

# Package ‘deepnet’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Deep Learning Toolkit in R

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**Description** Implement some deep learning architectures and neural network algorithms, including BP,RBM,DBN,Deep autoencoder and so on.

**License** GPL

**NeedsCompilation** no

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## Contents

dbn.dnn.train . . . . .	2
load.mnist . . . . .	3
nn.predict . . . . .	3
nn.test . . . . .	4
nn.train . . . . .	5
rbm.down . . . . .	6
rbm.train . . . . .	7
rbm.up . . . . .	8
sae.dnn.train . . . . .	8

<b>Index</b>	<b>10</b>
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 dbn.dnn.train

*Training a Deep neural network with weights initialized by DBN*


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## Description

Training a Deep neural network with weights initialized by DBN

## Usage

```
dbn.dnn.train(x, y, hidden = c(1), activationfun = "sigm", learningrate = 0.8,
  momentum = 0.5, learningrate_scale = 1, output = "sigm", numepochs = 3,
  batchsize = 100, hidden_dropout = 0, visible_dropout = 0, cd = 1)
```

## Arguments

x	matrix of x values for examples
y	vector or matrix of target values for examples
hidden	vector for number of units of hidden layers.Default is c(10).
activationfun	activation function of hidden unit.Can be "sigm","linear" or "tanh".Default is "sigm" for logistic function
learningrate	learning rate for gradient descent. Default is 0.8.
momentum	momentum for gradient descent. Default is 0.5 .
learningrate_scale	learning rate will be mutiplied by this scale after every iteration. Default is 1 .
numepochs	number of iteration for samples Default is 3.
batchsize	size of mini-batch. Default is 100.
output	function of output unit, can be "sigm","linear" or "softmax". Default is "sigm".
hidden_dropout	drop out fraction for hidden layer. Default is 0.
visible_dropout	drop out fraction for input layer Default is 0.
cd	number of iteration for Gibbs sample of CD algorithm.

## Author(s)

Xiao Rong

## Examples

```
Var1 <- c(rnorm(50, 1, 0.5), rnorm(50, -0.6, 0.2))
Var2 <- c(rnorm(50, -0.8, 0.2), rnorm(50, 2, 1))
x <- matrix(c(Var1, Var2), nrow = 100, ncol = 2)
y <- c(rep(1, 50), rep(0, 50))
dnn <- dbn.dnn.train(x, y, hidden = c(5, 5))
## predict by dnn
```

```
test_Var1 <- c(rnorm(50, 1, 0.5), rnorm(50, -0.6, 0.2))
test_Var2 <- c(rnorm(50, -0.8, 0.2), rnorm(50, 2, 1))
test_x <- matrix(c(test_Var1, test_Var2), nrow = 100, ncol = 2)
nn.test(dnn, test_x, y)
```

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`load.mnist`*Load MNIST DataSet*

---

**Description**

Load MNIST DataSet

**Usage**`load.mnist(dir)`**Arguments**`dir`                    dir of minst dataset**Value**

mnist dataset train\$n number of train samples train\$x pix of every train sample image train\$y label of every train sample image train\$yy one-of-c vector of label of train sample image test\$n number of test samples test\$x pix of every test sample image test\$y label of every test sample image test\$yy one-of-c vector of label of test sample image

**Author(s)**

Xiao Rong

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`nn.predict`*Predict new samples by Trained NN*

---

**Description**

Predict new samples by Trained NN

**Usage**`nn.predict(nn, x)`**Arguments**`nn`                    nerual network trained by function nn.train  
`x`                    new samples to predict

**Value**

return raw output value of neural network. For classification task, return the probability of a class

**Author(s)**

Xiao Rong

**Examples**

```
Var1 <- c(rnorm(50, 1, 0.5), rnorm(50, -0.6, 0.2))
Var2 <- c(rnorm(50, -0.8, 0.2), rnorm(50, 2, 1))
x <- matrix(c(Var1, Var2), nrow = 100, ncol = 2)
y <- c(rep(1, 50), rep(0, 50))
nn <- nn.train(x, y, hidden = c(5))
## predict by nn
test_Var1 <- c(rnorm(50, 1, 0.5), rnorm(50, -0.6, 0.2))
test_Var2 <- c(rnorm(50, -0.8, 0.2), rnorm(50, 2, 1))
test_x <- matrix(c(test_Var1, test_Var2), nrow = 100, ncol = 2)
yy <- nn.predict(nn, test_x)
```

