, FALSE for none, or a function(train, ibatch, ibatch_max, t_start_us, result)
callback_eval	Callback for evaluation: TRUE for progress bar, FALSE for none, or a function(train, ibatch, ibatch_max, t_start_us, result)

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_parameters\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# Requires full optimizer setup - see ggml_opt_fit() for simpler API
if (FALSE) {
  result_train <- ggml_opt_result_init()
  result_eval <- ggml_opt_result_init()
  ggml_opt_epoch(opt_ctx, dataset, result_train, result_eval,
                idata_split = 900, callback_train = TRUE)
  ggml_opt_result_free(result_train)
  ggml_opt_result_free(result_eval)
}
```

ggml_opt_eval	<i>Evaluate model</i>
---------------	-----------------------

Description

Performs forward pass, optionally increments result, and does backward pass if allocated.

Usage

```
ggml_opt_eval(opt_ctx, result = NULL)
```

Arguments

opt_ctx	External pointer to optimizer context
result	External pointer to result object (optional)

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_params\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

ggml_opt_fit	<i>Fit model to dataset</i>
--------------	-----------------------------

Description

High-level function to train a model on a dataset. This is the recommended way to train models.

Usage

```

ggml_opt_fit(
    sched,
    ctx_compute,
    inputs,
    outputs,
    dataset,
    loss_type = ggml_opt_loss_type_mse(),
    optimizer = ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw(),
    nepoch = 1,
    nbatch_logical = 32,
    val_split = 0,
    silent = FALSE
)

```

Arguments

sched	Backend scheduler
ctx_compute	Compute context (for temporary tensors)
inputs	Input tensor with shape [ne_datapoint, batch_size]
outputs	Output tensor with shape [ne_label, batch_size]
dataset	Dataset created with ggml_opt_dataset_init
loss_type	Loss type (default: MSE)
optimizer	Optimizer type (default: AdamW)
nepoch	Number of epochs
nbatch_logical	Logical batch size (for gradient accumulation)
val_split	Fraction of data for validation (0.0 to 1.0)
silent	Whether to suppress progress output

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_parameters\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

Examples

```

# Full training requires building a computation graph
# See package vignettes for complete examples
if (FALSE) {
  cpu <- ggml_backend_cpu_init()
  sched <- ggml_backend_sched_new(list(cpu))
  dataset <- ggml_opt_dataset_init(GGML_TYPE_F32, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10, 1, 1000)
  # ... build model graph with ctx_compute, inputs, outputs ...
  ggml_opt_fit(sched, ctx_compute, inputs, outputs, dataset,
              nepoch = 10, val_split = 0.1)
  ggml_opt_dataset_free(dataset)
  ggml_backend_sched_free(sched)
  ggml_backend_free(cpu)
}

```

ggml_opt_free

*Free optimizer context***Description**

Releases memory associated with an optimizer context.

Usage

```
ggml_opt_free(opt_ctx)
```

Arguments

opt_ctx External pointer to optimizer context

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_parameters\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

ggml_opt_get_lr *Get current learning rate from optimizer context*

Description

Get current learning rate from optimizer context

Usage

```
ggml_opt_get_lr(lr_ud)
```

Arguments

lr_ud LR userdata pointer (from 'ggml_opt_init_for_fit()\$lr_ud')

Value

Named numeric vector with 'adamw' and 'sgd' LR values

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_params\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

ggml_opt_grad_acc *Get gradient accumulator for a tensor*

Description

Returns the gradient accumulator tensor for a node from the forward graph.

Usage

```
ggml_opt_grad_acc(opt_ctx, node)
```

Arguments

opt_ctx	External pointer to optimizer context
node	External pointer to tensor node

Value

External pointer to gradient accumulator tensor, or NULL if not found

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_params\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

ggml_opt_init	<i>Initialize optimizer context</i>
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Description

Creates a new optimizer context for training.

Usage

```
ggml_opt_init(
    sched,
    loss_type,
    optimizer = ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw(),
    opt_period = 1L,
    ctx_compute = NULL,
    inputs = NULL,
    outputs = NULL
)
```

Arguments

sched	Backend scheduler
loss_type	Loss type (use <code>ggml_opt_loss_type_*</code> functions)
optimizer	Optimizer type (use <code>ggml_opt_optimizer_type_*</code> functions)

opt_period	Gradient accumulation steps before optimizer step
ctx_compute	Compute context for static graph mode (or NULL)
inputs	Input tensor for static graph mode (or NULL)
outputs	Output tensor for static graph mode (or NULL)

Value

External pointer to optimizer context

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_parameters\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

`ggml_opt_init_for_fit` *Initialize optimizer context for R-side epoch loop*

Description

Returns a list with 'opt_ctx' and 'lr_ud' (learning rate userdata pointer). Use 'ggml_opt_set_lr()' to update LR between epochs. The optimizer state (momentum) is preserved across epochs.

Usage

```
ggml_opt_init_for_fit(
    sched,
    loss_type,
    optimizer = ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw(),
    opt_period = 1L,
    ctx_compute = NULL,
    inputs = NULL,
    outputs = NULL
)
```

Arguments

sched	Backend scheduler
loss_type	Loss type constant
optimizer	Optimizer type constant
opt_period	Gradient accumulation period
ctx_compute	Compute context (for static graphs)
inputs	Input tensor (for static graphs)
outputs	Output tensor (for static graphs)

Value

List with elements 'opt_ctx' and 'lr_ud'

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_params\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

ggml_opt_inputs	<i>Get inputs tensor from optimizer context</i>
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Description

Get inputs tensor from optimizer context

Usage

```
ggml_opt_inputs(opt_ctx)
```

Arguments

opt_ctx	External pointer to optimizer context
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Value

External pointer to inputs tensor

See Also

Other optimization: `ggml_fit_opt()`, `ggml_opt_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_data()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_free()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_init()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_labels()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle()`, `ggml_opt_default_params()`, `ggml_opt_epoch()`, `ggml_opt_eval()`, `ggml_opt_fit()`, `ggml_opt_free()`, `ggml_opt_get_lr()`, `ggml_opt_grad_acc()`, `ggml_opt_init()`, `ggml_opt_init_for_fit()`, `ggml_opt_labels()`, `ggml_opt_loss()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mean()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mse()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_sum()`, `ggml_opt_ncorrect()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_name()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd()`, `ggml_opt_outputs()`, `ggml_opt_pred()`, `ggml_opt_prepare_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_reset()`, `ggml_opt_result_accuracy()`, `ggml_opt_result_free()`, `ggml_opt_result_init()`, `ggml_opt_result_loss()`, `ggml_opt_result_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_result_pred()`, `ggml_opt_result_reset()`, `ggml_opt_set_lr()`, `ggml_opt_static_graphs()`

<code>ggml_opt_labels</code>	<i>Get labels tensor from optimizer context</i>
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Description

Get labels tensor from optimizer context

Usage

```
ggml_opt_labels(opt_ctx)
```

Arguments

<code>opt_ctx</code>	External pointer to optimizer context
----------------------	---------------------------------------

Value

External pointer to labels tensor

See Also

Other optimization: `ggml_fit_opt()`, `ggml_opt_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_data()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_free()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_init()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_labels()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle()`, `ggml_opt_default_params()`, `ggml_opt_epoch()`, `ggml_opt_eval()`, `ggml_opt_fit()`, `ggml_opt_free()`, `ggml_opt_get_lr()`, `ggml_opt_grad_acc()`, `ggml_opt_init()`, `ggml_opt_init_for_fit()`, `ggml_opt_inputs()`, `ggml_opt_loss()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mean()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mse()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_sum()`, `ggml_opt_ncorrect()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_name()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd()`, `ggml_opt_outputs()`, `ggml_opt_pred()`, `ggml_opt_prepare_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_reset()`, `ggml_opt_result_accuracy()`, `ggml_opt_result_free()`, `ggml_opt_result_init()`, `ggml_opt_result_loss()`, `ggml_opt_result_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_result_pred()`, `ggml_opt_result_reset()`, `ggml_opt_set_lr()`, `ggml_opt_static_graphs()`

ggml_opt_loss	<i>Get loss tensor from optimizer context</i>
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Description

Get loss tensor from optimizer context

Usage

```
ggml_opt_loss(opt_ctx)
```

Arguments

opt_ctx	External pointer to optimizer context
---------	---------------------------------------

Value

External pointer to loss tensor

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_parameters\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy	<i>Loss type: Cross Entropy</i>
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Description

Returns the constant for cross entropy loss type. Use for classification tasks.

Usage

```
ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy()
```

Value

Integer constant for cross entropy loss

See Also

Other optimization: `ggml_fit_opt()`, `ggml_opt_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_data()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_free()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_init()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_labels()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle()`, `ggml_opt_default_params()`, `ggml_opt_epoch()`, `ggml_opt_eval()`, `ggml_opt_fit()`, `ggml_opt_free()`, `ggml_opt_get_lr()`, `ggml_opt_grad_acc()`, `ggml_opt_init()`, `ggml_opt_init_for_fit()`, `ggml_opt_inputs()`, `ggml_opt_labels()`, `ggml_opt_loss()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mean()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mse()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_sum()`, `ggml_opt_ncorrect()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_name()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type()`, `ggml_opt_outputs()`, `ggml_opt_pred()`, `ggml_opt_prepare_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_reset()`, `ggml_opt_result_accuracy()`, `ggml_opt_result_free()`, `ggml_opt_result_init()`, `ggml_opt_result_loss()`, `ggml_opt_result_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_result_pred()`, `ggml_opt_result_reset()`, `ggml_opt_set_lr()`, `ggml_opt_static_graphs()`

`ggml_opt_loss_type_mean`

Loss type: Mean

Description

Returns the constant for mean loss type. Custom loss - reduces outputs to mean value.

Usage

`ggml_opt_loss_type_mean()`

Value

Integer constant for mean loss

See Also

Other optimization: `ggml_fit_opt()`, `ggml_opt_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_data()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_free()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_init()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_labels()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle()`, `ggml_opt_default_params()`, `ggml_opt_epoch()`, `ggml_opt_eval()`, `ggml_opt_fit()`, `ggml_opt_free()`, `ggml_opt_get_lr()`, `ggml_opt_grad_acc()`, `ggml_opt_init()`, `ggml_opt_init_for_fit()`, `ggml_opt_inputs()`, `ggml_opt_labels()`, `ggml_opt_loss()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mse()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_sum()`, `ggml_opt_ncorrect()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_name()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type()`, `ggml_opt_outputs()`, `ggml_opt_pred()`, `ggml_opt_prepare_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_reset()`, `ggml_opt_result_accuracy()`, `ggml_opt_result_free()`, `ggml_opt_result_init()`, `ggml_opt_result_loss()`, `ggml_opt_result_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_result_pred()`, `ggml_opt_result_reset()`, `ggml_opt_set_lr()`, `ggml_opt_static_graphs()`

`ggml_opt_loss_type_mse`*Loss type: Mean Squared Error*

Description

Returns the constant for MSE loss type. Use for regression tasks.

Usage`ggml_opt_loss_type_mse()`**Value**

Integer constant for MSE loss

See Also

Other optimization: `ggml_fit_opt()`, `ggml_opt_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_data()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_free()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_init()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_labels()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle()`, `ggml_opt_default_parameters()`, `ggml_opt_epoch()`, `ggml_opt_eval()`, `ggml_opt_fit()`, `ggml_opt_free()`, `ggml_opt_get_lr()`, `ggml_opt_grad_acc()`, `ggml_opt_init()`, `ggml_opt_init_for_fit()`, `ggml_opt_inputs()`, `ggml_opt_labels()`, `ggml_opt_loss()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mean()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_sum()`, `ggml_opt_ncorrect()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_name()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam()`, `ggml_opt_outputs()`, `ggml_opt_pred()`, `ggml_opt_prepare_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_reset()`, `ggml_opt_result_accuracy()`, `ggml_opt_result_free()`, `ggml_opt_result_init()`, `ggml_opt_result_loss()`, `ggml_opt_result_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_result_pred()`, `ggml_opt_result_reset()`, `ggml_opt_set_lr()`, `ggml_opt_static_graphs()`

`ggml_opt_loss_type_sum`*Loss type: Sum*

Description

Returns the constant for sum loss type. Custom loss - reduces outputs to sum value.

Usage`ggml_opt_loss_type_sum()`**Value**

Integer constant for sum loss

See Also

Other optimization: `ggml_fit_opt()`, `ggml_opt_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_data()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_free()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_init()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_labels()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle()`, `ggml_opt_default_parameters()`, `ggml_opt_epoch()`, `ggml_opt_eval()`, `ggml_opt_fit()`, `ggml_opt_free()`, `ggml_opt_get_lr()`, `ggml_opt_grad_acc()`, `ggml_opt_init()`, `ggml_opt_init_for_fit()`, `ggml_opt_inputs()`, `ggml_opt_labels()`, `ggml_opt_loss()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mean()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mse()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_sum()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_name()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd()`, `ggml_opt_outputs()`, `ggml_opt_pred()`, `ggml_opt_prepare_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_reset()`, `ggml_opt_result_accuracy()`, `ggml_opt_result_free()`, `ggml_opt_result_init()`, `ggml_opt_result_loss()`, `ggml_opt_result_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_result_pred()`, `ggml_opt_result_reset()`, `ggml_opt_set_lr()`, `ggml_opt_static_graphs()`

<code>ggml_opt_ncorrect</code>	<i>Get number of correct predictions tensor</i>
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Description

Get number of correct predictions tensor

Usage

```
ggml_opt_ncorrect(opt_ctx)
```

Arguments

<code>opt_ctx</code>	External pointer to optimizer context
----------------------	---------------------------------------

Value

External pointer to ncorrect tensor

See Also

Other optimization: `ggml_fit_opt()`, `ggml_opt_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_data()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_free()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_init()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_labels()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle()`, `ggml_opt_default_parameters()`, `ggml_opt_epoch()`, `ggml_opt_eval()`, `ggml_opt_fit()`, `ggml_opt_free()`, `ggml_opt_get_lr()`, `ggml_opt_grad_acc()`, `ggml_opt_init()`, `ggml_opt_init_for_fit()`, `ggml_opt_inputs()`, `ggml_opt_labels()`, `ggml_opt_loss()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mean()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mse()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_sum()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_name()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd()`, `ggml_opt_outputs()`, `ggml_opt_pred()`, `ggml_opt_prepare_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_reset()`, `ggml_opt_result_accuracy()`, `ggml_opt_result_free()`, `ggml_opt_result_init()`, `ggml_opt_result_loss()`, `ggml_opt_result_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_result_pred()`, `ggml_opt_result_reset()`, `ggml_opt_set_lr()`, `ggml_opt_static_graphs()`

 ggml_opt_optimizer_name

Get optimizer name

Description

Get optimizer name

Usage

```
ggml_opt_optimizer_name(optimizer_type)
```

Arguments

optimizer_type Integer optimizer type constant

Value

Character string with optimizer name

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_parameters\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

 ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw

Optimizer type: AdamW

Description

Returns the constant for AdamW optimizer. Adam with weight decay - recommended for most tasks.

Usage

