

# Package ‘JPEN’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Covariance and Inverse Covariance Matrix Estimation Using Joint Penalty

**Version** 1.0

**Date** 2015-08-20

**Author** Ashwini Maurya

**Maintainer** Ashwini Maurya <mauryaas@msu.edu>

**Description** A Joint PENalty Estimation of Covariance and Inverse Covariance Matrices.

**Depends** mvtnorm(>= 1.0-2), stats(>= 2.15.0),

**License** GPL-2

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Repository** CRAN

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JPEN-package	<i>Covariance and Inverse Covariance Matrix Estimation Using Joint Penalty</i>
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### Description

A Joint PENAlty Estimation of Covariance and Inverse Covariance Matrices.

### Details

The DESCRIPTION file:

```

Package:      JPEN
Type:         Package
Title:        Covariance and Inverse Covariance Matrix Estimation Using Joint Penalty
Version:      1.0
Date:         2015-08-20
Author:       Ashwini Maurya
Maintainer:   Ashwini Maurya <mauryaas@msu.edu>
Description:  A Joint PENAlty Estimation of Covariance and Inverse Covariance Matrices.
Depends:      mvtnorm(>= 1.0-2), stats(>= 2.15.0),
License:      GPL-2

```

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jpen	JPEN Estimate of covariance matrix
jpen.inv	JPEN estimate of inverse cov matrix
jpen.inv.tune	Tuning parameter Selection for inverse covariance matrix estimation based on minimization of Gaussian log-likelihood.
jpen.tune	Tuning parameter selection based on minimization of 5 fold mean square error.
lamvec	returns a vector of values of lambda for given value of gamma
tr	Trace of matrix

### Author(s)

Ashwini Maurya, Email: mauryaas@msu.edu. Ashwini Maurya Maintainer: Ashwini Maurya <mauryaas@msu.edu>

**References**

A Well Conditioned and Sparse Estimate of Covariance and Inverse Covariance Matrix Using Joint Penalty. Submitted. <http://arxiv.org/pdf/1412.7907v2.pdf>

**See Also**

jpen,jpen.inv

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f.K.fold

*Subset the data into K fold, training and test data.*

---

**Description**

K-fold subsetting.

**Usage**

```
f.K.fold(Nobs, K = 5)
```

**Arguments**

Nobs            n is number of observations  
K                K is number of folds, typically 5 fold.

**Details**

K-fold subset of observations into training and test data.

**Value**

Returns the index for K-fold training and test data subsets.

**Author(s)**

Ashwini Maurya, Email: [mauryaas@msu.edu](mailto:mauryaas@msu.edu)

**References**

A Well Conditioned and Sparse Estimate of Covariance and Inverse Covariance Matrix Using Joint Penalty. Submitted. <http://arxiv.org/pdf/1412.7907v2.pdf>

**Examples**

```
n=100;K=5;cv=f.K.fold(n,K);
```

---

jpen

*JPEN Estimate of covariance matrix*

---

### Description

Estimate of covariance Matrix using Joint Penalty Method

### Usage

```
jpen(S, gam, lam=NULL)
```

### Arguments

S	Sample covariance matrix.
gam	Tuning parameter gamma. gam is non-negative.
lam	Tuning parameter lambda. lam is non-negative.

### Details

This function returns an estimate of covariance matrix using Joint Penalty method.

### Value

Estimate of Covariance Matrix.

### Author(s)

Ashwini Maurya, Email: mauryaas@msu.edu

### References

A Well Conditioned and Sparse Estimate of Covariance and Inverse Covariance Matrix Using Joint Penalty. Submitted. <http://arxiv.org/pdf/1412.7907v2.pdf>

### See Also

jpen.tune, jpen.inv

### Examples

```
p=10;n=100;
Sig=diag(p);
y=rmvnorm(n,mean=rep(0,p),sigma=Sig);
gam=1.0;S=var(y);
lam=2/p;
Sihat=jpen(S,gam,lam);
```

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jpen.inv	<i>JPEN estimate of inverse cov matrix</i>
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---

**Description**

A well conditioned and sparse estimate of inverse covariance matrix using Joint Penalty

**Usage**

```
jpen.inv(S, gam, lam=NULL)
```

**Arguments**

S	Sample cov matrix or a positive definite estimate based on covariance matrix.
gam	gam is tuning parameter for eigenvalues shrinkage.
lam	lam is tuning parameter for sparsity.

**Details**

Estimates a well conditioned and sparse inverse covariance matrix using Joint Penalty. If input matrix is singular or nearly singular, a JPEN estimate of covariance matrix is used in place of S.

**Value**

Returns a well conditioned and positive inverse covariance matrix.

**Author(s)**

Ashwini Maurya, Email: mauryaas@msu.edu.