---

nn.test

*Test new samples by Trained NN*

---

**Description**

Test new samples by Trained NN, return error rate for classification

**Usage**

```
nn.test(nn, x, y, t = 0.5)
```

**Arguments**

nn	neural network trained by function nn.train
x	new samples to predict
y	new samples' label
t	threshold for classification. If nn.predict value $\geq$ t then label 1, else label 0

**Value**

error rate

**Author(s)**

Xiao Rong

**Examples**

```

Var1 <- c(rnorm(50, 1, 0.5), rnorm(50, -0.6, 0.2))
Var2 <- c(rnorm(50, -0.8, 0.2), rnorm(50, 2, 1))
x <- matrix(c(Var1, Var2), nrow = 100, ncol = 2)
y <- c(rep(1, 50), rep(0, 50))
nn <- nn.train(x, y, hidden = c(5))
test_Var1 <- c(rnorm(50, 1, 0.5), rnorm(50, -0.6, 0.2))
test_Var2 <- c(rnorm(50, -0.8, 0.2), rnorm(50, 2, 1))
test_x <- matrix(c(test_Var1, test_Var2), nrow = 100, ncol = 2)
err <- nn.test(nn, test_x, y)

```

nn.train

*Training Neural Network***Description**

Training single or mutple hidden layers neural network by BP

**Usage**

```

nn.train(x, y, initW = NULL, initB = NULL, hidden = c(10), activationfun = "sigm",
  learningrate = 0.8, momentum = 0.5, learningrate_scale = 1, output = "sigm",
  numepochs = 3, batchsize = 100, hidden_dropout = 0, visible_dropout = 0)

```

**Arguments**

x	matrix of x values for examples
y	vector or matrix of target values for examples
initW	initial weights. If missing chosen at random
initB	initial bias. If missing chosen at random
hidden	vector for number of units of hidden layers.Default is c(10).
activationfun	activation function of hidden unit.Can be "sigm","linear" or "tanh".Default is "sigm" for logistic function
learningrate	learning rate for gradient descent. Default is 0.8.
momentum	momentum for gradient descent. Default is 0.5 .
learningrate_scale	learning rate will be mutiplied by this scale after every iteration. Default is 1 .
numepochs	number of iteration for samples Default is 3.
batchsize	size of mini-batch. Default is 100.
output	function of output unit, can be "sigm","linear" or "softmax". Default is "sigm".
hidden_dropout	drop out fraction for hidden layer. Default is 0.
visible_dropout	drop out fraction for input layer Default is 0.

**Author(s)**

Xiao Rong

**Examples**

```
Var1 <- c(rnorm(50, 1, 0.5), rnorm(50, -0.6, 0.2))
Var2 <- c(rnorm(50, -0.8, 0.2), rnorm(50, 2, 1))
x <- matrix(c(Var1, Var2), nrow = 100, ncol = 2)
y <- c(rep(1, 50), rep(0, 50))
nn <- nn.train(x, y, hidden = c(5))
```

---

`rbm.down`*Generate visible vector by hidden units states*

---

**Description**

Generate visible vector by hidden units states

**Usage**`rbm.down(rbm, h)`**Arguments**

<code>rbm</code>	an rbm object trained by function <code>train.rbm</code>
<code>h</code>	hidden units states

**Value**

generated visible vector

**Author(s)**

Xiao Rong

**Examples**

```
Var1 <- c(rep(1, 50), rep(0, 50))
Var2 <- c(rep(0, 50), rep(1, 50))
x3 <- matrix(c(Var1, Var2), nrow = 100, ncol = 2)
r1 <- rbm.train(x3, 3, numepochs = 20, cd = 10)
h <- c(0.2, 0.8, 0.1)
v <- rbm.down(r1, h)
```

---

rbm.train                      *Training a RBM(restricted Boltzmann Machine)*

---

## Description

Training a RBM(restricted Boltzmann Machine)

## Usage

```
rbm.train(x, hidden, numepochs = 3, batchsize = 100, learningrate = 0.8,  
          learningrate_scale = 1, momentum = 0.5, visible_type = "bin", hidden_type = "bin",  
          cd = 1)
```