```
ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw()
```

Value

Integer constant for AdamW optimizer

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_parameters\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd

Optimizer type: SGD

Description

Returns the constant for SGD optimizer. Stochastic gradient descent - simpler but may require tuning.

Usage

`ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd()`

Value

Integer constant for SGD optimizer

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_parameters\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

ggml_opt_outputs	<i>Get outputs tensor from optimizer context</i>
------------------	--

Description

Get outputs tensor from optimizer context

Usage

```
ggml_opt_outputs(opt_ctx)
```

Arguments

opt_ctx	External pointer to optimizer context
---------	---------------------------------------

Value

External pointer to outputs tensor

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_params\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

ggml_opt_pred	<i>Get predictions tensor from optimizer context</i>
---------------	--

Description

Get predictions tensor from optimizer context

Usage

```
ggml_opt_pred(opt_ctx)
```

Arguments

opt_ctx	External pointer to optimizer context
---------	---------------------------------------

Value

External pointer to predictions tensor

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_params\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

ggml_opt_prepare_alloc

Prepare allocation for non-static graphs

Description

Must be called before `ggml_opt_alloc` when not using static graphs. Sets up the optimizer context with the computation graph and input/output tensors.

Usage

```
ggml_opt_prepare_alloc(opt_ctx, ctx_compute, graph, inputs, outputs)
```

Arguments

<code>opt_ctx</code>	External pointer to optimizer context
<code>ctx_compute</code>	Compute context for temporary tensors
<code>graph</code>	Computation graph (from <code>ggml_build_forward_expand</code>)
<code>inputs</code>	Input tensor
<code>outputs</code>	Output tensor

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other optimization: `ggml_fit_opt()`, `ggml_opt_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_data()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_free()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_init()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_labels()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle()`, `ggml_opt_default_params()`, `ggml_opt_epoch()`, `ggml_opt_eval()`, `ggml_opt_fit()`, `ggml_opt_free()`, `ggml_opt_get_lr()`, `ggml_opt_grad_acc()`, `ggml_opt_init()`, `ggml_opt_init_for_fit()`, `ggml_opt_inputs()`, `ggml_opt_labels()`, `ggml_opt_loss()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mean()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mse()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_sum()`, `ggml_opt_ncorrect()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_name()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd()`, `ggml_opt_outputs()`, `ggml_opt_pred()`, `ggml_opt_reset()`, `ggml_opt_result_accuracy()`, `ggml_opt_result_free()`, `ggml_opt_result_init()`, `ggml_opt_result_loss()`, `ggml_opt_result_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_result_pred()`, `ggml_opt_result_reset()`, `ggml_opt_set_lr()`, `ggml_opt_static_graphs()`

 ggml_opt_reset

Reset optimizer context

Description

Resets gradients to zero, initializes loss, and optionally resets optimizer state.

Usage

```
ggml_opt_reset(opt_ctx, optimizer = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>opt_ctx</code>	External pointer to optimizer context
<code>optimizer</code>	Whether to also reset optimizer state (momentum, etc.)

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other optimization: `ggml_fit_opt()`, `ggml_opt_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_data()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_free()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_init()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_labels()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle()`, `ggml_opt_default_params()`, `ggml_opt_epoch()`, `ggml_opt_eval()`, `ggml_opt_fit()`, `ggml_opt_free()`, `ggml_opt_get_lr()`, `ggml_opt_grad_acc()`, `ggml_opt_init()`, `ggml_opt_init_for_fit()`, `ggml_opt_inputs()`, `ggml_opt_labels()`, `ggml_opt_loss()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mean()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_mse()`, `ggml_opt_loss_type_sum()`, `ggml_opt_ncorrect()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_name()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam()`, `ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd()`, `ggml_opt_outputs()`, `ggml_opt_pred()`, `ggml_opt_prepare_alloc()`, `ggml_opt_result_accuracy()`, `ggml_opt_result_free()`, `ggml_opt_result_init()`, `ggml_opt_result_loss()`, `ggml_opt_result_ndata()`, `ggml_opt_result_pred()`, `ggml_opt_result_reset()`, `ggml_opt_set_lr()`, `ggml_opt_static_graphs()`

ggml_opt_result_accuracy
Get accuracy from result

Description

Get accuracy from result

Usage

```
ggml_opt_result_accuracy(result)
```

Arguments

result External pointer to result object

Value

Named numeric vector with 'accuracy' and 'uncertainty'

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_parameters\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

ggml_opt_result_free *Free optimization result*

Description

Free optimization result

Usage

```
ggml_opt_result_free(result)
```

Arguments

result External pointer to result object

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_parameters\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

`ggml_opt_result_init` *Initialize optimization result*

Description

Creates a new result object to accumulate training statistics.

Usage

```
ggml_opt_result_init()
```

Value

External pointer to result object

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_parameters\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#),

ggml_opt_result_ndata(), ggml_opt_result_pred(), ggml_opt_result_reset(), ggml_opt_set_lr(),
ggml_opt_static_graphs()

ggml_opt_result_loss *Get loss from result*

Description

Get loss from result

Usage

ggml_opt_result_loss(result)

Arguments

result External pointer to result object

Value

Named numeric vector with 'loss' and 'uncertainty'

See Also

Other optimization: ggml_fit_opt(), ggml_opt_alloc(), ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type(),
ggml_opt_dataset_data(), ggml_opt_dataset_free(), ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch(), ggml_opt_dataset_init(),
ggml_opt_dataset_labels(), ggml_opt_dataset_ndata(), ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle(), ggml_opt_default_param,
ggml_opt_epoch(), ggml_opt_eval(), ggml_opt_fit(), ggml_opt_free(), ggml_opt_get_lr(),
ggml_opt_grad_acc(), ggml_opt_init(), ggml_opt_init_for_fit(), ggml_opt_inputs(), ggml_opt_labels(),
ggml_opt_loss(), ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy(), ggml_opt_loss_type_mean(), ggml_opt_loss_type_mse,
ggml_opt_loss_type_sum(), ggml_opt_ncorrect(), ggml_opt_optimizer_name(), ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam,
ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd(), ggml_opt_outputs(), ggml_opt_pred(), ggml_opt_prepare_alloc(),
ggml_opt_reset(), ggml_opt_result_accuracy(), ggml_opt_result_free(), ggml_opt_result_init(),
ggml_opt_result_ndata(), ggml_opt_result_pred(), ggml_opt_result_reset(), ggml_opt_set_lr(),
ggml_opt_static_graphs()

ggml_opt_result_ndata *Get number of datapoints from result*

Description

Get number of datapoints from result

Usage

ggml_opt_result_ndata(result)

Arguments

result External pointer to result object

Value

Number of datapoints processed

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_parameters\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

`ggml_opt_result_pred` *Get predictions from result*

Description

Returns the predictions as an integer vector. The length equals the number of datapoints processed.

Usage

```
ggml_opt_result_pred(result)
```

Arguments

result External pointer to result object

Value

Integer vector of predictions

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_parameters\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#),

ggml_opt_loss(), ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy(), ggml_opt_loss_type_mean(), ggml_opt_loss_type_mse,
 ggml_opt_loss_type_sum(), ggml_opt_ncorrect(), ggml_opt_optimizer_name(), ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam,
 ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd(), ggml_opt_outputs(), ggml_opt_pred(), ggml_opt_prepare_alloc(),
 ggml_opt_reset(), ggml_opt_result_accuracy(), ggml_opt_result_free(), ggml_opt_result_init(),
 ggml_opt_result_loss(), ggml_opt_result_ndata(), ggml_opt_result_reset(), ggml_opt_set_lr(),
 ggml_opt_static_graphs()

ggml_opt_result_reset *Reset optimization result*

Description

Reset optimization result

Usage

```
ggml_opt_result_reset(result)
```

Arguments

result	External pointer to result object
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Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other optimization: ggml_fit_opt(), ggml_opt_alloc(), ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type(),
 ggml_opt_dataset_data(), ggml_opt_dataset_free(), ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch(), ggml_opt_dataset_init(),
 ggml_opt_dataset_labels(), ggml_opt_dataset_ndata(), ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle(), ggml_opt_default_param,
 ggml_opt_epoch(), ggml_opt_eval(), ggml_opt_fit(), ggml_opt_free(), ggml_opt_get_lr(),
 ggml_opt_grad_acc(), ggml_opt_init(), ggml_opt_init_for_fit(), ggml_opt_inputs(), ggml_opt_labels(),
 ggml_opt_loss(), ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy(), ggml_opt_loss_type_mean(), ggml_opt_loss_type_mse,
 ggml_opt_loss_type_sum(), ggml_opt_ncorrect(), ggml_opt_optimizer_name(), ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam,
 ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd(), ggml_opt_outputs(), ggml_opt_pred(), ggml_opt_prepare_alloc(),
 ggml_opt_reset(), ggml_opt_result_accuracy(), ggml_opt_result_free(), ggml_opt_result_init(),
 ggml_opt_result_loss(), ggml_opt_result_ndata(), ggml_opt_result_pred(), ggml_opt_set_lr(),
 ggml_opt_static_graphs()

ggml_opt_set_lr	<i>Set learning rate in optimizer context</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Updates the LR used for subsequent backward passes. Can be called between epochs to implement LR scheduling.

Usage

```
ggml_opt_set_lr(lr_ud, adamw_lr = NA, sgd_lr = NA)
```

Arguments

lr_ud	LR userdata pointer (from 'ggml_opt_init_for_fit(\$lr_ud)')
adamw_lr	New AdamW learning rate (NA to keep current)
sgd_lr	New SGD learning rate (NA to keep current)

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_params\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adamw\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_static_graphs\(\)](#)

ggml_opt_static_graphs

Check if using static graphs

Description

Check if using static graphs

Usage

```
ggml_opt_static_graphs(opt_ctx)
```

Arguments

opt_ctx External pointer to optimizer context

Value

Logical indicating if graphs are statically allocated

See Also

Other optimization: [ggml_fit_opt\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_context_optimizer_type\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_data\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_get_batch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_dataset_shuffle\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_default_params\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_epoch\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_eval\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_get_lr\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_grad_acc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_init_for_fit\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_inputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_labels\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_cross_entropy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mean\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_mse\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_loss_type_sum\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_ncorrect\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_name\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_adam\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_optimizer_type_sgd\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_outputs\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_prepare_alloc\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_accuracy\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_free\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_init\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_loss\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_ndata\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_pred\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_result_reset\(\)](#), [ggml_opt_set_lr\(\)](#)

ggml_op_can_inplace *Check if Operation Can Be Done In-place*

Description

Returns whether a GGML operation can reuse memory from its source tensors. This is useful for memory optimization.

Usage

```
ggml_op_can_inplace(op)
```

Arguments

op Operation code (integer)

Value

Logical indicating if operation supports in-place execution

See Also

Other graph: [ggml_graph_view\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# Check if operation code 1 (ADD) can be in-place
can_inplace <- ggml_op_can_inplace(1L)
```

`ggml_op_desc`*Get Operation Description from Tensor*

Description

Returns a description of the operation that produces a tensor.

Usage

```
ggml_op_desc(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor Tensor pointer

Value

Character string describing the operation

See Also

Other op_info: [ggml_get_unary_op\(\)](#), [ggml_op_name\(\)](#), [ggml_op_symbol\(\)](#), [ggml_unary_op_name\(\)](#)

`ggml_op_name`*Get Operation Name*

Description

Returns the string name of a GGML operation.

Usage

```
ggml_op_name(op)
```

Arguments

op GGML operation constant

Value

Character string with operation name

See Also

Other op_info: [ggml_get_unary_op\(\)](#), [ggml_op_desc\(\)](#), [ggml_op_symbol\(\)](#), [ggml_unary_op_name\(\)](#)

ggml_op_symbol	<i>Get Operation Symbol</i>
----------------	-----------------------------

Description

Returns the mathematical symbol for a GGML operation.

Usage

```
ggml_op_symbol(op)
```

Arguments

op	GGML operation constant
----	-------------------------

Value

Character string with operation symbol

See Also

Other op_info: [ggml_get_unary_op\(\)](#), [ggml_op_desc\(\)](#), [ggml_op_name\(\)](#), [ggml_unary_op_name\(\)](#)

ggml_out_prod	<i>Outer Product (Graph)</i>
---------------	------------------------------

Description

Computes the outer product of two vectors: $C = a * b^T$ For vectors $a[m]$ and $b[n]$, produces matrix $C[m, n]$.

Usage

```
ggml_out_prod(ctx, a, b)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	First vector tensor
b	Second vector tensor

Value

Matrix tensor representing the outer product

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 3)
b <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3))
ggml_set_f32(b, c(1, 2, 3, 4))
c <- ggml_out_prod(ctx, a, b) # Result: 3x4 matrix
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, c)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_pad

Pad Tensor with Zeros (Graph)

Description

Pads tensor dimensions with zeros on the right side. Useful for aligning tensor sizes in attention operations.

Usage

```
ggml_pad(ctx, a, p0 = 0L, p1 = 0L, p2 = 0L, p3 = 0L)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor to pad
p0	Padding for dimension 0 (default 0)
p1	Padding for dimension 1 (default 0)
p2	Padding for dimension 2 (default 0)
p3	Padding for dimension 3 (default 0)

Value

Padded tensor with shape [ne0+p0, ne1+p1, ne2+p2, ne3+p3]

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5, 3)
ggml_set_f32(a, 1:15)
# Pad to 8x4
b <- ggml_pad(ctx, a, 3, 1) # Add 3 zeros to dim0, 1 to dim1
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, b)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
# Result shape: [8, 4]
ggml_free(ctx)

```

ggml_permute

Permute Tensor Dimensions (Graph)

Description

Permutes the tensor dimensions according to specified axes. **CRITICAL** for attention mechanisms in transformers.

Usage

```
ggml_permute(ctx, a, axis0, axis1, axis2, axis3)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor
axis0	New position for axis 0
axis1	New position for axis 1
axis2	New position for axis 2
axis3	New position for axis 3

Value

Permuted tensor

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
# Create 4D tensor: (2, 3, 4, 5)
t <- ggml_new_tensor_4d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 2, 3, 4, 5)
# Swap axes 0 and 1: result shape (3, 2, 4, 5)
t_perm <- ggml_permute(ctx, t, 1, 0, 2, 3)
ggml_free(ctx)

```

`ggml_pool_1d`*1D Pooling (Graph)*

Description

Applies 1D pooling operation for downsampling.

Usage

```
ggml_pool_1d(ctx, a, op, k0, s0 = k0, p0 = 0L)
```

```
GGML_OP_POOL_MAX
```

```
GGML_OP_POOL_AVG
```

Arguments

<code>ctx</code>	GGML context
<code>a</code>	Input tensor
<code>op</code>	Pool operation constant (see details)
<code>k0</code>	Kernel size (window size)
<code>s0</code>	Stride (default = <code>k0</code> for non-overlapping windows)
<code>p0</code>	Padding (default 0)

Format

An object of class integer of length 1.

An object of class integer of length 1.

Details

Pool operation constants:

- `GGML_OP_POOL_MAX` (0): Max pooling - takes maximum value in each window
- `GGML_OP_POOL_AVG` (1): Average pooling - takes mean of values in each window

Value

Pooled tensor with reduced dimensions

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 8)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 3, 2, 4, 5, 2, 8, 1))

# Max pooling with kernel 2, stride 2
max_pool <- ggml_pool_1d(ctx, a, GGML_OP_POOL_MAX, k0 = 2)
# Result: [3, 4, 5, 8] (max of each pair)

# Average pooling with kernel 2, stride 2
avg_pool <- ggml_pool_1d(ctx, a, GGML_OP_POOL_AVG, k0 = 2)
# Result: [2, 3, 3.5, 4.5] (mean of each pair)

ggml_free(ctx)

```

ggml_pool_2d

2D Pooling (*Graph*)

Description

Applies 2D pooling operation.