**References**

A Well Conditioned and Sparse Estimate of Covariance and Inverse Covariance Matrix Using Joint Penalty. Submitted. <http://arxiv.org/pdf/1412.7907v2.pdf>

**See Also**

jpen,jpen.tune,jpen.inv.tune

**Examples**

```
p=10;n=100;  
Sig=diag(p);  
y=rmvnorm(n,mean=rep(0,p),sigma=Sig);  
S=var(y);  
gam=1.0;  
lam=2*max(abs(S[col(S)!=row(S)]))/p;  
Omghat=jpen.inv(var(y),gam,lam);
```

---

jpen.inv.tune	<i>Tuning parameter Selection for inverse covariance matrix estimation based on minimization of Gaussian log-likelihood.</i>
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**Description**

Returns optimal values of tuning parameters lambda and gamma

**Usage**

```
jpen.inv.tune(Ytr, gama, lambda=NULL)
```

**Arguments**

Ytr	Ytr is matrix of observations.
gama	A vector of gamma values.
lambda	Optional vector of values of lambda. If optional, the algorithm automatically calculates 10 values of lambda for each gamma and finds the optimal values of (lambda,gamma) that minimizes the negative of Gaussian likelihood function using K-fold cross validation.

**Details**

Returns the value of optimal tuning parameters. The function uses K-fold cross validation to select the best tuning parameter from among a set of values of lambda and gamma.

**Value**

Returns the optimal values of lambda and gamma.

**Author(s)**

Ashwini Maurya, Email: mauryaas@msu.edu.

**References**

A Well Conditioned and Sparse Estimate of Covariance and Inverse Covariance Matrix Using Joint Penalty. Submitted. <http://arxiv.org/pdf/1412.7907v2.pdf>

**See Also**

jpen

**Examples**

```
p=10;n=100;
Sig=diag(p);
y=rmvnorm(n,mean=rep(0,p),sigma=Sig);
gama=c(0.5,1.0);
opt=jpen.inv.tune(var(y),gama);
```

---

jpen.tune	<i>Tuning parameter selection based on minimization of 5 fold mean square error.</i>
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---

**Description**

Returns optimal values of tuning parameters lambda and gamma which minimizes the K-fold cross-validation error on

**Usage**

```
jpen.tune(Ytr, gama, lambda=NULL)
```

**Arguments**

Ytr	Ytr is matrix of observations.
gama	gama is vector of gamma values. gamma is non-negative.
lambda	lambda is vector of lambda values. lambda is non-negative.

**Details**

Returns the value of optimal tuning parameters. The function uses K-fold cross validation to select the best tuning parameter from among a set of values of lambda and gamma.

**Value**

Returns the optimal values of lambda and gamma.

**Author(s)**

Ashwini Maurya, Email: mauryaas@msu.edu.

**References**

A Well Conditioned and Sparse Estimate of Covariance and Inverse Covariance Matrix Using Joint Penalty. Submitted. <http://arxiv.org/pdf/1412.7907v2.pdf>

**See Also**

jpen

**Examples**

```
p=10;n=100;
Sig=diag(p);
y=rmvnorm(n,mean=rep(0,p),sigma=Sig);
gama=c(0.5,1.0);
opt=jpen.tune(Ytr=y,gama);
```

---

lamvec

*returns a vector of values of lambda for given value of gamma*


---

**Description**

returns 10 values of lambda for each gamma.

**Usage**

```
lamvec(c, gam, p)
```

**Arguments**

c	c is absolute maximum of off-diagonal entries of sample covariance matrix.
gam	gamma is a non-negative constant.
p	p is number of rows/columns of matrix.

**Details**

The lamvec function returns a 10 values of lambda for each value of gamma. A larger value of lambda yields sparse estimate but need not be positive definite, however at least one combination of (lambda, gamma) will yield a positive definite solution. If two different combination of (lambda, gamma) yields same cross validation error, a larger values of lambda will be selected which results in more sparse solution.

**Value**

A vector of values of lambda for each combination of gama. By choosing c as the maximum of off-diagonal elements of sample covariance matrix, the largest value of lambda yields an estimate which diagonal matrix with elements proportional to the diagonal elements of sample covariance matrix.

**Author(s)**

Ashwini Maurya, Email: mauryaas@msu.edu

**References**

A Well Conditioned and Sparse Estimate of Covariance and Inverse Covariance Matrix Using Joint Penalty. Submitted. <http://arxiv.org/pdf/1412.7907v2.pdf>

**See Also**

jpen, jpen.inv, jpen.tune, jpen.tune.inv

**Examples**

```
p=10;n=100;Sig=diag(p);
y=rmvnorm(n,mean=rep(0,p),sigma=Sig);
gam=c(0.5);
S=var(y);
c=max(abs(S[row(S)!=col(S)]));
lambda=lamvec(c,gam,p);
```

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tr	<i>Trace of matrix</i>
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**Description**

Returns the trace of a matrix

**Usage**

```
tr(A)
```

**Arguments**

A                    A is the input matrix.

**Details**

Returns the trace (sum of diagonal elements )of input matrix).

**Value**

Trace of input matrix.

**Author(s)**

Ashwini Maurya, Email: mauryaas@msu.edu

**References**

A Well Conditioned and Sparse Estimate of Covariance and Inverse Covariance Matrix Using Joint Penalty. Submitted. <http://arxiv.org/pdf/1412.7907v2.pdf>

**Examples**

```
p=10;n=100;Sig=diag(p);
y=rmvnorm(n,mean=rep(0,p),sigma=Sig);
S=var(y);
tr(S);
```

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