## Arguments

x	matrix of x values for examples
hidden	number of hidden units
visible_type	activation function of input unit.Only support "sigm" now
hidden_type	activation function of hidden unit.Only support "sigm" now
learningrate	learning rate for gradient descent. Default is 0.8.
momentum	momentum for gradient descent. Default is 0.5 .
learningrate_scale	learning rate will be mutiplied by this scale after every iteration. Default is 1 .
numepochs	number of iteration for samples Default is 3.
batchsize	size of mini-batch. Default is 100.
cd	number of iteration for Gibbs sample of CD algorithm.

## Author(s)

Xiao Rong

## Examples

```
Var1 <- c(rep(1, 50), rep(0, 50))  
Var2 <- c(rep(0, 50), rep(1, 50))  
x3 <- matrix(c(Var1, Var2), nrow = 100, ncol = 2)  
r1 <- rbm.train(x3, 10, numepochs = 20, cd = 10)
```

rbm.up *Infer hidden units state by visible units*

---

### Description

Infer hidden units states by visible units

### Usage

```
rbm.up(rbm, v)
```

### Arguments

rbm            an rbm object trained by function train.rbm  
v              visible units states

### Value

hidden units states

### Author(s)

Xiao Rong

### Examples

```
Var1 <- c(rep(1, 50), rep(0, 50))  
Var2 <- c(rep(0, 50), rep(1, 50))  
x3 <- matrix(c(Var1, Var2), nrow = 100, ncol = 2)  
r1 <- rbm.train(x3, 3, numepochs = 20, cd = 10)  
v <- c(0.2, 0.8)  
h <- rbm.up(r1, v)
```

---

sae.dnn.train *Training a Deep neural network with weights initialized by Stacked AutoEncoder*

---

### Description

Training a Deep neural network with weights initialized by Stacked AutoEncoder

### Usage

```
sae.dnn.train(x, y, hidden = c(1), activationfun = "sigm", learningrate = 0.8,  
momentum = 0.5, learningrate_scale = 1, output = "sigm", sae_output = "linear",  
numepochs = 3, batchsize = 100, hidden_dropout = 0, visible_dropout = 0)
```



**Arguments**

x	matrix of x values for examples
y	vector or matrix of target values for examples
hidden	vector for number of units of hidden layers.Default is c(10).
activationfun	activation function of hidden unit.Can be "sigm","linear" or "tanh".Default is "sigm" for logistic function
learningrate	learning rate for gradient descent. Default is 0.8.
momentum	momentum for gradient descent. Default is 0.5 .
learningrate_scale	learning rate will be mutiplied by this scale after every iteration. Default is 1 .
numepochs	number of iteration for samples Default is 3.
batchsize	size of mini-batch. Default is 100.
output	function of output unit, can be "sigm","linear" or "softmax". Default is "sigm".
sae_output	function of autoencoder output unit, can be "sigm","linear" or "softmax". Default is "linear".
hidden_dropout	drop out fraction for hidden layer. Default is 0.
visible_dropout	drop out fraction for input layer Default is 0.

**Author(s)**

Xiao Rong

**Examples**

```

Var1 <- c(rnorm(50, 1, 0.5), rnorm(50, -0.6, 0.2))
Var2 <- c(rnorm(50, -0.8, 0.2), rnorm(50, 2, 1))
x <- matrix(c(Var1, Var2), nrow = 100, ncol = 2)
y <- c(rep(1, 50), rep(0, 50))
dnn <- sae.dnn.train(x, y, hidden = c(5, 5))
## predict by dnn
test_Var1 <- c(rnorm(50, 1, 0.5), rnorm(50, -0.6, 0.2))
test_Var2 <- c(rnorm(50, -0.8, 0.2), rnorm(50, 2, 1))
test_x <- matrix(c(test_Var1, test_Var2), nrow = 100, ncol = 2)
nn.test(dnn, test_x, y)

```

# Index

`dbn.dnn.train`, 2

`load.mnist`, 3

`nn.predict`, 3

`nn.test`, 4

`nn.train`, 5

`rbm.down`, 6

`rbm.train`, 7

`rbm.up`, 8

`sae.dnn.train`, 8