Usage

```
ggml_pool_2d(ctx, a, op, k0, k1, s0 = k0, s1 = k1, p0 = 0, p1 = 0)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor
op	Pool operation: GGML_OP_POOL_MAX (0) or GGML_OP_POOL_AVG (1)
k0	Kernel size dimension 0
k1	Kernel size dimension 1
s0	Stride dimension 0 (default = k0)
s1	Stride dimension 1 (default = k1)
p0	Padding dimension 0 (default 0)
p1	Padding dimension 1 (default 0)

Value

Pooled tensor

ggml_pop_layer	<i>Remove the Last Layer from a Sequential Model</i>
----------------	--

Description

Removes the last layer from the model. The model must not be compiled.

Usage

```
ggml_pop_layer(model)
```

Arguments

model A ggml_sequential_model object

Value

The model with the last layer removed.

Examples

```
model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_dense(64, activation = "relu") |>
  ggml_layer_dense(10, activation = "softmax")

model <- ggml_pop_layer(model)
length(model$layers) # 1
```

ggml_predict.ggml_functional_model	<i>Get Predictions from a Trained Model</i>
------------------------------------	---

Description

Runs forward pass on input data and returns prediction probabilities (or raw output values for regression). Unlike ggml_evaluate(), this does not require labels.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ggml_functional_model'
ggml_predict(model, x, batch_size = 32L, ...)

ggml_predict(model, ...)

## S3 method for class 'ggml_sequential_model'
ggml_predict(model, x, batch_size = 32L, ...)
```

Arguments

model	A trained ggml_sequential_model
x	Input data (matrix or array)
batch_size	Batch size for inference
...	Additional arguments (ignored).

Value

Matrix of predictions with shape [N, output_units]

ggml_predict_classes *Predict Classes from a Trained Model*

Description

Returns predicted class indices (1-based) by applying argmax to the output of ggml_predict().

Usage

```
ggml_predict_classes(model, x, batch_size = 32L)
```

Arguments

model	A trained ggml_sequential_model
x	Input data (matrix or array)
batch_size	Batch size for inference

Value

Integer vector of predicted class indices (1-based)

ggml_print_mem_status *Print Context Memory Status*

Description

Helper to print memory usage information

Usage

```
ggml_print_mem_status(ctx)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
-----	--------------

Value

List with total, used, free memory (invisible)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
ggml_print_mem_status(ctx)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_print_objects *Print Objects in Context*

Description

Debug function to print all objects (tensors) in the context

Usage

```
ggml_print_objects(ctx)
```

Arguments

ctx GGML context

Value

NULL (invisible)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
t <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
ggml_print_objects(ctx)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_quantize_chunk *Quantize Data Chunk*

Description

Quantizes a chunk of floating-point data to a lower precision format.

Usage

```
ggml_quantize_chunk(type, src, nrows, n_per_row)
```

Arguments

type	Target GGML type (e.g., GGML_TYPE_Q4_0)
src	Source numeric vector (F32 data)
nrows	Number of rows
n_per_row	Number of elements per row

Value

Raw vector containing quantized data

Examples

```
# Quantize 256 floats to Q8_0 (block size 32)
data <- rnorm(256)
quantized <- ggml_quantize_chunk(GGML_TYPE_Q8_0, data, 1, 256)
ggml_quantize_free() # Clean up
```

ggml_quantize_free *Free Quantization Resources*

Description

Frees any memory allocated by quantization. Call at end of program to avoid memory leaks.

Usage

```
ggml_quantize_free()
```

Value

NULL invisibly

ggml_quantize_init *Initialize Quantization Tables*

Description

Initializes quantization tables for a given type. Called automatically by ggml_quantize_chunk, but can be called manually.

Usage

```
ggml_quantize_init(type)
```

Arguments

type GGML type (e.g., GGML_TYPE_Q4_0)

Value

NULL invisibly

ggml_quantize_requires_imatrix
 Check if Quantization Requires Importance Matrix

Description

Some quantization types require an importance matrix for optimal quality.

Usage

```
ggml_quantize_requires_imatrix(type)
```

Arguments

type GGML type

Value

TRUE if importance matrix is required

ggml_quant_block_info *Get Quantization Block Info*

Description

Returns information about a quantization type including name, type size, block size, and whether it's quantized.

Usage

```
ggml_quant_block_info(type)
```

Arguments

type GGML type constant

Value

List with type_name, type_size, block_size, is_quantized

See Also

Other quantization: [dequantize_row_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_mxfp4\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q2_K\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q4_0\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_tq1_0\(\)](#), [iq2xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq2xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [quantize_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [quantize_mxfp4\(\)](#), [quantize_q2_K\(\)](#), [quantize_q4_0\(\)](#), [quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_mxfp4_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q2_K_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q4_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_tq1_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_tq1_0\(\)](#)

ggml_reglu

ReGLU (ReLU Gated Linear Unit) (Graph)

Description

Creates a graph node for ReGLU operation. ReGLU uses ReLU as the activation function on the first half.

Usage

```
ggml_reglu(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx GGML context
a Input tensor (first dimension must be even)

Details

Formula: $\text{output} = \text{ReLU}(x) * \text{gate}$

Value

Tensor with half the first dimension of input

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 8, 3)
ggml_set_f32(a, rnorm(24))
r <- ggml_reglu(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, r)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
result <- ggml_get_f32(r) # Shape: 4x3
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_reglu_split *ReLU Split (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for ReGLU with separate input and gate tensors.

Usage

```
ggml_reglu_split(ctx, a, b)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (the values to be gated)
b	Gate tensor (same shape as a)

Details

Formula: $\text{output} = \text{ReLU}(a) * b$

Value

Tensor with same shape as input tensors

ggml_relu *ReLU Activation (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for ReLU (Rectified Linear Unit) activation: $\max(0, x)$

Usage

```
ggml_relu(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the ReLU operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(-2, -1, 0, 1, 2))
result <- ggml_relu(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_get_f32(result)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_relu_inplace *ReLU Activation In-place (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place ReLU activation: $\max(0, x)$

Usage

```
ggml_relu_inplace(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)

Value

View of tensor a with ReLU applied

ggml_repeat	<i>Repeat (Graph)</i>
-------------	-----------------------

Description

Creates a graph node that repeats tensor 'a' to match shape of tensor 'b'.

Usage

```
ggml_repeat(ctx, a, b)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Tensor to repeat
b	Target tensor (defines output shape)

Value

Tensor with repeated values

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 1, 2)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2))
b <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 3, 2)
result <- ggml_repeat(ctx, a, b)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
output <- ggml_get_f32(result) # [1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2]
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_repeat_back	<i>Repeat Backward (Graph)</i>
------------------	--------------------------------

Description

Backward pass for repeat operation - sums repetitions back to original shape. Used for gradient computation during training.

Usage

```
ggml_repeat_back(ctx, a, b)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (gradients from repeated tensor)
b	Target shape tensor (original tensor before repeat)

Value

Tensor with summed gradients matching shape of b

ggml_reset	<i>Reset GGML Context</i>
------------	---------------------------

Description

Clears all tensor allocations in the context memory pool. The context can be reused without recreating it. This is more efficient than free + init for temporary operations.

Usage

```
ggml_reset(ctx)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context pointer
-----	----------------------

Value

NULL (invisible)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 100)
ggml_reset(ctx)
b <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 200)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_reshape_1d	<i>Reshape to 1D (Graph)</i>
-----------------	------------------------------

Description

Reshapes tensor to 1D with ne0 elements

Usage

```
ggml_reshape_1d(ctx, a, ne0)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor
ne0	Size of dimension 0

Value

Reshaped tensor

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 3, 4)
ggml_set_f32(a, 1:12)
result <- ggml_reshape_1d(ctx, a, 12)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_reshape_2d *Reshape to 2D (Graph)*

Description

Reshapes tensor to 2D with shape (ne0, ne1)

Usage

```
ggml_reshape_2d(ctx, a, ne0, ne1)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor
ne0	Size of dimension 0
ne1	Size of dimension 1

Value

Reshaped tensor

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 12)
ggml_set_f32(a, 1:12)
result <- ggml_reshape_2d(ctx, a, 3, 4)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_reshape_3d *Reshape to 3D (Graph)*

Description

Reshapes tensor to 3D with shape (ne0, ne1, ne2)

Usage

```
ggml_reshape_3d(ctx, a, ne0, ne1, ne2)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor
ne0	Size of dimension 0
ne1	Size of dimension 1
ne2	Size of dimension 2

Value

Reshaped tensor

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 24)
ggml_set_f32(a, 1:24)
result <- ggml_reshape_3d(ctx, a, 2, 3, 4)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_reshape_4d *Reshape to 4D (Graph)*

Description

Reshapes tensor to 4D with shape (ne0, ne1, ne2, ne3)

Usage

```
ggml_reshape_4d(ctx, a, ne0, ne1, ne2, ne3)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor
ne0	Size of dimension 0
ne1	Size of dimension 1
ne2	Size of dimension 2
ne3	Size of dimension 3

Value

Reshaped tensor

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 120)
ggml_set_f32(a, 1:120)
result <- ggml_reshape_4d(ctx, a, 2, 3, 4, 5)
ggml_free(ctx)

```

ggml_rms_norm

RMS Normalization (Graph)

Description

Creates a graph node for RMS (Root Mean Square) normalization. Normalizes by $x / \sqrt{\text{mean}(x^2) + \text{eps}}$. CRITICAL for LLaMA models.

Usage

```
ggml_rms_norm(ctx, a, eps = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor
eps	Epsilon value for numerical stability (default: 1e-5)

Value

Tensor representing the RMS normalization operation

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4))
result <- ggml_rms_norm(ctx, a, eps = 1e-5)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
output <- ggml_get_f32(result)
# sqrt(mean(output^2)) should be ~1
ggml_free(ctx)

```

ggml_rms_norm_back *RMS Norm Backward (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for backward pass of RMS normalization. Used in training for computing gradients.

Usage

```
ggml_rms_norm_back(ctx, a, b, eps = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (x from forward pass)
b	Gradient tensor (dy)
eps	Epsilon for numerical stability (default 1e-5)

Value

Tensor representing the gradient with respect to input

ggml_rms_norm_inplace *RMS Normalization In-place (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place RMS normalization. Returns a view of the input tensor. CRITICAL for LLaMA models when memory efficiency is important.

Usage

```
ggml_rms_norm_inplace(ctx, a, eps = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)
eps	Epsilon value for numerical stability (default: 1e-5)

Value

View of input tensor with RMS normalization applied

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4))
result <- ggml_rms_norm_inplace(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_free(ctx)

```

ggml_rope

Rotary Position Embedding (Graph)

Description

Creates a graph node for RoPE (Rotary Position Embedding). RoPE is the dominant position encoding method in modern LLMs like LLaMA, Mistral, and many others.

Usage

```
ggml_rope(ctx, a, b, n_dims, mode = 0L)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor of shape [head_dim, n_head, seq_len, batch]
b	Position tensor (int32) of shape [seq_len] containing position indices
n_dims	Number of dimensions to apply rotation to (usually head_dim)
mode	RoPE mode: GGML_ROPE_TYPE_NORM (0), GGML_ROPE_TYPE_NEOX (2), etc.

Details

RoPE encodes position information by rotating pairs of dimensions in the embedding space. The rotation angle depends on position and dimension index.

Key benefits of RoPE: - Relative position information emerges naturally from rotation - Better extrapolation to longer sequences than absolute embeddings - No additional parameters needed

Value

Tensor with same shape as input, with rotary embeddings applied

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
# Query tensor: head_dim=8, n_head=4, seq_len=16, batch=1
q <- ggml_new_tensor_4d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 8, 4, 16, 1)
ggml_set_f32(q, rnorm(8 * 4 * 16))
# Position indices
pos <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_I32, 16)
ggml_set_i32(pos, 0:15)
# Apply RoPE
q_ropo <- ggml_ropo(ctx, q, pos, 8, GGML_ROPE_TYPE_NORM)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, q_ropo)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_free(ctx)

```

ggml_ropo_ext

*Extended RoPE with Frequency Scaling (Graph)***Description**

Creates a graph node for extended RoPE with frequency scaling parameters. Supports context extension techniques like YaRN, Linear Scaling, etc.

Usage

```

ggml_ropo_ext(
  ctx,
  a,
  b,
  c = NULL,
  n_dims,
  mode = 0L,
  n_ctx_orig = 0L,
  freq_base = 10000,
  freq_scale = 1,
  ext_factor = 0,
  attn_factor = 1,
  beta_fast = 32,
  beta_slow = 1
)

```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor
b	Position tensor (int32)
c	Optional frequency factors tensor (NULL for default)

n_dims	Number of dimensions to apply rotation to
mode	RoPE mode
n_ctx_orig	Original context length the model was trained on
freq_base	Base frequency for RoPE (default 10000 for most models)
freq_scale	Frequency scale factor (1.0 = no scaling)
ext_factor	YaRN extension factor (0.0 to disable)
attn_factor	Attention scale factor (typically 1.0)
beta_fast	YaRN parameter for fast dimensions
beta_slow	YaRN parameter for slow dimensions

Details

This extended version supports various context extension techniques:

- **Linear Scaling**: Set `freq_scale = original_ctx / new_ctx` - **YaRN**: Set `ext_factor > 0` with appropriate `beta_fast/beta_slow` - **NTK-aware**: Adjust `freq_base` for NTK-style scaling

Common `freq_base` values: - LLaMA 1/2: 10000 - LLaMA 3: 500000 - Mistral: 10000 - Phi-3: 10000

Value

Tensor with extended RoPE applied

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
q <- ggml_new_tensor_4d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 64, 8, 32, 1)
ggml_set_f32(q, rnorm(64 * 8 * 32))
pos <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_I32, 32)
ggml_set_i32(pos, 0:31)
# Standard RoPE with default freq_base
q_rope <- ggml_rope_ext(ctx, q, pos, NULL,
  n_dims = 64, mode = 0L,
  n_ctx_orig = 4096,
  freq_base = 10000, freq_scale = 1.0,
  ext_factor = 0.0, attn_factor = 1.0,
  beta_fast = 32, beta_slow = 1)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, q_rope)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_rope_ext_back *RoPE Extended Backward (Graph)*

Description

Backward pass for extended RoPE (Rotary Position Embedding). Used during training to compute gradients through RoPE.

Usage

```
ggml_rope_ext_back(
    ctx,
    a,
    b,
    c = NULL,
    n_dims,
    mode = 0L,
    n_ctx_orig = 0L,
    freq_base = 10000,
    freq_scale = 1,
    ext_factor = 0,
    attn_factor = 1,
    beta_fast = 32,
    beta_slow = 1
)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Gradient tensor from upstream (gradients of ggml_rope_ext result)
b	Position tensor (same as forward pass)
c	Optional frequency factors tensor (NULL for default)
n_dims	Number of dimensions for rotation
mode	RoPE mode
n_ctx_orig	Original context length
freq_base	Base frequency
freq_scale	Frequency scale factor
ext_factor	Extension factor (YaRN)
attn_factor	Attention factor
beta_fast	YaRN fast beta
beta_slow	YaRN slow beta

Value

Gradient tensor for the input

ggml_rope_ext_inplace *Extended RoPE Inplace (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for extended RoPE, modifying input tensor in place. Returns a view of the input tensor.

Usage

```
ggml_rope_ext_inplace(
    ctx,
    a,
    b,
    c = NULL,
    n_dims,
    mode = 0L,
    n_ctx_orig = 0L,
    freq_base = 10000,
    freq_scale = 1,
    ext_factor = 0,
    attn_factor = 1,
    beta_fast = 32,
    beta_slow = 1
)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor
b	Position tensor (int32)
c	Optional frequency factors tensor (NULL for default)
n_dims	Number of dimensions to apply rotation to
mode	RoPE mode
n_ctx_orig	Original context length the model was trained on
freq_base	Base frequency for RoPE (default 10000 for most models)
freq_scale	Frequency scale factor (1.0 = no scaling)
ext_factor	YaRN extension factor (0.0 to disable)
attn_factor	Attention scale factor (typically 1.0)
beta_fast	YaRN parameter for fast dimensions
beta_slow	YaRN parameter for slow dimensions

Value

View of input tensor with RoPE applied in place

See Also

Other rope: [ggml_rope_multi\(\)](#), [ggml_rope_multi_inplace\(\)](#)

ggml_rope_inplace	<i>Rotary Position Embedding In-place (Graph)</i>
-------------------	---

Description

In-place version of `ggml_rope`. Returns a view of the input tensor.

Usage

```
ggml_rope_inplace(ctx, a, b, n_dims, mode = 0L)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)
b	Position tensor (int32)
n_dims	Number of dimensions to apply rotation to
mode	RoPE mode

Value

View of input tensor with RoPE applied

ggml_rope_multi	<i>Multi-RoPE for Vision Models (Graph)</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Creates a graph node for multi-dimensional RoPE (MRoPE) used in vision transformers. Supports separate rotation for different positional dimensions (e.g., height, width, time).

Usage

```

ggml_rope_multi(
    ctx,
    a,
    b,
    c = NULL,
    n_dims,
    sections = c(0L, 0L, 0L, 0L),
    mode = 0L,
    n_ctx_orig = 0L,
    freq_base = 10000,
    freq_scale = 1,
    ext_factor = 0,
    attn_factor = 1,
    beta_fast = 32,
    beta_slow = 1
)

```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor
b	Position tensor (int32)
c	Optional frequency factors tensor (NULL for default)
n_dims	Number of dimensions to apply rotation to
sections	Integer vector of length 4 specifying dimension sections for MRoPE
mode	RoPE mode
n_ctx_orig	Original context length the model was trained on
freq_base	Base frequency for RoPE (default 10000 for most models)
freq_scale	Frequency scale factor (1.0 = no scaling)
ext_factor	YaRN extension factor (0.0 to disable)
attn_factor	Attention scale factor (typically 1.0)
beta_fast	YaRN parameter for fast dimensions
beta_slow	YaRN parameter for slow dimensions

Value

Tensor with multi-dimensional RoPE applied

See Also

Other rope: [ggml_rope_ext_inplace\(\)](#), [ggml_rope_multi_inplace\(\)](#)

 ggml_rope_multi_inplace

Multi-RoPE Inplace (Graph)

Description

Creates a graph node for multi-dimensional RoPE, modifying input in place.

Usage

```
ggml_rope_multi_inplace(
    ctx,
    a,
    b,
    c = NULL,
    n_dims,
    sections = c(0L, 0L, 0L, 0L),
    mode = 0L,
    n_ctx_orig = 0L,
    freq_base = 10000,
    freq_scale = 1,
    ext_factor = 0,
    attn_factor = 1,
    beta_fast = 32,
    beta_slow = 1
)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor
b	Position tensor (int32)
c	Optional frequency factors tensor (NULL for default)
n_dims	Number of dimensions to apply rotation to
sections	Integer vector of length 4 specifying dimension sections for MRoPE
mode	RoPE mode
n_ctx_orig	Original context length the model was trained on
freq_base	Base frequency for RoPE (default 10000 for most models)
freq_scale	Frequency scale factor (1.0 = no scaling)
ext_factor	YaRN extension factor (0.0 to disable)
attn_factor	Attention scale factor (typically 1.0)
beta_fast	YaRN parameter for fast dimensions
beta_slow	YaRN parameter for slow dimensions

Value

View of input tensor with MRoPE applied in place

See Also

Other rope: [ggml_rope_ext_inplace\(\)](#), [ggml_rope_multi\(\)](#)

ggml_round	<i>Round (Graph)</i>
------------	----------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for element-wise rounding: round(x)

Usage

```
ggml_round(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the round operation

ggml_round_inplace	<i>Round In-place (Graph)</i>
--------------------	-------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place element-wise rounding.

Usage

```
ggml_round_inplace(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)

Value

View of tensor a with rounded values

ggml_save_model	<i>Save a Full Model (Architecture + Weights)</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Saves both the architecture and trained weights of a model to an RDS file. Unlike `ggml_save_weights()`, which requires the model to be manually reconstructed before loading, `ggml_save_model()` saves everything needed to restore the model with a single call to `ggml_load_model()`.

Usage

```
ggml_save_model(model, path)
```

Arguments

model	A trained <code>ggml_sequential_model</code> or <code>ggml_functional_model</code> .
path	File path (typically <code>.rds</code>).

Value

The model (invisibly).

Supported model types

- `ggml_sequential_model` — input shape, layer configs, trained weights, and compilation settings are all saved.
- `ggml_functional_model` — input/output node graphs (pure R lists, no ggml pointers) and trained `node_weights` are saved.

Examples

```
model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_dense(16L, activation = "relu", input_shape = 4L) |>
  ggml_layer_dense(2L, activation = "softmax")
model <- ggml_compile(model, optimizer = "adam",
  loss = "categorical_crossentropy")
x <- matrix(runif(64 * 4), 64, 4)
y <- matrix(c(rep(c(1,0), 32), rep(c(0,1), 32)), 64, 2)
model <- ggml_fit(model, x, y, epochs = 1L, batch_size = 32L, verbose = 0L)
tmp <- tempfile(fileext = ".rds")
ggml_save_model(model, tmp)
model2 <- ggml_load_model(tmp)
```

ggml_save_weights	<i>Save Model Weights to File</i>
-------------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Saves the trained weights of a sequential model to an RDS file. The file includes both weights and architecture metadata for validation when loading.

Usage

```
ggml_save_weights(model, path)
```

Arguments

model	A trained ggml_sequential_model
path	File path to save weights (typically with .rds extension)

Value

The model (invisibly).

ggml_scale	<i>Scale (Graph)</i>
------------	----------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for scaling tensor by a scalar: $x * s$

Usage

```
ggml_scale(ctx, a, s)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor
s	Scalar value to multiply by

Value

Tensor representing the scaled values

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4))
result <- ggml_scale(ctx, a, 2.0)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
output <- ggml_get_f32(result) # [2, 4, 6, 8]
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_scale_inplace *Scale Tensor In-place (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place scaling: $a * s$

Usage

```
ggml_scale_inplace(ctx, a, s)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)
s	Scalar value to multiply by

Value

View of tensor a with scaled values

ggml_schedule_cosine_decay
Cosine annealing LR scheduler

Description

Anneals LR from initial value to 'eta_min' following a cosine curve.

Usage

```
ggml_schedule_cosine_decay(eta_min = 0, T_max = NULL)
```

Arguments

eta_min	Minimum LR at end of schedule
T_max	Total number of epochs (defaults to nepoch from fit state)

Value

List with `on_epoch_begin` function

See Also

Other callbacks: [ggml_callback_early_stopping\(\)](#), [ggml_schedule_reduce_on_plateau\(\)](#), [ggml_schedule_step_decay\(\)](#)

`ggml_schedule_reduce_on_plateau`
Reduce on plateau LR scheduler

Description

Reduces LR when a metric stops improving.

Usage

```
ggml_schedule_reduce_on_plateau(
    monitor = "val_loss",
    factor = 0.5,
    patience = 5,
    min_lr = 1e-07,
    min_delta = 1e-04,
    mode = "auto"
)
```

Arguments

monitor	Metric to monitor: "val_loss", "train_loss", etc.
factor	Factor to reduce LR by
patience	Epochs with no improvement before reducing
min_lr	Minimum LR
min_delta	Minimum change to qualify as improvement
mode	"min" or "max". "auto" infers from monitor name.

Value

List with `on_epoch_end` function

See Also

Other callbacks: [ggml_callback_early_stopping\(\)](#), [ggml_schedule_cosine_decay\(\)](#), [ggml_schedule_step_decay\(\)](#)

ggml_schedule_step_decay
Step decay LR scheduler

Description

Reduces LR by a factor every 'step_size' epochs.

Usage

```
ggml_schedule_step_decay(step_size = 10, gamma = 0.1)
```

Arguments

step_size	Reduce LR every this many epochs
gamma	Multiplicative factor of LR reduction

Value

List with on_epoch_begin function

See Also

Other callbacks: [ggml_callback_early_stopping\(\)](#), [ggml_schedule_cosine_decay\(\)](#), [ggml_schedule_reduce_on_pl](#)

ggml_set *Set Tensor Region (Graph)*

Description

Copies tensor b into tensor a at a specified offset. This allows writing to a portion of a tensor.

Usage

```
ggml_set(ctx, a, b, nb1, nb2, nb3, offset)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Destination tensor
b	Source tensor (data to copy)
nb1	Stride for dimension 1 (in bytes)
nb2	Stride for dimension 2 (in bytes)
nb3	Stride for dimension 3 (in bytes)
offset	Byte offset in destination tensor

Value

Tensor representing the set operation

ggml_set_1d	<i>Set 1D Tensor Region (Graph)</i>
-------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Simplified 1D version of ggml_set. Copies tensor b into tensor a starting at offset.

Usage

```
ggml_set_1d(ctx, a, b, offset)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Destination tensor
b	Source tensor
offset	Byte offset in destination tensor

Value

Tensor representing the set operation

ggml_set_2d	<i>Set 2D Tensor Region (Graph)</i>
-------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Simplified 2D version of `ggml_set`.

Usage

```
ggml_set_2d(ctx, a, b, nb1, offset)
```

Arguments

<code>ctx</code>	GGML context
<code>a</code>	Destination tensor
<code>b</code>	Source tensor
<code>nb1</code>	Stride for dimension 1 (in bytes)
<code>offset</code>	Byte offset in destination tensor

Value

Tensor representing the set operation

ggml_set_abort_callback_default	<i>Restore Default Abort Behavior</i>
---------------------------------	---------------------------------------

Description

Restores GGML to default abort behavior (prints to stderr and aborts).

Usage

```
ggml_set_abort_callback_default()
```

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other logging: [ggml_abort_is_r_enabled\(\)](#), [ggml_log_is_r_enabled\(\)](#), [ggml_log_set_default\(\)](#), [ggml_log_set_r\(\)](#), [ggml_set_abort_callback_r\(\)](#)

 ggml_set_abort_callback_r

Enable R-compatible Abort Handling

Description

Converts GGML abort calls into R errors (via `Rf_error`). This allows R to catch GGML failures with `tryCatch`.

Usage

```
ggml_set_abort_callback_r()
```

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other logging: [ggml_abort_is_r_enabled\(\)](#), [ggml_log_is_r_enabled\(\)](#), [ggml_log_set_default\(\)](#), [ggml_log_set_r\(\)](#), [ggml_set_abort_callback_default\(\)](#)

Examples

```
ggml_set_abort_callback_r()
# Now GGML aborts will become R errors
result <- tryCatch({
  # ... ggml operations that might fail ...
}, error = function(e) {
  message("GGML error caught: ", e$message)
})
```

 ggml_set_f32

Set F32 data

Description

Set F32 data

Set F32 Data

Usage

```
ggml_set_f32(tensor, data)
```

```
ggml_set_f32(tensor, data)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor
data	Numeric vector

Value

NULL (invisible)
 NULL (invisible)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
tensor <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(tensor, c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
ggml_get_f32(tensor)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
t <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(t, c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
ggml_get_f32(t)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_set_f32_nd	<i>Set Single Float Value by N-D Index</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Sets a single f32 value in the tensor at position [i0, i1, i2, i3]. This is a direct data write, not a graph operation.

Usage

```
ggml_set_f32_nd(tensor, i0, i1 = 0, i2 = 0, i3 = 0, value)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer
i0, i1, i2, i3	Indices (0-based)
value	Float value to set

Value

NULL (invisible)

ggml_set_i32	<i>Set I32 Data</i>
--------------	---------------------

Description

Sets integer data in an I32 tensor. Used for indices (ggml_get_rows) and position tensors (ggml_rope).

Usage

```
ggml_set_i32(tensor, data)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor of type GGML_TYPE_I32
data	Integer vector

Value

NULL (invisible)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
pos <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_I32, 10)
ggml_set_i32(pos, 0:9)
ggml_get_i32(pos)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_set_i32_nd	<i>Set Single Int32 Value by N-D Index</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Sets a single i32 value in the tensor at position [i0, i1, i2, i3].

Usage

```
ggml_set_i32_nd(tensor, i0, i1 = 0, i2 = 0, i3 = 0, value)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer
i0, i1, i2, i3	Indices (0-based)
value	Integer value to set

Value

NULL (invisible)

ggml_set_input	<i>Mark Tensor as Input</i>
----------------	-----------------------------

Description

Mark Tensor as Input

Usage

```
ggml_set_input(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer
--------	----------------

Value

The tensor (for chaining)

ggml_set_name	<i>Set Tensor Name</i>
---------------	------------------------

Description

Assigns a name to a tensor. Useful for debugging and graph visualization.

Usage

```
ggml_set_name(tensor, name)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer
name	Character string name

Value

The tensor (for chaining)

ggml_set_no_alloc *Set No Allocation Mode*

Description

When enabled, tensor creation will not allocate memory for data. Useful for creating computation graphs without allocating storage.

Usage

```
ggml_set_no_alloc(ctx, no_alloc)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
no_alloc	Logical, TRUE to disable allocation

Value

NULL (invisible)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
ggml_set_no_alloc(ctx, TRUE)
ggml_get_no_alloc(ctx)
ggml_set_no_alloc(ctx, FALSE)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_set_n_threads *Set Number of Threads*

Description

Set the number of threads for GGML operations

Usage

```
ggml_set_n_threads(n_threads)
```

Arguments

n_threads	Number of threads to use
-----------	--------------------------

Value

Number of threads set

Examples

```
# Use 4 threads
ggml_set_n_threads(4)

# Use all available cores
ggml_set_n_threads(parallel::detectCores())
```

ggml_set_omp_threads *Set OpenMP Thread Count*

Description

Directly calls `omp_set_num_threads()` to limit OpenMP parallelism. Useful in tests to comply with CRAN policy on core usage.

Usage

```
ggml_set_omp_threads(n)
```

Arguments

n	Number of threads
---	-------------------

Value

NULL invisibly

ggml_set_op_params *Set Tensor Operation Parameters*

Description

Sets the raw `op_params` bytes for a tensor.

Usage

```
ggml_set_op_params(tensor, params)
```

Arguments

tensor	External pointer to tensor
params	Raw vector of parameters (max 64 bytes)

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other tensor: [ggml_are_same_layout\(\)](#), [ggml_get_op_params\(\)](#), [ggml_get_op_params_f32\(\)](#), [ggml_get_op_params_i32\(\)](#), [ggml_set_op_params_f32\(\)](#), [ggml_set_op_params_i32\(\)](#)

ggml_set_op_params_f32

Set Float Op Parameter

Description

Sets a single float value in tensor op_params at given index.

Usage

```
ggml_set_op_params_f32(tensor, index, value)
```

Arguments

tensor	External pointer to tensor
index	0-based index (0-15 for 64-byte op_params)
value	Numeric value to set

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other tensor: [ggml_are_same_layout\(\)](#), [ggml_get_op_params\(\)](#), [ggml_get_op_params_f32\(\)](#), [ggml_get_op_params_i32\(\)](#), [ggml_set_op_params\(\)](#), [ggml_set_op_params_i32\(\)](#)

`ggml_set_op_params_i32`*Set Integer Op Parameter*

Description

Sets a single int32 value in tensor op_params at given index.

Usage

```
ggml_set_op_params_i32(tensor, index, value)
```

Arguments

tensor	External pointer to tensor
index	0-based index (0-15 for 64-byte op_params)
value	Integer value to set

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other tensor: [ggml_are_same_layout\(\)](#), [ggml_get_op_params\(\)](#), [ggml_get_op_params_f32\(\)](#), [ggml_get_op_params_i32\(\)](#), [ggml_set_op_params\(\)](#), [ggml_set_op_params_f32\(\)](#)

`ggml_set_output`*Mark Tensor as Output*

Description

Mark Tensor as Output

Usage

```
ggml_set_output(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer
--------	----------------

Value

The tensor (for chaining)

ggml_set_param	<i>Set Tensor as Trainable Parameter</i>
----------------	--

Description

Marks a tensor as a trainable parameter for backpropagation. The optimizer will compute gradients for this tensor during training.

Usage

```
ggml_set_param(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer
--------	----------------

Value

The tensor (for chaining)

ggml_set_zero	<i>Set Tensor to Zero</i>
---------------	---------------------------

Description

Sets all elements of a tensor to zero. This is more efficient than manually setting all elements.

Usage

```
ggml_set_zero(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor to zero out
--------	--------------------

Value

NULL (invisible)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
t <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
ggml_set_f32(t, 1:10)
ggml_set_zero(t)
ggml_get_f32(t)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_sgn	<i>Sign Function (Graph)</i>
----------	------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for element-wise sign function. $\text{sgn}(x) = -1$ if $x < 0$, 0 if $x == 0$, 1 if $x > 0$

Usage

```
ggml_sgn(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the sign operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(-2, -0.5, 0, 0.5, 2))
r <- ggml_sgn(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, r)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
result <- ggml_get_f32(r) # c(-1, -1, 0, 1, 1)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_sigmoid	<i>Sigmoid Activation (Graph)</i>
--------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for sigmoid activation: $1 / (1 + \exp(-x))$

Usage

```
ggml_sigmoid(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the sigmoid operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(-2, -1, 0, 1, 2))
result <- ggml_sigmoid(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_get_f32(result)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_sigmoid_inplace *Sigmoid Activation In-place (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place sigmoid activation: $1 / (1 + e^{(-x)})$

Usage

```
ggml_sigmoid_inplace(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)

Value

View of tensor a with sigmoid applied

ggml_silu *SiLU Activation (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for SiLU (Sigmoid Linear Unit) activation, also known as Swish. **CRITICAL** for LLaMA models.

Usage

```
ggml_silu(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the SiLU operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(-2, -1, 0, 1, 2))
result <- ggml_silu(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_get_f32(result)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_silu_back	<i>SiLU Backward (Graph)</i>
----------------	------------------------------

Description

Computes the backward pass for SiLU (Swish) activation. Used during training for gradient computation.

Usage

```
ggml_silu_back(ctx, a, b)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Forward input tensor
b	Gradient tensor from upstream

Value

Gradient tensor for the input

ggml_silu_inplace	<i>SiLU Activation In-place (Graph)</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place SiLU (Sigmoid Linear Unit) activation. CRITICAL for LLaMA models with memory efficiency.

Usage

```
ggml_silu_inplace(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)

Value

View of tensor a with SiLU applied

ggml_sin	<i>Sine (Graph)</i>
----------	---------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for element-wise sine: $\sin(x)$

Usage

```
ggml_sin(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the sin operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(0, pi/6, pi/2, pi))
result <- ggml_sin(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
output <- ggml_get_f32(result) # [0, 0.5, 1, 0]
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_softplus	<i>Softplus Activation (Graph)</i>
---------------	------------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for Softplus activation. $\text{Softplus}(x) = \log(1 + \exp(x))$. A smooth approximation of ReLU.

Usage

```
ggml_softplus(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the Softplus operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(-2, -1, 0, 1, 2))
r <- ggml_softplus(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, r)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
result <- ggml_get_f32(r)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_softplus_inplace *Softplus Activation In-place (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place softplus activation: $\log(1 + e^x)$

Usage

```
ggml_softplus_inplace(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)

Value

View of tensor a with softplus applied

ggml_soft_max *Softmax (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for softmax operation. CRITICAL for attention mechanisms.

Usage

```
ggml_soft_max(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the softmax operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4))
result <- ggml_soft_max(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
output <- ggml_get_f32(result)
# Output sums to 1.0
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_soft_max_ext *Extended Softmax with Masking and Scaling (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for fused softmax operation with optional masking and ALiBi (Attention with Linear Biases) support. Computes: $\text{softmax}(a * \text{scale} + \text{mask} * (\text{ALiBi slope}))$ CRITICAL for efficient attention computation in transformers.

Usage

```
ggml_soft_max_ext(ctx, a, mask = NULL, scale = 1, max_bias = 0)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (typically attention scores)
mask	Optional attention mask tensor (F16 or F32). NULL for no mask. Shape must be broadcastable to input tensor.
scale	Scaling factor, typically $1/\sqrt{\text{head_dim}}$
max_bias	Maximum ALiBi bias (0.0 to disable ALiBi)

Details

This extended softmax is commonly used in transformer attention: 1. Scale attention scores by $1/\sqrt{d_k}$ for numerical stability 2. Apply attention mask (e.g., causal mask, padding mask) 3. Optionally apply ALiBi position bias 4. Compute softmax

All these operations are fused for efficiency.

Value

Tensor representing the scaled and masked softmax

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
scores <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10, 10)
ggml_set_f32(scores, rnorm(100))
attn <- ggml_soft_max_ext(ctx, scores, NULL, 1.0, max_bias = 0.0)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, attn)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_soft_max_ext_back

Softmax Backward Extended (Graph)

Description

Backward pass for extended softmax operation.

Usage

```
ggml_soft_max_ext_back(ctx, a, b, scale = 1, max_bias = 0)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Softmax output tensor (from forward pass)
b	Gradient tensor from upstream
scale	Scale factor (same as forward pass)
max_bias	Maximum ALiBi bias (same as forward pass)

Value

Gradient tensor for the input

ggml_soft_max_ext_back_inplace

Extended Softmax Backward Inplace (Graph)

Description

Creates a graph node for the backward pass of extended softmax, modifying in place.

Usage

```
ggml_soft_max_ext_back_inplace(ctx, a, b, scale = 1, max_bias = 0)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Gradient tensor from upstream
b	Softmax output from forward pass
scale	Scaling factor used in forward pass
max_bias	Maximum ALiBi bias used in forward pass

Value

View of input tensor with gradient computed in place

See Also

Other softmax: [ggml_soft_max_ext_inplace\(\)](#)

ggml_soft_max_ext_inplace

Extended Softmax Inplace (Graph)

Description

Creates a graph node for extended softmax, modifying input tensor in place. Returns a view of the input tensor.

Usage

```
ggml_soft_max_ext_inplace(ctx, a, mask = NULL, scale = 1, max_bias = 0)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (typically attention scores)
mask	Optional attention mask tensor (F16 or F32). NULL for no mask. Shape must be broadcastable to input tensor.
scale	Scaling factor, typically $1/\sqrt{\text{head_dim}}$
max_bias	Maximum ALiBi bias (0.0 to disable ALiBi)

Value

View of input tensor with softmax applied in place

See Also

Other softmax: [ggml_soft_max_ext_back_inplace\(\)](#)

`ggml_soft_max_inplace` *Softmax In-place (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place softmax operation. Returns a view of the input tensor.

Usage

```
ggml_soft_max_inplace(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

<code>ctx</code>	GGML context
<code>a</code>	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)

Value

View of input tensor with softmax applied

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4))
result <- ggml_soft_max_inplace(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

`GGML_SORT_ORDER_ASC` *Sort Order Constants*

Description

Sort Order Constants

Usage

```
GGML_SORT_ORDER_ASC
GGML_SORT_ORDER_DESC
```

Format

Integer constants

An object of class integer of length 1.

Details

Constants for specifying sort order in argsort operations.

- GGML_SORT_ORDER_ASC (0): Ascending order (smallest first)
- GGML_SORT_ORDER_DESC (1): Descending order (largest first)

Value

An integer constant representing a sort order

Examples

```
GGML_SORT_ORDER_ASC # 0 - Ascending order
GGML_SORT_ORDER_DESC # 1 - Descending order

# Usage with ggml_argsort
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(3, 1, 4, 1, 5))
# Get ascending sort indices
idx_asc <- ggml_argsort(ctx, a, GGML_SORT_ORDER_ASC)
# Get descending sort indices
idx_desc <- ggml_argsort(ctx, a, GGML_SORT_ORDER_DESC)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_sqr

Square (Graph)

Description

Creates a graph node for element-wise squaring: x^2

Usage

```
ggml_sqr(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the square operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4))
result <- ggml_sqr(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
output <- ggml_get_f32(result) # [1, 4, 9, 16]
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_sqrt

Square Root (Graph)

Description

Creates a graph node for element-wise square root: $\text{sqrt}(x)$

Usage

```
ggml_sqrt(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the sqrt operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 4)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 4, 9, 16))
result <- ggml_sqrt(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
output <- ggml_get_f32(result) # [1, 2, 3, 4]
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_sqrt_inplace	<i>Square Root In-place (Graph)</i>
-------------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place element-wise square root.

Usage

```
ggml_sqrt_inplace(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)

Value

View of tensor a with square root values

ggml_sqr_inplace	<i>Square In-place (Graph)</i>
------------------	--------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place element-wise square: x^2

Usage

```
ggml_sqr_inplace(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)

Value

View of tensor a with squared values

ggml_step	<i>Step Function (Graph)</i>
-----------	------------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for element-wise step function. $\text{step}(x) = 0$ if $x \leq 0$, 1 if $x > 0$ Also known as the Heaviside step function.

Usage

```
ggml_step(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the step operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(-2, -0.5, 0, 0.5, 2))
r <- ggml_step(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, r)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
result <- ggml_get_f32(r) # c(0, 0, 0, 1, 1)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_sub	<i>Element-wise Subtraction (Graph)</i>
----------	---

Description

Creates a graph node for element-wise subtraction.

Usage

```
ggml_sub(ctx, a, b)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	First tensor
b	Second tensor (same shape as a)

Value

Tensor representing the subtraction operation (a - b)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
b <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(5, 4, 3, 2, 1))
ggml_set_f32(b, c(1, 1, 1, 1, 1))
result <- ggml_sub(ctx, a, b)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_get_f32(result)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_sub_inplace *Element-wise Subtraction In-place (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place element-wise subtraction. Result is stored in tensor a, saving memory allocation.

Usage

```
ggml_sub_inplace(ctx, a, b)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	First tensor (will be modified in-place)
b	Second tensor (same shape as a)

Value

View of tensor a with the subtraction result

ggml_sum	<i>Sum (Graph)</i>
----------	--------------------

Description

Creates a graph node that computes the sum of all elements.

Usage

```
ggml_sum(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Scalar tensor with the sum

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
result <- ggml_sum(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
output <- ggml_get_f32(result) # 15
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_sum_rows	<i>Sum Rows (Graph)</i>
---------------	-------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node that computes the sum along rows.

Usage

```
ggml_sum_rows(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor with row sums

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 3, 2)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6))
result <- ggml_sum_rows(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
output <- ggml_get_f32(result) # [6, 15]
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_swiglu

SwiGLU (Swish/SiLU Gated Linear Unit) (Graph)

Description

Creates a graph node for SwiGLU operation. SwiGLU uses SiLU (Swish) as the activation function on the first half. CRITICAL for LLaMA, Mistral, and many modern LLMs.

Usage

```
ggml_swiglu(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (first dimension must be even)

Details

Formula: $\text{output} = \text{SiLU}(x) * \text{gate}$

Value

Tensor with half the first dimension of input

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 8, 3)
ggml_set_f32(a, rnorm(24))
r <- ggml_swiglu(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, r)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
```

```
result <- ggml_get_f32(r) # Shape: 4x3
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_swiglu_split *SwiGLU Split (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for SwiGLU with separate input and gate tensors.

Usage

```
ggml_swiglu_split(ctx, a, b)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (the values to be gated)
b	Gate tensor (same shape as a)

Details

Formula: $\text{output} = \text{SiLU}(a) * b$

Value

Tensor with same shape as input tensors

ggml_tanh *Tanh Activation (Graph)*

Description

Creates a graph node for hyperbolic tangent activation.

Usage

```
ggml_tanh(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor

Value

Tensor representing the tanh operation

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 5)
ggml_set_f32(a, c(-2, -1, 0, 1, 2))
result <- ggml_tanh(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_get_f32(result)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_tanh_inplace	<i>Tanh Activation In-place (Graph)</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Creates a graph node for in-place hyperbolic tangent activation.

Usage

```
ggml_tanh_inplace(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (will be modified in-place)

Value

View of tensor a with tanh applied

ggml_tensor_copy	<i>Copy Tensor Data</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

Copies raw data from src tensor to dst tensor (must be same size).

Usage

```
ggml_tensor_copy(dst, src)
```

Arguments

dst	Destination tensor
src	Source tensor

Value

NULL (invisible)

ggml_tensor_nb	<i>Get Tensor Strides (nb)</i>
----------------	--------------------------------

Description

Returns the byte strides for each dimension of the tensor.

Usage

```
ggml_tensor_nb(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer
--------	----------------

Value

Numeric vector of 4 stride values (nb0, nb1, nb2, nb3)

ggml_tensor_num	<i>Count Tensors in Context</i>
-----------------	---------------------------------

Description

Counts the number of tensors allocated in a context.

Usage

```
ggml_tensor_num(ctx)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
-----	--------------

Value

Number of tensors

ggml_tensor_overhead *Get Tensor Overhead*

Description

Returns the memory overhead (metadata) for each tensor in bytes

Usage

```
ggml_tensor_overhead()
```

Value

Size in bytes

Examples

```
ggml_tensor_overhead()
```

ggml_tensor_set_f32_scalar
Fill Tensor with Scalar

Description

Sets all elements of a f32 tensor to a single value.

Usage

```
ggml_tensor_set_f32_scalar(tensor, value)
```

Arguments

tensor	Tensor pointer
value	Float value to fill with

Value

NULL (invisible)

ggml_tensor_shape *Get Tensor Shape*

Description

Returns the shape of a tensor as a numeric vector of 4 elements (ne0, ne1, ne2, ne3)

Usage

```
ggml_tensor_shape(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor Tensor pointer

Value

Numeric vector of length 4 with dimensions

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
t <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10, 20)
ggml_tensor_shape(t)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_tensor_type *Get Tensor Type*

Description

Returns the data type of a tensor as an integer code

Usage

```
ggml_tensor_type(tensor)
```

Arguments

tensor Tensor pointer

Value

Integer type code (0 = F32, 1 = F16, etc.)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
t <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
ggml_tensor_type(t)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_test

*Test GGML***Description**

Runs GGML library self-test and prints version info.

Usage

```
ggml_test()
```

Value

TRUE if test passed

Examples

```
ggml_test()
```

ggml_timestep_embedding

*Timestep Embedding (Graph Operation)***Description**

Creates sinusoidal timestep embeddings as used in diffusion models. Reference: [CompVis/stable-diffusion util.py timestep_embedding](#)

Usage

```
ggml_timestep_embedding(ctx, timesteps, dim, max_period = 10000L)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
timesteps	Input tensor of timestep values [N]
dim	Embedding dimension
max_period	Maximum period for sinusoidal embedding (default 10000)

Value

Tensor of shape [N, dim] with timestep embeddings

ggml_time_init *Initialize GGML Timer*

Description

Initializes the GGML timing system. Call this once at the beginning of the program before using ggml_time_ms() or ggml_time_us().

Usage

```
ggml_time_init()
```

Value

NULL (invisible)

Examples

```
ggml_time_init()
start <- ggml_time_ms()
Sys.sleep(0.01)
elapsed <- ggml_time_ms() - start
```

ggml_time_ms *Get Time in Milliseconds*

Description

Returns the current time in milliseconds since the timer was initialized.

Usage

```
ggml_time_ms()
```

Value

Numeric value representing milliseconds

Examples

```
ggml_time_init()
start <- ggml_time_ms()
Sys.sleep(0.01)
elapsed <- ggml_time_ms() - start
```

`ggml_time_us`*Get Time in Microseconds*

Description

Returns the current time in microseconds since the timer was initialized. More precise than `ggml_time_ms()` for micro-benchmarking.

Usage

```
ggml_time_us()
```

Value

Numeric value representing microseconds

Examples

```
ggml_time_init()
start <- ggml_time_us()
Sys.sleep(0.001)
elapsed <- ggml_time_us() - start
```

`ggml_top_k`*Top-K Indices (Graph)*

Description

Returns the indices of top K elements per row. Useful for sampling strategies in language models (top-k sampling). Note: the resulting indices are in no particular order within top-k.

Usage

```
ggml_top_k(ctx, a, k)
```

Arguments

<code>ctx</code>	GGML context
<code>a</code>	Input tensor (F32)
<code>k</code>	Number of top elements to return per row

Value

Tensor containing I32 indices of top-k elements (not values)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
# Logits from model output
logits <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 100)
ggml_set_f32(logits, rnorm(100))
# Get top 5 logits for sampling
top5 <- ggml_top_k(ctx, logits, 5)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, top5)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_transpose	<i>Transpose (Graph)</i>
----------------	--------------------------

Description

Creates a graph node for matrix transpose operation.

Usage

```
ggml_transpose(ctx, a)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (2D matrix)

Value

Tensor representing the transposed matrix

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 3, 2)
ggml_set_f32(a, 1:6)
result <- ggml_transpose(ctx, a)
graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, result)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
shape <- ggml_tensor_shape(result) # [2, 3]
ggml_free(ctx)
```

`GGML_TYPE_F32`*GGML Data Types*

Description

Constants representing different data types supported by GGML.

Usage`GGML_TYPE_F32``GGML_TYPE_F16``GGML_TYPE_Q4_0``GGML_TYPE_Q4_1``GGML_TYPE_Q8_0``GGML_TYPE_Q2_K``GGML_TYPE_Q3_K``GGML_TYPE_Q4_K``GGML_TYPE_Q5_K``GGML_TYPE_Q6_K``GGML_TYPE_I32``GGML_TYPE_BF16`**Format**

Integer constants

An object of class integer of length 1.

An object of class integer of length 1.

An object of class integer of length 1.

An object of class integer of length 1.

An object of class integer of length 1.

An object of class integer of length 1.

An object of class integer of length 1.

An object of class integer of length 1.

An object of class integer of length 1.

An object of class integer of length 1.

An object of class integer of length 1.

Details

- GGML_TYPE_F32: 32-bit floating point (default)
- GGML_TYPE_F16: 16-bit floating point (half precision)
- GGML_TYPE_Q4_0: 4-bit quantization type 0
- GGML_TYPE_Q4_1: 4-bit quantization type 1
- GGML_TYPE_Q8_0: 8-bit quantization type 0
- GGML_TYPE_I32: 32-bit integer
- GGML_TYPE_BF16: 16-bit brain float (bfloat16)

Value

An integer constant representing a GGML data type

Examples

```
GGML_TYPE_F32
GGML_TYPE_F16
GGML_TYPE_I32
```

`ggml_type_name`

Get Type Name

Description

Returns the string name of a GGML type.

Usage

```
ggml_type_name(type)
```

Arguments

`type` GGML type constant (e.g., GGML_TYPE_F32)

Value

Character string with type name

See Also

Other type_system: [ggml_blk_size\(\)](#), [ggml_ftype_to_ggml_type\(\)](#), [ggml_is_quantized\(\)](#), [ggml_type_sizef\(\)](#)

Examples

```
ggml_type_name(GGML_TYPE_F32) # "f32"
ggml_type_name(GGML_TYPE_Q4_0) # "q4_0"
```

ggml_type_size	<i>Get Type Size in Bytes</i>
----------------	-------------------------------

Description

Returns the size in bytes for all elements in a block for a given type.

Usage

```
ggml_type_size(type)
```

Arguments

type	GGML type constant (e.g., GGML_TYPE_F32)
------	--

Value

Size in bytes

ggml_type_sizef	<i>Get Type Size as Float</i>
-----------------	-------------------------------

Description

Returns the size in bytes of a GGML type as a floating-point number. For quantized types, this is the average bytes per element.

Usage

```
ggml_type_sizef(type)
```

Arguments

type	GGML type constant
------	--------------------

Value

Numeric size in bytes (can be fractional for quantized types)

See Also

Other type_system: [ggml_blk_size\(\)](#), [ggml_ftype_to_ggml_type\(\)](#), [ggml_is_quantized\(\)](#), [ggml_type_name\(\)](#)

Examples

```
ggml_type_sizef(GGML_TYPE_F32) # 4.0
ggml_type_sizef(GGML_TYPE_F16) # 2.0
```

`ggml_unary_op_name` *Get Unary Operation Name*

Description

Returns the string name of a GGML unary operation.

Usage

```
ggml_unary_op_name(op)
```

Arguments

`op` GGML unary operation constant

Value

Character string with operation name

See Also

Other op_info: [ggml_get_unary_op\(\)](#), [ggml_op_desc\(\)](#), [ggml_op_name\(\)](#), [ggml_op_symbol\(\)](#)

`ggml_unfreeze_weights` *Unfreeze Layer Weights*

Description

Sets trainable = TRUE on layers. Accepts optional from / to to unfreeze a range of layers, or layer_names to unfreeze by name. If none are provided, all layers are unfrozen.

Usage

```
ggml_unfreeze_weights(
  model,
  from = 1L,
  to = length(model$layers),
  layer_names = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

model	A model object (ggml_sequential_model or ggml_functional_model)
from	Integer index of the first layer to unfreeze (default: 1)
to	Integer index of the last layer to unfreeze (default: last layer)
layer_names	Character vector of layer names to unfreeze (overrides from/to)
...	Additional arguments passed to methods

Value

The model with selected layers unfrozen.

Examples

```
model <- ggml_model_sequential() |>
  ggml_layer_dense(64, activation = "relu") |>
  ggml_layer_dense(10, activation = "softmax")

model <- ggml_freeze_weights(model)
model <- ggml_unfreeze_weights(model, from = 2) # unfreeze last layer only
```

ggml_unmarshal_model *Unmarshal a ggmlR model from an in-memory container*

Description

Reconstructs a ggmlR model previously produced by [ggml_marshall_model](#). Validates the container's format tag, schema version, and (if **digest** is installed) the SHA-256 checksum of the payload before deserializing.

Usage

```
ggml_unmarshal_model(x, backend = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	A "ggmlR_marshaled" container.
backend	Backend selection passed through to ggml_load_model . Default "auto".

Value

A compiled ggmlR model object (sequential or functional).

See Also

[ggml_marshall_model](#), [ggml_load_model](#)

ggml_upscale	<i>Upscale Tensor (Graph)</i>
--------------	-------------------------------

Description

Upscales tensor by multiplying ne0 and ne1 by scale factor. Supports different interpolation modes for image upscaling.

Usage

```
ggml_upscale(ctx, a, scale_factor, mode = 0L)
```

```
GGML_SCALE_MODE_NEAREST
```

```
GGML_SCALE_MODE_BILINEAR
```

```
GGML_SCALE_MODE_BICUBIC
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Input tensor (typically 2D or 4D for images)
scale_factor	Integer scale factor (e.g., 2 = double size)
mode	Scale mode constant (see details)

Format

An object of class integer of length 1.

An object of class integer of length 1.

An object of class integer of length 1.

Details

Scale mode constants:

- GGML_SCALE_MODE_NEAREST (0): Nearest neighbor interpolation - fastest, pixelated
- GGML_SCALE_MODE_BILINEAR (1): Bilinear interpolation - smooth, good balance
- GGML_SCALE_MODE_BICUBIC (2): Bicubic interpolation - smoothest, most compute

Value

Upscaled tensor with dimensions multiplied by `scale_factor`

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
img <- ggml_new_tensor_2d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 8, 8)
ggml_set_f32(img, rnorm(64))

# Nearest neighbor (fastest, pixelated)
up_nearest <- ggml_upscale(ctx, img, 2, GGML_SCALE_MODE_NEAREST)

# Bilinear (smooth)
up_bilinear <- ggml_upscale(ctx, img, 2, GGML_SCALE_MODE_BILINEAR)

# Bicubic (smoothest)
up_bicubic <- ggml_upscale(ctx, img, 2, GGML_SCALE_MODE_BICUBIC)

graph <- ggml_build_forward_expand(ctx, up_nearest)
ggml_graph_compute(ctx, graph)
# Result is 16x16
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_used_mem

Get Used Memory

Description

Returns the amount of memory currently used in the context

Usage

```
ggml_used_mem(ctx)
```

Arguments

ctx GGML context

Value

Used memory in bytes

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 100)
ggml_used_mem(ctx)
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_version	<i>Get GGML version</i>
--------------	-------------------------

Description

Get GGML version

Usage

```
ggml_version()
```

Value

Character string with GGML version

Examples

```
ggml_version()
```

ggml_view_1d	<i>1D View with Byte Offset (Graph)</i>
--------------	---

Description

Creates a 1D view of a tensor starting at a byte offset. The view shares memory with the source tensor.

Usage

```
ggml_view_1d(ctx, a, ne0, offset = 0)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Source tensor
ne0	Number of elements in the view
offset	Byte offset from the start of tensor data

Value

View tensor

Examples

```

ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 100)
# View elements 10-19 (offset = 10 * 4 bytes = 40)
v <- ggml_view_1d(ctx, a, 10, 40)
ggml_free(ctx)

```

ggml_view_2d	<i>2D View with Byte Offset (Graph)</i>
--------------	---

Description

Creates a 2D view of a tensor starting at a byte offset. The view shares memory with the source tensor.

Usage

```
ggml_view_2d(ctx, a, ne0, ne1, nb1, offset = 0)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Source tensor
ne0	Size of dimension 0
ne1	Size of dimension 1
nb1	Stride for dimension 1 (in bytes)
offset	Byte offset from the start of tensor data

Value

View tensor

ggml_view_3d	<i>3D View with Byte Offset (Graph)</i>
--------------	---

Description

Creates a 3D view of a tensor starting at a byte offset. The view shares memory with the source tensor.

Usage

```
ggml_view_3d(ctx, a, ne0, ne1, ne2, nb1, nb2, offset = 0)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Source tensor
ne0	Size of dimension 0
ne1	Size of dimension 1
ne2	Size of dimension 2
nb1	Stride for dimension 1 (in bytes)
nb2	Stride for dimension 2 (in bytes)
offset	Byte offset from the start of tensor data

Value

View tensor

ggml_view_4d	<i>4D View with Byte Offset (Graph)</i>
--------------	---

Description

Creates a 4D view of a tensor starting at a byte offset. The view shares memory with the source tensor. CRITICAL for KV-cache operations in transformers.

Usage

```
ggml_view_4d(ctx, a, ne0, ne1, ne2, ne3, nb1, nb2, nb3, offset = 0)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
a	Source tensor
ne0	Size of dimension 0
ne1	Size of dimension 1
ne2	Size of dimension 2
ne3	Size of dimension 3
nb1	Stride for dimension 1 (in bytes)
nb2	Stride for dimension 2 (in bytes)
nb3	Stride for dimension 3 (in bytes)
offset	Byte offset from the start of tensor data

Value

View tensor

ggml_view_tensor	<i>View Tensor</i>
------------------	--------------------

Description

Creates a view of the tensor (shares data, no copy)

Usage

```
ggml_view_tensor(ctx, src)
```

Arguments

ctx	GGML context
src	Source tensor

Value

View tensor (shares data with src)

Examples

```
ctx <- ggml_init(16 * 1024 * 1024)
a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
view <- ggml_view_tensor(ctx, a)
# view shares data with a
ggml_free(ctx)
```

ggml_vulkan_available	<i>Check if Vulkan support is available</i>
-----------------------	---

Description

Returns TRUE if the package was compiled with Vulkan support. To enable Vulkan, install libvulkan-dev and glslc, then reinstall ggmlR.

Usage

```
ggml_vulkan_available()
```

Value

Logical indicating if Vulkan is available

Examples

```
ggml_vulkan_available()
```

`ggml_vulkan_backend_name`*Get Vulkan backend name*

Description

Returns the name of the Vulkan backend (includes device info).

Usage

```
ggml_vulkan_backend_name(backend)
```

Arguments

backend Vulkan backend pointer

Value

Character string with backend name

Examples

```
if (ggml_vulkan_available() && ggml_vulkan_device_count() > 0) {  
  backend <- ggml_vulkan_init(0)  
  print(ggml_vulkan_backend_name(backend))  
  ggml_vulkan_free(backend)  
}
```

`ggml_vulkan_device_caps`*Get Vulkan device capabilities*

Description

Returns hardware capabilities for the specified Vulkan device.

Usage

```
ggml_vulkan_device_caps(device = 0L)
```

Arguments

device Device index (0-based, default 0)

Value

Named list: coopmat_support, coopmat1_fa_support, fp16, subgroup_size, subgroup_no_shmem

ggml_vulkan_device_count
Get number of Vulkan devices

Description

Returns the number of available Vulkan-capable GPU devices.

Usage

```
ggml_vulkan_device_count()
```

Value

Integer count of Vulkan devices (0 if Vulkan not available)

Examples

```
if (ggml_vulkan_available()) {  
    ggml_vulkan_device_count()  
}
```

ggml_vulkan_device_description
Get Vulkan device description

Description

Returns a human-readable description of the specified Vulkan device.

Usage

```
ggml_vulkan_device_description(device = 0L)
```

Arguments

device Device index (0-based)

Value

Character string with device description

Examples

```
if (ggml_vulkan_available() && ggml_vulkan_device_count() > 0) {  
    ggml_vulkan_device_description(0)  
}
```

ggml_vulkan_device_memory
Get Vulkan device memory

Description

Returns free and total memory for the specified Vulkan device.

Usage

```
ggml_vulkan_device_memory(device = 0L)
```

Arguments

device Device index (0-based)

Value

Named list with 'free' and 'total' memory in bytes

Examples

```
if (ggml_vulkan_available() && ggml_vulkan_device_count() > 0) {  
  mem <- ggml_vulkan_device_memory(0)  
  cat("Free:", mem$free / 1e9, "GB\n")  
  cat("Total:", mem$total / 1e9, "GB\n")  
}
```

ggml_vulkan_free *Free Vulkan backend*

Description

Releases resources associated with the Vulkan backend.

Usage

```
ggml_vulkan_free(backend)
```

Arguments

backend Vulkan backend pointer from ggml_vulkan_init()

Value

NULL (invisible)

Examples

```
if (ggml_vulkan_available() && ggml_vulkan_device_count() > 0) {
    backend <- ggml_vulkan_init(0)
    ggml_vulkan_free(backend)
}
```

ggml_vulkan_init	<i>Initialize Vulkan backend</i>
------------------	----------------------------------

Description

Creates a Vulkan backend for the specified device. The backend must be freed with `ggml_vulkan_free()` when done.

Usage

```
ggml_vulkan_init(device = 0L)
```

Arguments

device	Device index (0-based, default 0)
--------	-----------------------------------

Value

Vulkan backend pointer

Examples

```
if (ggml_vulkan_available() && ggml_vulkan_device_count() > 0) {
    backend <- ggml_vulkan_init(0)
    print(ggml_vulkan_backend_name(backend))
    ggml_vulkan_free(backend)
}
```

ggml_vulkan_is_backend	<i>Check if backend is Vulkan</i>
------------------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Returns TRUE if the given backend is a Vulkan backend.

Usage

```
ggml_vulkan_is_backend(backend)
```

Arguments

backend Backend pointer

Value

Logical indicating if backend is Vulkan

Examples

```
if (ggml_vulkan_available() && ggml_vulkan_device_count() > 0) {  
  vk_backend <- ggml_vulkan_init(0)  
  cpu_backend <- ggml_backend_cpu_init()  
  
  ggml_vulkan_is_backend(vk_backend) # TRUE  
  ggml_vulkan_is_backend(cpu_backend) # FALSE  
  
  ggml_vulkan_free(vk_backend)  
  ggml_backend_free(cpu_backend)  
}
```

ggml_vulkan_list_devices

List all Vulkan devices

Description

Returns detailed information about all available Vulkan devices.

Usage

```
ggml_vulkan_list_devices()
```

Value

List of device information (index, name, memory)

Examples

```
if (ggml_vulkan_available() && ggml_vulkan_device_count() > 0) {  
  devices <- ggml_vulkan_list_devices()  
  print(devices)  
}
```

ggml_vulkan_status *Print Vulkan status*

Description

Prints information about Vulkan availability and devices.

Usage

```
ggml_vulkan_status()
```

Value

NULL (invisible), prints status to console

Examples

```
ggml_vulkan_status()
```

ggml_with_temp_ctx *Execute with Temporary Context*

Description

Creates a temporary context, executes code, and frees it automatically. Useful when you need to create large temporary tensors.

Usage

```
ggml_with_temp_ctx(mem_size, expr)
```

Arguments

mem_size	Context memory size in bytes
expr	Expression to evaluate with the temporary context

Value

Result of the expression

Examples

```
# Create tensors in temporary context
result <- ggml_with_temp_ctx(1024 * 1024, {
  a <- ggml_new_tensor_1d(ctx, GGML_TYPE_F32, 10)
  ggml_set_f32(a, 1:10)
  ggml_get_f32(a)
})
```

gguf_free	<i>Free GGUF Resources</i>
-----------	----------------------------

Description

Explicitly frees the internal GGUF context. Called automatically by the garbage collector, but can be called manually to release memory sooner.

Usage

```
gguf_free(x)
```

Arguments

x	A gguf object.
---	----------------

gguf_load	<i>Load a GGUF File</i>
-----------	-------------------------

Description

Opens a GGUF file and reads all metadata and tensor data into memory. Returns an S3 object of class "gguf" wrapping the internal pointer.

Usage

```
gguf_load(path)
```

Arguments

path	Path to a .gguf file.
------	-----------------------

Value

An object of class "gguf".

gguf_metadata	<i>Get GGUF Metadata</i>
---------------	--------------------------

Description

Returns all key-value metadata pairs from a GGUF file as a named list.

Usage

```
gguf_metadata(x)
```

Arguments

x A gguf object from [gguf_load](#).

Value

A named list of metadata values.

gguf_tensor_data	<i>Extract Tensor Data</i>
------------------	----------------------------

Description

Dequantizes (if needed) and returns tensor weights as an R numeric array with dimensions matching the tensor shape.

Usage

```
gguf_tensor_data(x, name)
```

Arguments

x A gguf object.
name Tensor name (character).

Value

A numeric array.

gguf_tensor_info *Get Tensor Info*

Description

Returns name, shape, type, and size in bytes for a single tensor.

Usage

```
gguf_tensor_info(x, name)
```

Arguments

x	A gguf object.
name	Tensor name (character).

Value

A list with elements name, shape, type, size_bytes.

gguf_tensor_names *List Tensor Names in a GGUF File*

Description

List Tensor Names in a GGUF File

Usage

```
gguf_tensor_names(x)
```

Arguments

x	A gguf object.
---	----------------

Value

Character vector of tensor names.

iq2xs_free_impl	<i>Free IQ2 Quantization Tables</i>
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Frees lookup tables for IQ2 quantization types.

Usage

```
iq2xs_free_impl(type)
```

Arguments

type	GGML type constant
------	--------------------

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other quantization: [dequantize_row_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_mxfp4\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q2_K\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q4_0\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_tq1_0\(\)](#), [ggml_quant_block_info\(\)](#), [iq2xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [quantize_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [quantize_mxfp4\(\)](#), [quantize_q2_K\(\)](#), [quantize_q4_0\(\)](#), [quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_mxfp4_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q2_K_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q4_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_tq1_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_tq1_0\(\)](#)

iq2xs_init_impl	<i>Initialize IQ2 Quantization Tables</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Initializes lookup tables for IQ2 quantization types. Must be called before using iq2_xxs, iq2_xs, or iq2_s quantization.

Usage

```
iq2xs_init_impl(type)
```

Arguments

type	GGML type constant (e.g., GGML_TYPE_IQ2_XXS())
------	--

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other quantization: [dequantize_row_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_mxfp4\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q2_K\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q4_0\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_tq1_0\(\)](#), [ggml_quant_block_info\(\)](#), [iq2xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [quantize_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [quantize_mxfp4\(\)](#), [quantize_q2_K\(\)](#), [quantize_q4_0\(\)](#), [quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_mxfp4_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q2_K_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q4_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_tq1_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_tq1_0\(\)](#)

iq3xs_free_impl	<i>Free IQ3 Quantization Tables</i>
---------------------------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Frees lookup tables for IQ3 quantization types.

Usage

```
iq3xs_free_impl(grid_size)
```

Arguments

grid_size	Grid size for IQ3
-----------	-------------------

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other quantization: [dequantize_row_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_mxfp4\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q2_K\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q4_0\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_tq1_0\(\)](#), [ggml_quant_block_info\(\)](#), [iq2xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq2xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [quantize_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [quantize_mxfp4\(\)](#), [quantize_q2_K\(\)](#), [quantize_q4_0\(\)](#), [quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_mxfp4_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q2_K_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q4_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_tq1_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_tq1_0\(\)](#)

iq3xs_init_impl	<i>Initialize IQ3 Quantization Tables</i>
---------------------------------	---

Description

Initializes lookup tables for IQ3 quantization types. Must be called before using `iq3_xxs` or `iq3_s` quantization.

Usage

```
iq3xs_init_impl(grid_size)
```

Arguments

grid_size Grid size for IQ3 (typically 256)

Value

NULL invisibly

See Also

Other quantization: `dequantize_row_iq2_xxs()`, `dequantize_row_mxfp4()`, `dequantize_row_q2_K()`, `dequantize_row_q4_0()`, `dequantize_row_tq1_0()`, `ggml_quant_block_info()`, `iq2xs_free_impl()`, `iq2xs_init_impl()`, `iq3xs_free_impl()`, `quantize_iq2_xxs()`, `quantize_mxfp4()`, `quantize_q2_K()`, `quantize_q4_0()`, `quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref()`, `quantize_row_mxfp4_ref()`, `quantize_row_q2_K_ref()`, `quantize_row_q4_0_ref()`, `quantize_row_tq1_0_ref()`, `quantize_tq1_0()`

lr_scheduler_cosine *Cosine-annealing learning rate scheduler*

Description

Varies the learning rate following a cosine curve from lr_max down to lr_min over T_max steps. Restarts (SGDR-style) if restart = TRUE.

Usage

```
lr_scheduler_cosine(optimizer, T_max, lr_min = 0, restart = FALSE)
```

Arguments

optimizer Optimizer environment.
 T_max Number of steps for one cosine cycle.
 lr_min Minimum learning rate (default 0).
 restart Logical; if TRUE restart after T_max steps.

Value

An lr_scheduler_cosine environment

Examples

```
w <- ag_param(matrix(runif(4), 2, 2))
opt <- optimizer_adam(list(w = w), lr = 0.1)
sch <- lr_scheduler_cosine(opt, T_max = 50L)
for (epoch in 1:50) sch$step()
```

lr_scheduler_step *Step-decay learning rate scheduler*

Description

Multiplies the optimizer learning rate by gamma every step_size calls to \$step().

Usage

```
lr_scheduler_step(optimizer, step_size, gamma = 0.1)
```

Arguments

optimizer An ag_optimizer_adam or ag_optimizer_sgd environment.
step_size Decay every this many steps (epochs).
gamma Multiplicative decay factor (default 0.1).

Value

An lr_scheduler_step environment

Examples

```
w <- ag_param(matrix(runif(4), 2, 2))
opt <- optimizer_adam(list(w = w), lr = 0.1)
sch <- lr_scheduler_step(opt, step_size = 10L, gamma = 0.5)
for (epoch in 1:30) sch$step()
opt$lr # 0.1 * 0.5^3 = 0.0125
```

nn_topo_sort *Topologically sort nodes reachable from output nodes*

Description

Topologically sort nodes reachable from output nodes

Usage

```
nn_topo_sort(outputs)
```

Arguments

outputs List of output ggml_tensor_node objects

Value

Named list: nodes in topological order (inputs first, outputs last)

onnx_device_info	<i>ONNX model device/scheduler diagnostics</i>
------------------	--

Description

Returns information about backend placement: which backends are available, how the scheduler splits the graph, and how many ops are supported by GPU vs CPU-only.

Usage

```
onnx_device_info(model)
```

Arguments

`model` An `onnx_model` object from `onnx_load()`.

Value

A list with:

backends Character vector of backend names (e.g. "Vulkan0", "CPU")

n_backends Number of backends

n_splits Number of scheduler splits (1 = all on one backend)

n_nodes Total graph nodes

gpu_ops Ops supported by GPU backend

cpu_ops Ops that can only run on CPU

cpu_only_ops Named integer vector: op type => count (empty if all on GPU)

onnx_inputs	<i>List ONNX model inputs</i>
-------------	-------------------------------

Description

Returns the names and shapes of model inputs (excluding weight initializers). Use this to know what to pass to `onnx_run()`.

Usage

```
onnx_inputs(model)
```

Arguments

`model` An `onnx_model` object from `onnx_load()`.

Value

A named list where names are input tensor names and values are integer vectors of dimension sizes (-1 for dynamic dimensions).

onnx_load	<i>Load an ONNX model</i>
-----------	---------------------------

Description

Parses an .onnx file, builds a ggml computation graph, and allocates tensors on the specified device. Weights are loaded via memory-mapped file (zero-copy where possible).

Usage

```
onnx_load(
  path,
  device = NULL,
  input_shapes = NULL,
  n_threads = NULL,
  dtype = "f32"
)
```

Arguments

path	Path to .onnx file.
device	Backend device: "vulkan" (default if available) or "cpu".
input_shapes	Optional named list of integer vectors specifying fixed shapes for inputs with dynamic dimensions. Names must match input tensor names. Each shape must include all dimensions including batch, e.g. <code>list(image = c(1L, 3L, 224L, 224L))</code> . Required when the model has dynamic dimensions and no default shape.
n_threads	Number of CPU threads. NULL (default) reads <code>getOption("ggmlR.n_threads")</code> ; if that is also unset, uses <code>parallel::detectCores() - 1</code> (minimum 1).
dtype	Weight precision: "f32" (default) or "f16". When "f16", large weight tensors (≥ 256 elements) are stored in half-precision for faster Vulkan compute and lower VRAM usage. Small tensors (bias, scalars, batch-norm params) remain in F32 for numerical stability. Inputs and outputs are always F32.

Value

An opaque model object (external pointer) for use with `onnx_run()`, `onnx_summary()`, and `onnx_inputs()`.

onnx_run	<i>Run ONNX model inference</i>
----------	---------------------------------

Description

Run ONNX model inference

Usage

```
onnx_run(model, inputs)
```

Arguments

model	An onnx_model object from onnx_load().
inputs	A named list of numeric vectors/matrices. Names must match the model's input tensor names. Use onnx_inputs() to see expected names and shapes.

Value

A named list of output tensors (numeric vectors with dim attributes for multi-dimensional outputs).

onnx_summary	<i>ONNX model summary</i>
--------------	---------------------------

Description

Returns metadata about a loaded ONNX model.

Usage

```
onnx_summary(model)
```

Arguments

model	An onnx_model object from onnx_load().
-------	--

Value

A list with ir_version, opset_version, producer, graph_name, n_nodes, n_initializers, and ops.

optimizer_adam *Create an Adam optimizer*

Description

Create an Adam optimizer

Usage

```
optimizer_adam(params, lr = 0.001, beta1 = 0.9, beta2 = 0.999, eps = 1e-08)
```

Arguments

params	Named list of ag_param tensors
lr	Learning rate (default 1e-3)
beta1	First moment decay (default 0.9)
beta2	Second moment decay (default 0.999)
eps	Stability constant (default 1e-8)

Value

An optimizer environment

Examples

```
w <- ag_param(matrix(runif(4), 2, 2))
opt <- optimizer_adam(list(w = w), lr = 1e-3)
```

optimizer_sgd *Create an SGD optimizer*

Description

Create an SGD optimizer

Usage

```
optimizer_sgd(params, lr = 0.01, momentum = 0)
```

Arguments

params	Named list of ag_param tensors
lr	Learning rate (default 0.01)
momentum	Momentum factor (default 0)

Value

An optimizer environment

Examples

```
w <- ag_param(matrix(runif(4), 2, 2))
opt <- optimizer_sgd(list(w = w), lr = 0.01)
```

plot.ggml_history *Plot training history*

Description

Plots loss and accuracy curves over epochs.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ggml_history'
plot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x A ggml_history object
... Additional arguments (ignored)

Value

The history object (invisibly).

predict.ggml_sequential_model
Predict with a Trained Model

Description

Generates predictions from a trained model. Uses the standard R [predict](#) generic for compatibility with keras3 and the broader R ecosystem.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ggml_sequential_model'
predict(object, x, batch_size = 32L, ...)

## S3 method for class 'ggml_functional_model'
predict(object, x, batch_size = 32L, ...)
```

Arguments

object	A trained model object.
x	Input data (matrix, array, or list for multi-input models).
batch_size	Batch size for inference (default 32).
...	Additional arguments (ignored).

Value

Matrix of predictions.

`print.ag_tensor` *Print method for ag_tensor*

Description

Print method for `ag_tensor`

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ag_tensor'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An <code>ag_tensor</code>
...	Ignored

`print.ggml_functional_model`
Print method for ggml_functional_model

Description

Print method for `ggml_functional_model`

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ggml_functional_model'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A <code>ggml_functional_model</code> object
...	Additional arguments (ignored)

Value

The model object (invisibly).

```
print.ggml_history    Print method for ggml_history
```

Description

Print method for ggml_history

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ggml_history'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A ggml_history object
...	Additional arguments (ignored)

Value

The history object (invisibly).

```
print.ggml_sequential_model  
    Print method for ggml_sequential_model
```

Description

Prints a summary of the model architecture including layer types, output shapes, and parameter counts.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ggml_sequential_model'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A ggml_sequential_model object
...	Additional arguments (ignored)

Value

The model object (invisibly).

```
print.onnx_model      Print ONNX model summary
```

Description

Print ONNX model summary

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'onnx_model'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x          An onnx_model object.
...        Ignored.
```

Value

Invisibly returns x.

```
quantize_iq2_xxs      Quantize Data (IQ)
```

Description

Quantizes float data to IQ format. IQ formats require importance matrix initialization before use (see iq2xs_init_impl, iq3xs_init_impl).

Usage

```
quantize_iq2_xxs(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
quantize_iq2_xs(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
quantize_iq2_s(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
quantize_iq3_xxs(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
quantize_iq3_s(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
quantize_iq1_s(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
quantize_iq1_m(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
quantize_iq4_nl(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
quantize_iq4_xs(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
```

Arguments

src_data	Numeric vector of float values to quantize
n_rows	Number of rows
n_per_row	Number of elements per row
imatrix	Optional importance matrix (numeric vector or NULL)

Value

Raw vector of quantized data

See Also

Other quantization: [dequantize_row_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_mxfp4\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q2_K\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q4_0\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_tq1_0\(\)](#), [ggml_quant_block_info\(\)](#), [iq2xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq2xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [quantize_mxfp4\(\)](#), [quantize_q2_K\(\)](#), [quantize_q4_0\(\)](#), [quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_mxfp4_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q2_K_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q4_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_tq1_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_tq1_0\(\)](#)

quantize_mxfp4	<i>Quantize Data (MXFP4)</i>
----------------	------------------------------

Description

Quantizes float data to MXFP4 (microscaling FP4) format.

Usage

```
quantize_mxfp4(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
```

Arguments

src_data	Numeric vector of float values to quantize
n_rows	Number of rows
n_per_row	Number of elements per row
imatrix	Optional importance matrix (numeric vector or NULL)

Value

Raw vector of quantized data

See Also

Other quantization: [dequantize_row_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_mxfp4\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q2_K\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q4_0\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_tq1_0\(\)](#), [ggml_quant_block_info\(\)](#), [iq2xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq2xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [quantize_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [quantize_q2_K\(\)](#), [quantize_q4_0\(\)](#), [quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_mxfp4_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q2_K_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q4_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_tq1_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_tq1_0\(\)](#)

quantize_q2_K	<i>Quantize Data (K-quants)</i>
---------------	---------------------------------

Description

Quantizes float data to K-quant format with optional importance matrix. K-quants provide better quality/size tradeoffs than basic quants.

Usage

```
quantize_q2_K(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
```

```
quantize_q3_K(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
```

```
quantize_q4_K(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
```

```
quantize_q5_K(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
```

```
quantize_q6_K(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
```

Arguments

src_data	Numeric vector of float values to quantize
n_rows	Number of rows
n_per_row	Number of elements per row
imatrix	Optional importance matrix (numeric vector or NULL)

Value

Raw vector of quantized data

See Also

Other quantization: [dequantize_row_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_mxfp4\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q2_K\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q4_0\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_tq1_0\(\)](#), [ggml_quant_block_info\(\)](#), [iq2xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq2xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [quantize_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [quantize_mxfp4\(\)](#), [quantize_q4_0\(\)](#), [quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_mxfp4_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q2_K_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q4_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_tq1_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_tq1_0\(\)](#)

quantize_q4_0	<i>Quantize Data (Q4_0)</i>
---------------	-----------------------------

Description

Quantizes float data to Q4_0 format with optional importance matrix.

Usage

```
quantize_q4_0(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
```

```
quantize_q4_1(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
```

```
quantize_q5_0(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
```

```
quantize_q5_1(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
```

```
quantize_q8_0(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
```

Arguments

src_data	Numeric vector of float values to quantize
n_rows	Number of rows
n_per_row	Number of elements per row
imatrix	Optional importance matrix (numeric vector or NULL)

Value

Raw vector of quantized data

See Also

Other quantization: [dequantize_row_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_mxfp4\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q2_K\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q4_0\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_tq1_0\(\)](#), [ggml_quant_block_info\(\)](#), [iq2xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq2xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [quantize_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [quantize_mxfp4\(\)](#), [quantize_q2_K\(\)](#), [quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_mxfp4_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q2_K_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q4_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_tq1_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_tq1_0\(\)](#)

quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref

Quantize Row Reference (IQ)

Description

Basic row-level IQ quantization.

Usage

quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref(src_data, n_elements)

quantize_row_iq4_n1_ref(src_data, n_elements)

quantize_row_iq4_xs_ref(src_data, n_elements)

quantize_row_iq3_s_ref(src_data, n_elements)

quantize_row_iq2_s_ref(src_data, n_elements)

Arguments

src_data Numeric vector of float values to quantize

n_elements Number of elements to quantize

Value

Raw vector of quantized data

See Also

Other quantization: [dequantize_row_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_mxfp4\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q2_K\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q4_0\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_tq1_0\(\)](#), [ggml_quant_block_info\(\)](#), [iq2xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq2xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [quantize_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [quantize_mxfp4\(\)](#), [quantize_q2_K\(\)](#), [quantize_q4_0\(\)](#), [quantize_row_mxfp4_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q2_K_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q4_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_tq1_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_tq1_0\(\)](#)

quantize_row_mxfp4_ref

Quantize Row Reference (MXFP4)

Description

Basic row-level MXFP4 quantization.

Usage

```
quantize_row_mxfp4_ref(src_data, n_elements)
```

Arguments

src_data	Numeric vector of float values to quantize
n_elements	Number of elements to quantize

Value

Raw vector of quantized data

See Also

Other quantization: [dequantize_row_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_mxfp4\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q2_K\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q4_0\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_tq1_0\(\)](#), [ggml_quant_block_info\(\)](#), [iq2xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq2xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [quantize_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [quantize_mxfp4\(\)](#), [quantize_q2_K\(\)](#), [quantize_q4_0\(\)](#), [quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q2_K_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q4_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_tq1_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_tq1_0\(\)](#)

`quantize_row_q2_K_ref` *Quantize Row Reference (K-quants)*

Description

Basic row-level K-quant quantization without importance matrix.

Usage

```
quantize_row_q2_K_ref(src_data, n_elements)
quantize_row_q3_K_ref(src_data, n_elements)
quantize_row_q4_K_ref(src_data, n_elements)
quantize_row_q5_K_ref(src_data, n_elements)
quantize_row_q6_K_ref(src_data, n_elements)
quantize_row_q8_K_ref(src_data, n_elements)
```

Arguments

src_data	Numeric vector of float values to quantize
n_elements	Number of elements to quantize

Value

Raw vector of quantized data

See Also

Other quantization: [dequantize_row_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_mxfp4\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q2_K\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q4_0\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_tq1_0\(\)](#), [ggml_quant_block_info\(\)](#), [iq2xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq2xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [quantize_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [quantize_mxfp4\(\)](#), [quantize_q2_K\(\)](#), [quantize_q4_0\(\)](#), [quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_mxfp4_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q4_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_tq1_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_tq1_0\(\)](#)

[quantize_row_q4_0_ref](#) *Quantize Row Reference (Basic)*

Description

Basic row-level quantization without importance matrix. These are reference implementations.

Usage

[quantize_row_q4_0_ref\(src_data, n_elements\)](#)

[quantize_row_q4_1_ref\(src_data, n_elements\)](#)

[quantize_row_q5_0_ref\(src_data, n_elements\)](#)

[quantize_row_q5_1_ref\(src_data, n_elements\)](#)

[quantize_row_q8_0_ref\(src_data, n_elements\)](#)

[quantize_row_q8_1_ref\(src_data, n_elements\)](#)

Arguments

<code>src_data</code>	Numeric vector of float values to quantize
<code>n_elements</code>	Number of elements to quantize

Value

Raw vector of quantized data

See Also

Other quantization: [dequantize_row_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_mxfp4\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q2_K\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q4_0\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_tq1_0\(\)](#), [ggml_quant_block_info\(\)](#), [iq2xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq2xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [quantize_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [quantize_mxfp4\(\)](#), [quantize_q2_K\(\)](#), [quantize_q4_0\(\)](#), [quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_mxfp4_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q2_K_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_tq1_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_tq1_0\(\)](#)

 quantize_row_tq1_0_ref

Quantize Row Reference (Ternary)

Description

Basic row-level ternary quantization.

Usage

```
quantize_row_tq1_0_ref(src_data, n_elements)
```

```
quantize_row_tq2_0_ref(src_data, n_elements)
```

Arguments

src_data	Numeric vector of float values to quantize
n_elements	Number of elements to quantize

Value

Raw vector of quantized data

See Also

Other quantization: [dequantize_row_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_mxfp4\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q2_K\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q4_0\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_tq1_0\(\)](#), [ggml_quant_block_info\(\)](#), [iq2xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq2xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [quantize_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [quantize_mxfp4\(\)](#), [quantize_q2_K\(\)](#), [quantize_q4_0\(\)](#), [quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_mxfp4_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q2_K_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q4_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_tq1_0\(\)](#)

 quantize_tq1_0

Quantize Data (Ternary)

Description

Quantizes float data to ternary format with optional importance matrix.

Usage

```
quantize_tq1_0(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
```

```
quantize_tq2_0(src_data, n_rows, n_per_row, imatrix = NULL)
```

Arguments

src_data	Numeric vector of float values to quantize
n_rows	Number of rows
n_per_row	Number of elements per row
imatrix	Optional importance matrix (numeric vector or NULL)

Value

Raw vector of quantized data

See Also

Other quantization: [dequantize_row_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_mxfp4\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q2_K\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_q4_0\(\)](#), [dequantize_row_tq1_0\(\)](#), [ggml_quant_block_info\(\)](#), [iq2xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq2xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_free_impl\(\)](#), [iq3xs_init_impl\(\)](#), [quantize_iq2_xxs\(\)](#), [quantize_mxfp4\(\)](#), [quantize_q2_K\(\)](#), [quantize_q4_0\(\)](#), [quantize_row_iq3_xxs_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_mxfp4_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q2_K_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_q4_0_ref\(\)](#), [quantize_row_tq1_0_ref\(\)](#)

rope_types

RoPE Mode Constants

Description

RoPE (Rotary Position Embedding) Type Constants

Usage

GGML_ROPE_TYPE_NORM
GGML_ROPE_TYPE_NEOX
GGML_ROPE_TYPE_MROPE
GGML_ROPE_TYPE_VISION

Format

Integer constants
An object of class integer of length 1.
An object of class integer of length 1.
An object of class integer of length 1.

Details

Constants for RoPE (Rotary Position Embedding) modes used in transformer models. Different models use different RoPE implementations.

- GGML_ROPE_TYPE_NORM (0): Standard RoPE as in original paper (LLaMA, Mistral)
- GGML_ROPE_TYPE_NEOX (2): GPT-NeoX style RoPE with different interleaving
- GGML_ROPE_TYPE_MROPE (8): Multi-RoPE for multimodal models (Qwen2-VL)
- GGML_ROPE_TYPE_VISION (24): Vision model RoPE variant

Value

An integer constant representing a RoPE type

Examples

```
GGML_ROPE_TYPE_NORM # 0 - Standard RoPE (LLaMA, Mistral)
GGML_ROPE_TYPE_NEOX # 2 - GPT-NeoX style
GGML_ROPE_TYPE_MROPE # 8 - Multi-RoPE (Qwen2-VL)
GGML_ROPE_TYPE_VISION # 24 - Vision models
```

```
summary.ggml_sequential_model
```

```
Summary method for ggml_sequential_model
```

Description

Prints a detailed summary including input shape, layer details, trainable/non-trainable parameter counts, and memory estimate.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ggml_sequential_model'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	A ggml_sequential_model object
...	Additional arguments (ignored)

Value

The model object (invisibly).

with_grad_tape	<i>Run code with gradient tape enabled</i>
----------------	--

Description

Records all `ag_*` operations inside `expr` for later `backward()`. When the default device is "gpu", the ggml context is reset at the start of each tape.

Usage

```
with_grad_tape(expr)
```

Arguments

`expr` Expression to evaluate under gradient tape

Value

Value of last expression in `expr` (invisibly)

Examples

```
w <- ag_param(matrix(c(1, 0, 0, 1), 2, 2))
x <- ag_tensor(matrix(c(1, 2), 2, 1))
y <- ag_tensor(matrix(c(1, 2), 2, 1))
with_grad_tape({
  out <- ag_matmul(w, x)
  loss <- ag_mse_loss(out, y)
})
backward(loss)
```

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